PRICED AND ILLUSTRATED

CATALOGUE

OF

PHYSICAL INSTRUMENTS

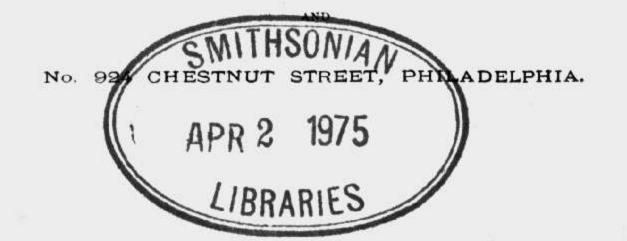
AND

SCHOOL APPARATUS,

MADE, IMPORTED, AND SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,

No. 601 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,



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PREFACE TO TWENTY-FIRST EDITION.

THE great changes in the mode of illustrating various laws of physical science, as well as the discovery of many new laws to be illustrated, have demanded of us a more thorough classification and complete list of such instruments as are now available for these purposes.

We have endeavored, in the present manual, to present such a list, arranged, so far as practicable, in a strictly scientific order. In all cases where it seemed necessary, we have illustrated the *style* of our instruments by a wood-cut.

The growing importance of Spectrum Analysis, and, also, the method of illustrating physical laws by optical projection, warrant us in calling particular attention to the chapter on Optics. The instrument for projection there described is the same, essentially, as that mentioned in the *American Journal* for August, 1868, and has been thoroughly tested in every way.

We have appended to our list of Physical Instruments, besides a list of Chemical Apparatus, a list of the celebrated Auzoux's Anatomical Models, which are gradually and deservedly making their way into many of our best institutions of learning; and also of the less known but still excellent ones of Böck and Steger.

While it will be our aim to keep as nearly a complete stock of the instruments described in this manual as possible, we shall devote particular attention to keeping always a full line of those goods which are in constant and general use in the class and lecture room. Orders for instruments for special uses, or for those not in stock, will be promptly attended to.

We trust that this effort to place before our friends and patrons a more complete list of strictly first-class physical apparatus will meet their approval.

JAMES W. QUEEN & Co.

JUNE 11th, 1874.

CATALOGUE

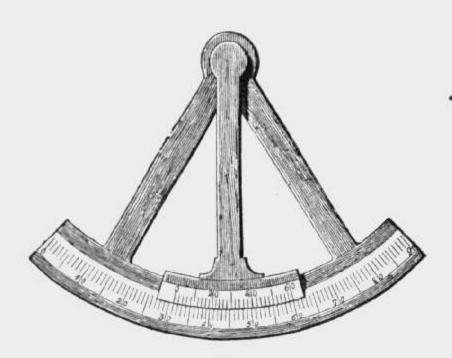
OF

PHYSICAL INSTRUMENTS

CHAPTER I.

Instruments Illustrating the Essential Relations of Matter and Force.

SECTION I .- ON MEASUREMENT.



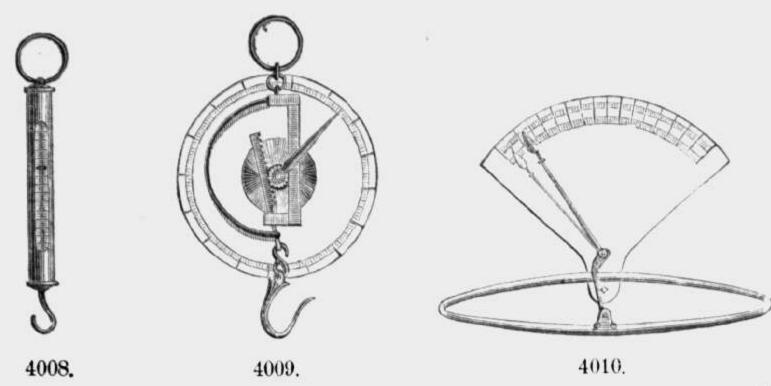
4004.

No.		PRICE
4000.	Metre and Yard. Square rod of wood with metal tips, having the metre and the yard with their subdivisions on adjacent sides	\$ 5 00
	Steel Tape. Six feet in length, divided on one side into feet and inches, on the other into millimetres	3 00
4002.	Card-Board Rule. Half a metre in length, accurately divided to millimetres on one edge, and inches and subdivisions on the other	1 00
	Model of Vernier. Straight form, of white-wood, one metre in length	10 00
	Model of Vernier. Of white-wood, arc of circle, one metre in diameter	20 00
4005.	Spherometer. To measure exceedingly small thicknesses of solid films.	50 00
4006.	Cathetometer. To measure small differences of level in liquids, at a distance from the observed column. German form	52 50

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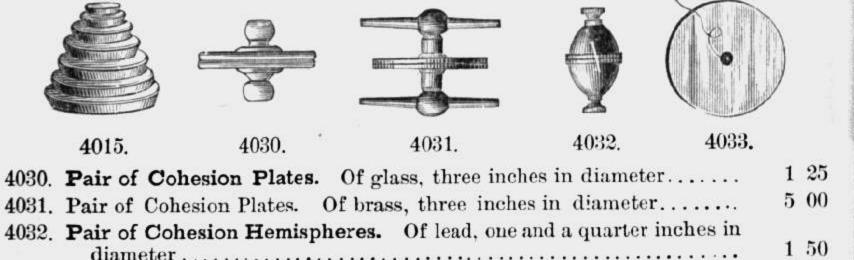
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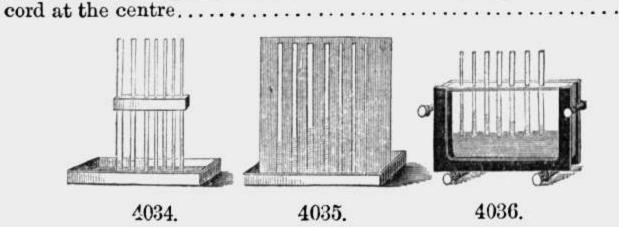


		PR	CICE
4008.	Leroy's Dynamometer, or Spring Balance. 12 inches long, for measurement of weights up to twenty-five pounds	\$ 5	00
4009.	Spring Balance, with dial. For measurement of weights up to twenty pounds	15	00
4010.	Regnier's Dynamometer. For measurement of powerful forces or weights	100	00
4011.	Delicate Balance. For the measurement of weights under half a pound. Turns with the ½ of a milligramme, in glass case	. 50	00
4015.	Set of Weights. Avoirdupois, four pounds to ½ ounce, in nest, of brass	9	00
4016.	Set of Weights. Troy, ten ounces to ½ grain	9	00
	Set of Weights. Apothecary, one troy-ounce to ‡ grain, in mahogany case, velvet-lined	2	75
4018.	Set of Weights. Apothecary, from 1,000 grains to 10 grain	7	00
	Set of Weights. From 50 grammes to one milligramme, finely finished, in mahogany box, with forceps	16	00

SECTION II.—MOLECULAR FORCES.



1 25



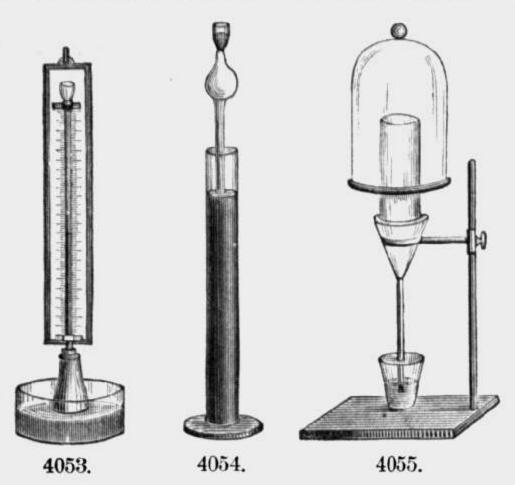
4033. Adhesion Disc. Of glass, three inches in diameter, supported by a silk

NEW TOOLS IN THE PROPERTY OF T

MOLECULAR FORCES.	3
4034. Capillary Tubes. Set of six, in wooden frame, with tin water-pan.	PRICE \$1 50
4035. Capillary Tubes. Set of six, mounted on a tin frame, with water-pan attached	2 50
4036. Capillary Tubes. Set of six, mounted in a glass cell with brase	2 00
damps, for the projection of the phenomenon upon a screen 4037. Capillary Plates. A pair, four inches square, of thick, polished plate.	5 00
glass, with brass clamps and a glass water-cell	5 00
4038. Capillary Plates. A pair, four inches square, of thick, polished plate- glass, with brass clamps and metal pan, arranged for projection	5 00
	-
4039.	
 4039. Cohesion Figures. A series of wire forms, or skeletons, representing the tetrahedron, cube, globe, cylinder, square pyramid, and hexagon, with supports; and a gallon vessel of glass, to be filled with Plateau's mixture of glycerine. 4040. Geometrical Forms. Oblate spheroid, prolate spheroid, sphere, hemisphere, triangular prism, hexagonal prism, cylinder, pyramid and 	8 00
frustum, cone and frustum, cubes, parallelopiped, &c., made of white-wood, and neatly finished	5 00
4041. Geometrical Forms. Similar to No. 4040, but larger, and made of	
4042. Models of Crystals. Set of twenty-five forms, of glass, contained in a neat box, about 13 inches by 9, with velvet fitting. The separate pieces vary from one and a quarter inches square, for the cube, to two and a half inches long, for the hexagonal prism; and form altogether the neatest and best set yet devised. The forms are as follows: 1, cube; 2, octahedron; 3, tetrahedron; 4, dodecahedron; 5, pentagonal dodecahedron; 6, trapezohedron; 7 and 8, cube with truncated corners; 9, cube with truncated edges; 10, right-square prism with truncated corners; 11, right-square prism with truncated edges; 12 and 13, square octahedra; 14, rhombic octahedron; 15 and 16, truncated rhombic prisms; 17, rhomboidal prism; 18, obtuse rhombohedron; 19, acute rhombohedron; 20, hexagonal prism; 21, 22, 23, truncated hexagonal prisms; 24, double hexagonal pyramid; and 25, scalene dodecahedron.	12 50 20 00

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PRICE

\$6 00

5 00

5 00

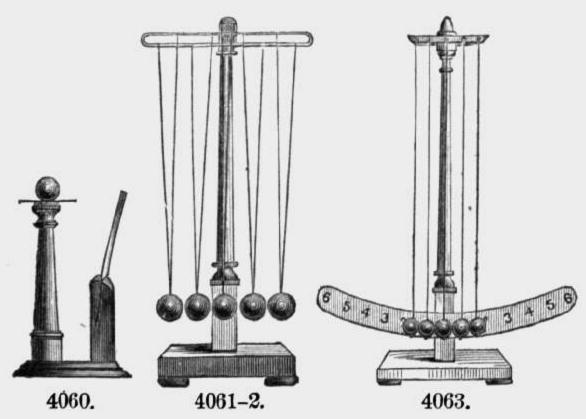
37 50

4. Graham's Diffusiometer. Consisting of a vase for mercury, a glass tube with a ball, and narrow neck, closed by a plug of plaster of Paris.

4055. Beclard's Endosmeter. Consists of a glass funnel, to which is cemented a porous cup, supported on a firm stand; a bell-glass, and a cup for fluid, accompany the instrument......

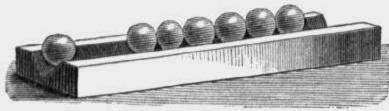
4056. Oersted's Apparatus for compression of fluids. Consisting of a strong glass cylinder, sixteen inches high by two and three quarters in diameter, with heavy metal base, and cap as shown in the cut. (See p. 5.) A tube with recurved neck, and a metal scale enclosed in the main tube, serve for the registering apparatus......

SECTION III.—ON IMPACT.



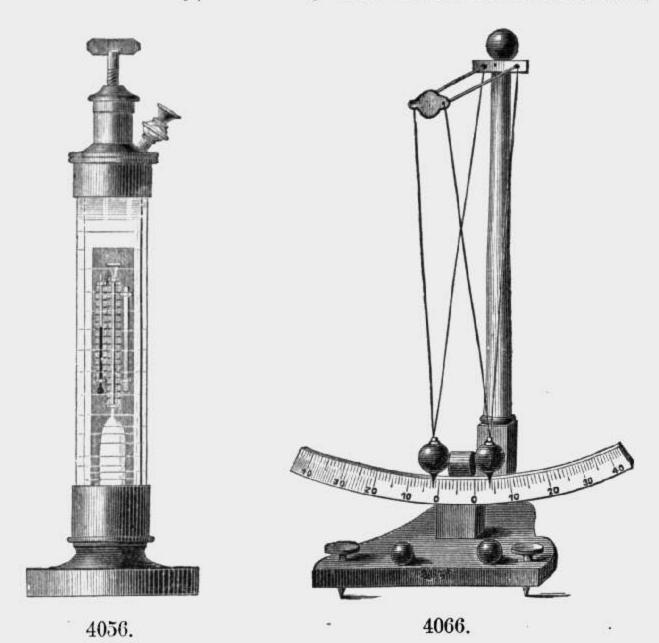
4060 Inertia Apparatus. Mahogany stand, with spring, card and ball.... 1 75

4061.	Collision Balls. Set of five highly elastic balls, one and a half inches in diameter, mounted with double cords on a mahogany frame,	PRICE
	thirty inches high	\$6 00
4062.	Collision Balls. Set of five ivory balls, one and a quarter inches in diameter, mounted with double cords on a mahogany frame, thirty	
	inches high	14 00
4063.	Collision Balls. Set of five imitation ivory balls of the highest attainable elasticity, two and a half inches in diameter, and accurately spherical, mounted with double cords on a strong	
	mahogany frame, three and a half feet high, with graduated arc	30 00



4064.

4064. Collision Balls. Set of seven glass balls, one and a half inches in diameter, with a groove in a mahogany base, one metre in length..
5 00
4065. Collision Plate. A slab of marble, one foot square, in wooden frame, and a ball of ivory, one and a quarter inches in diameter.......
8 00



4066. Complete Apparatus for the demonstration of the laws of impact, both in elastic and non-elastic bodies. Consists of a post of mahogany, three feet and a half high, with graduated arc; on a firm base of the same material, supporting by double cords of silk the

following:
1st. Two elastic balls, each two and a half inches in diameter, of precisely equal masses.

U.

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA. 6

PRICE

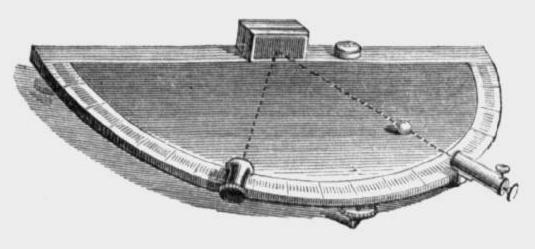
2d. One elastic ball, of exactly half the mass of each of the former. 2d. One elastic ball, of exactly one quarter the mass of the same.

4th. Two non-elastic balls, each two and a half inches in diameter, of exactly equal masses.

5th. One non-elastic ball, of exactly half the mass of each of the former.

A spring pistol is so adjusted on the base between the balls, as to strike both at the same instant with equal force. It can be removed entirely when necessary.....

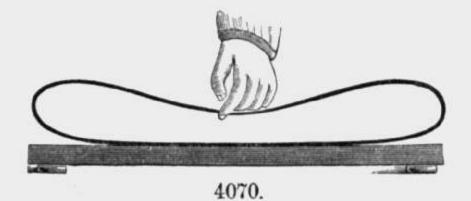
\$60 00



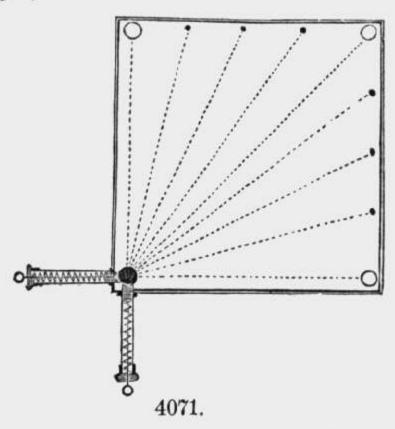
4069.

4069. Apparatus to Illustrate the Reflexion of Motion. Consisting of a semicircular table of cherry, a marble slab for reflector, a spring pistol, ivory ball, and pocket to catch the ball after the rebound. Edge of table graduated to show the relation between angles of incidence and reflexion.....

25 00



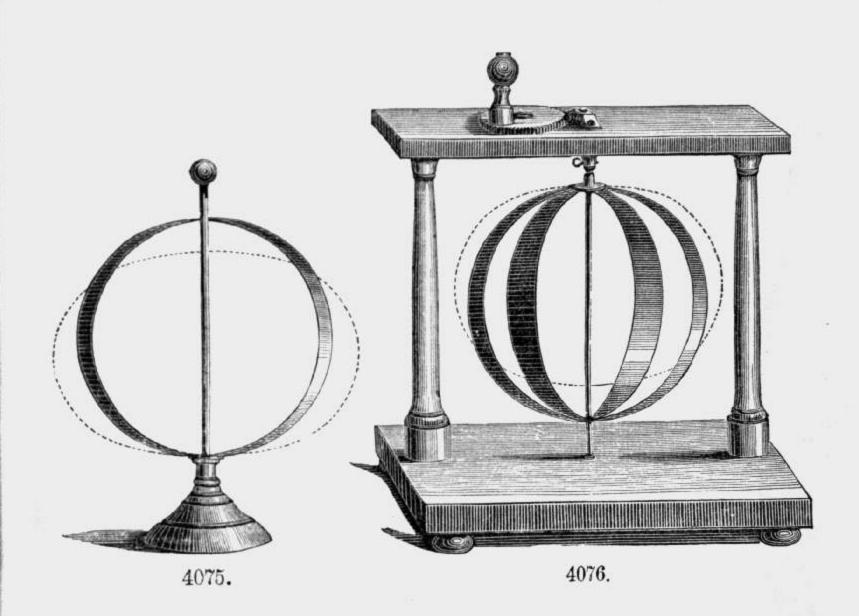
4070. Hoop of Brass, to illustrate the alternate expansion and contraction of an elastic body, when compressed and then set free. On base of 5 00 polished mahogany.....



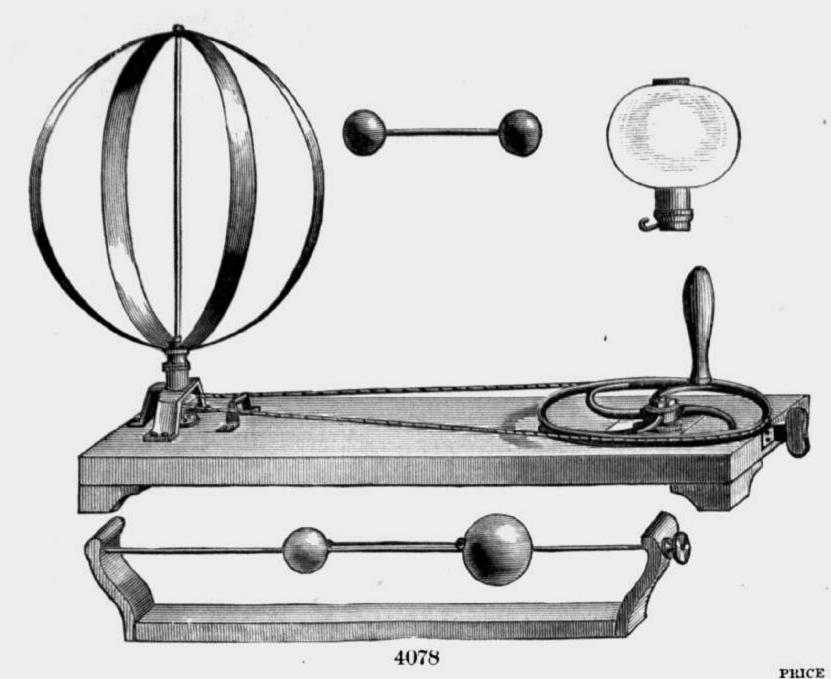
	INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING ROTARY OR TANGENTIAL FORCES.	7
	•	
1071	Resultant Table. A table of mahogany, eighteen inches square, with	PRICE
4011.	spring pistols and ball	\$10 00
4072.	Resultant Table. Same as preceding, but with an arrangement for drawing the pistols with any proportionate force, and for discharg-	
9	ing them simultaneously	30 00

SECTION IV.

INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING ROTARY OR TANGENTIAL FORCES.



	Whirling Machine. A single hoop of spring brass, nine inches in diameter, with spool and cord for spinning. On a firm base and vertical rod of iron	4 50
	Whirling Machine. Table, 15½ inches high, by 17 inches wide. Eight illustrations. Consisting of double hoop of spring brass; a globe, oblate spheroid, prolate spheroid, and double cone of wood; a ring and a chain of brass, and a glass vessel containing mercury and a colored fluid	12 00
4077.	Prismatic Cylinder. Of wood, four inches in diameter and covered with paper of the seven primary colors. To be attached to whirling machine No. 4076	3 00



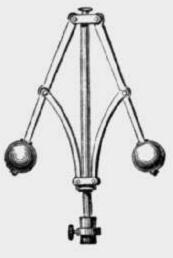
4078. Whirling Table. A strong base of mahogany, three and a half feet long, with iron driving-wheel, metallic spindles, accurately ground to their fittings, screw arrangement for tightening or loosening the cord and screw attachments, with key for fastening to the spindle:

1st. Double brass ring, twelve inches in diameter.

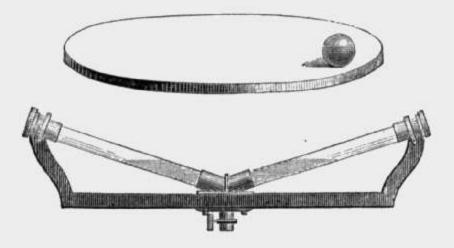
2d. Vase, open, for mercury, water, and other fluids of varying density.

3d. A strong mahogany frame, on which is stretched a wire, two equal balls connected by a tube, and two unequal ones connected by a strong rubber cord.

4th. A heavy ring of brass, from the top of which may be suspended a brass chain or ring, or wooden figures, as in No. 4076. \$40 00 Or finally, any of the following apparatus for rotation:



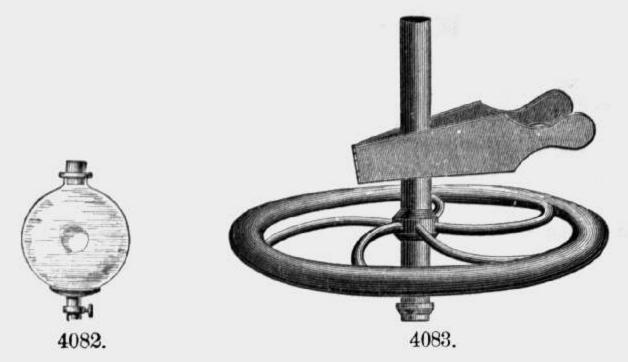
4079.



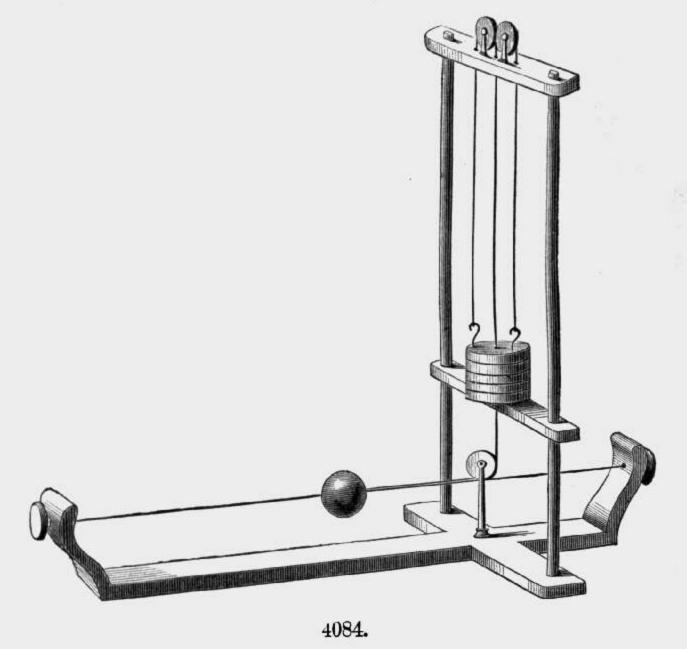
4080 and 4081.

The state of the s	
4079. Model of Steam Governor, to b	pe attached to No. 4078 10 00
4080. Frame with Inclined Glass Tube to be attached to No. 4078	es. For liquids of different densities,
4081. Inertia Table. With heavy wood	len ball attached to the centre by a 5 00

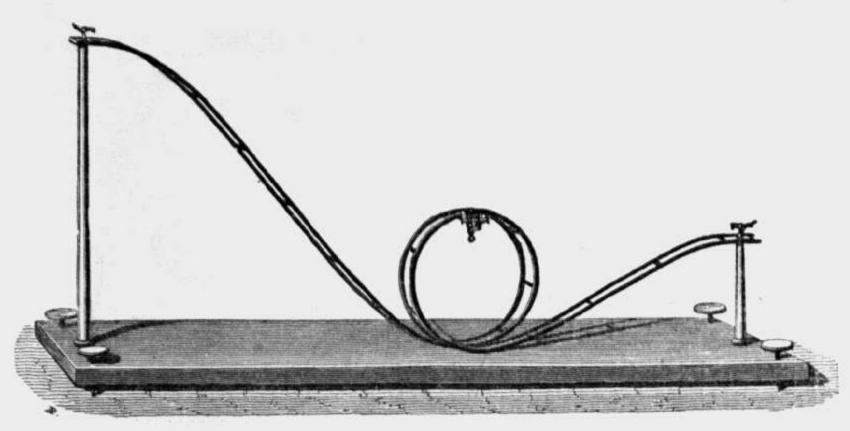
10 00



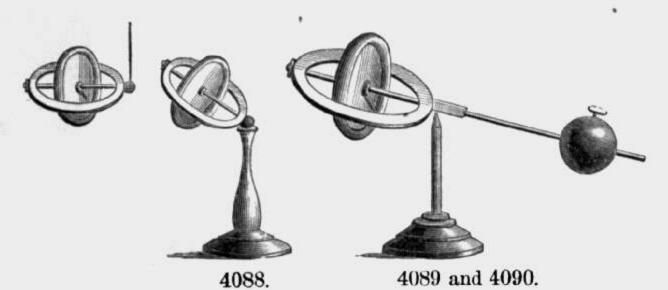
to it, when steadiness and uniformity of rotation is necessary.....

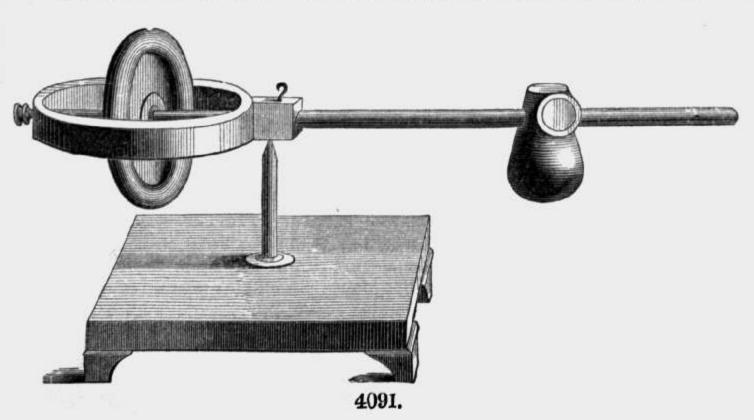


tral forces under exact measurement......



4087.





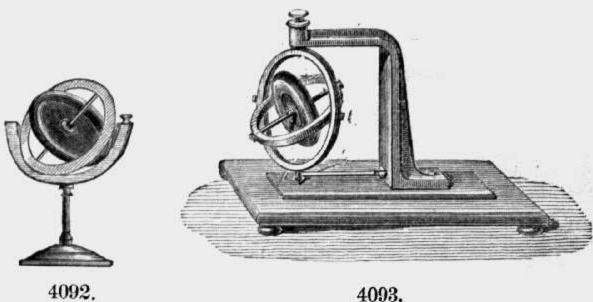
11

PRICE

4091. Gyroscope. Very superior. Wheel of brass, six inches in diameter, lever of brass, balance-weight of iron. This instrument admits of a smaller (three-inch wheel) gyroscope being attached to end of lever, and shows then the combined rotations very neatly. Supported on a strong steel upright and pointed post, fastened to a heavy base of polished mahogany.....

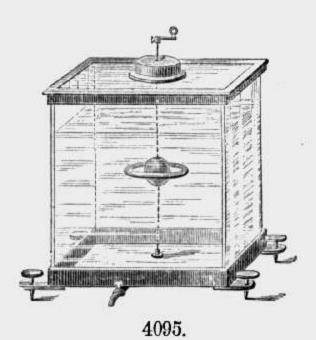
\$30 00

25 00



4093.

4092. Bohnenberger's Apparatus. All of brass, except axis and vertical	
support, which are of steel. Wheel four inches in diameter	16 00
4093. Hardy's Inverting Gyroscope. Base of mahogany, pillar and supporting arm of iron, neatly japanned, wheels of brass, four inches	
in diameter, with set of rubber cords	20 00

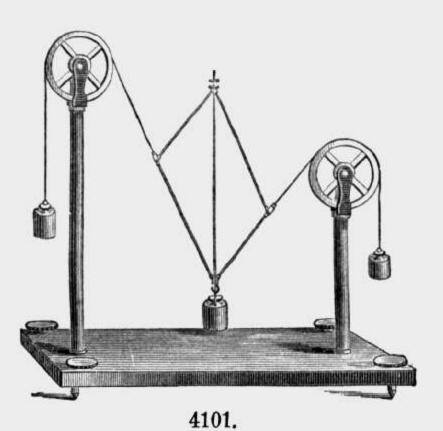


4095. Plateau's Apparatus. For showing the effects of rotation when the influence of terrestrial gravitation is removed. A glass tank, with vertical axle, crank, and disc..... NI

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CHAPTER II.

INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE PRINCIPLES OF MACHINERY.



4103. Illustration of Pulleys. Polished base of mahogany, from which rises a post of the same material, 26 inches high, with arm from which the systems are suspended one at a time; brass pulleys mounted with strong silk cord; each system counterpoised. The weights are made accurate, so that each system performs its work perfectly.

1st System. Fixed pulley, power and weight equal.

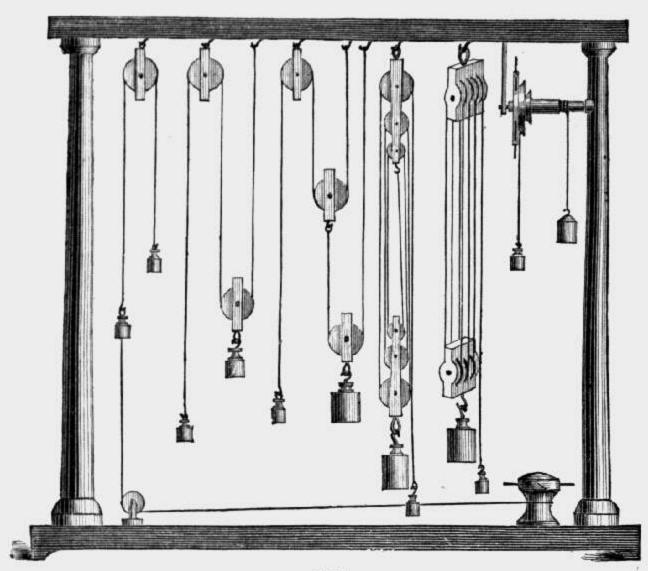
- 2d. One fixed and one movable pulley, power and weight, 1: 2. 3d. One fixed and three movable pulleys, power and weight,
- 1: 2, 1: 4, or 1: 8.

 4th. One double fixed and one double movable pulley, in blocks, power and weight, 1: 4.

5th. Capstan, with cord attached to 4th system.

6th. Wheel and axle, three radii, in proportion of 1, 2 and 4. Set of weights from two to thirty-two ounces; smaller of brass, larger of iron.....

\$30 00



4104.

4104. Illustration of Pulleys. Polished mahogany frame, thirty inches long by thirty-six inches high; pulley-wheels of brass, two inches in diameter, mounted with strong silk cord. Each system counterpoised; every part, including the weights, made with the greatest accuracy, so that all the systems illustrate their respective laws with precision.

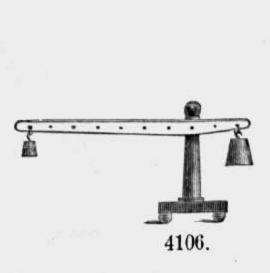
1st system. Fixed pulley, power and weight equal.

- 2d system. One fixed and one movable pulley, power and weight, 1: 2.
- 3d system. One fixed and two movable pulleys, power and weight, 1: 2 and 1: 4.
- 4th system. One fixed block of three pulleys of different sizes, and one movable pulley of same character, power and weight, 1:6.
- 5th system. One fixed block with four pulleys of same size, and one movable of same kind, power and weight, 1:8.

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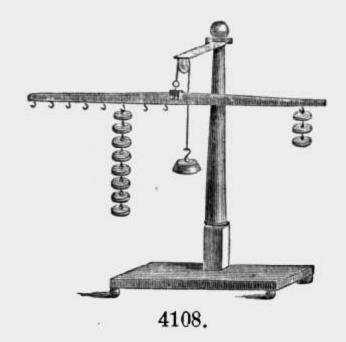
6th system. Wheel and axle, three radii in proportion of 1, 2, and 4.

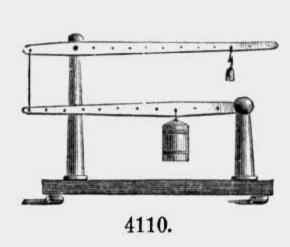
7th system. Capstan, cord attached to 1st system of pulleys. Set of brass weights from one ounce to thirty-two ounces...... \$50 00



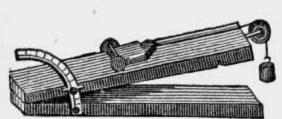


4105. Simple Lever, with Fulcrum	1 75
4106. Simple Lever. Of brass, eight inches long, mounted on a pivot in a base of mahogany, weights of brass, one, two and four ounces	5 00
4107 Simple Lever and Steelward. Beam of brass twelve inches long	0 00

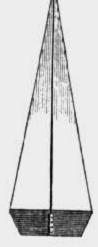




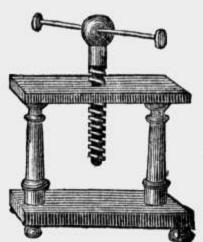




4111 and 4112.



4113 and 4114.



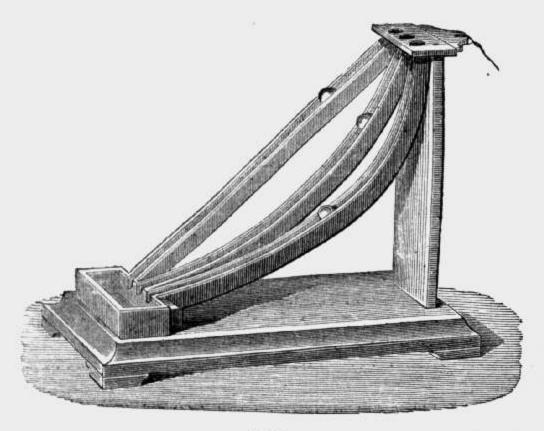
4115 and 4116.

	GRAVITATION.	15
4109.	Compound Levers. Base, pillar, and levers of mahogany	PRICE
4110.	Compound Levers. Base and posts of mahogany home of brees	\$5 50
4111.	weights of brass and iron, from two ounces to a pound Inclined Plane with Car. Plane fourteen inches long, of cherry, and adjustable to any angle with the base, by a graduated quadrant and binding screw; wheels of car, pulleys, and weights of brass; weights one, two, four and eight ounces.	11 00 7 50
4112.	Inclined Plane with Car. Base and frame of polished mahogany; plane twenty inches long, of plate-glass; pulleys and weights, from one to eight ounces, of brass	
4113.	Wedge of Cherry. Eight inches long, in two parts, hinged	12 00
4114	Wedge of Mahoganar Turches in he law in the	1 00
4115	Wedge of Mahogany. Twelve inches long, in two parts, hinged	2 50
4110.	Screw. Six inches long, in frame of cherry	2 00
4116.	Screw. Ten inches long, in frame of finely polished mahogany	6 00

CHAPTER III.

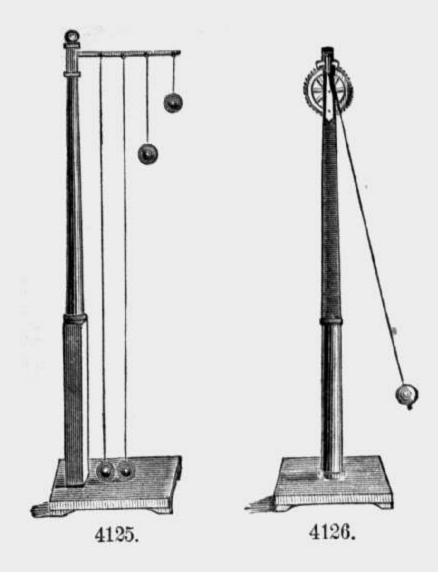
GRAVITATION.

SECTION 1.—Instruments for Determining the Force of Gravity.



4124.

4124. Swiftest Descent Apparatus. Consisting of a	mahogany frame four
feet on base, carrying three inclined planes	; one a straight plane.
one a circular, and one a cycloidal, with ar	
three balls at the same instant, and a box to	
of their course	25



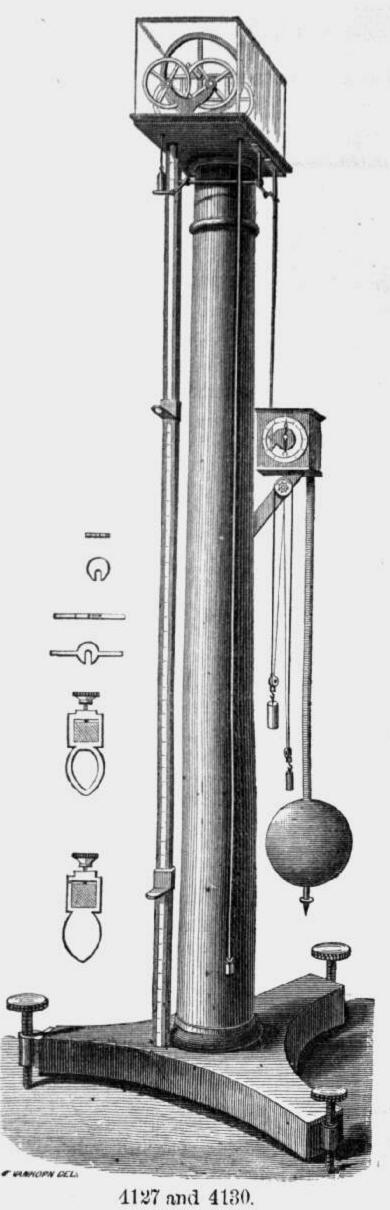
PRICE

4125. Pendulum Apparatus. Base and pillar of polished mahogany, with arm of brass, supporting two seconds' pendulums, one with solid brass ball, the other with a hollow one, each two inches in diameter; and two other pendulums, with solid balls, one one-fourth, \$12 00 the other one-ninth the length of the seconds' pendulum...... 4126. Seconds' Pendulum, with Clock Escapement. Mounted on mahogany base and stand. Pendulum with dead beat..... 25 00 4127. Atwood's Machine, with Automatic Movement. Strong pillar of polished mahogany on base of the same material, with leveling screws. Pulley-wheel eight inches in diameter, with steel axis working in Side graduated scale, carrying sliding delicate screw bearings. platforms of brass. Clock with seconds' pendulum with dead beat, which releases the falling weight as the index of the dial passes 0. 80 00 Weights for momentum..... 4128. Atwood's Machine, with Automatic Movement. Strong pillar of polished mahogany on base of the same material, with leveling screws. Pulley-wheel eight inches in diameter, with steel axis, working on delicate pivots. Side graduated scale, carrying sliding platforms of brass. Pendulum beating seconds, which rings at every stroke a small bell. A simple contrivance starts the weight at the instant the pendulum passes the perpendicular; at every subsequent passage it rings the bell. Weight for momentum in three equal sec-100 00 tions..... 4129. Atwood's Machine. Same as No. 4127, but with an electro-magnetic connection, to release the weight at the proper instant, and ring 140 00 4130. Set of friction wheels and glass cover for either of the Atwood 40 00

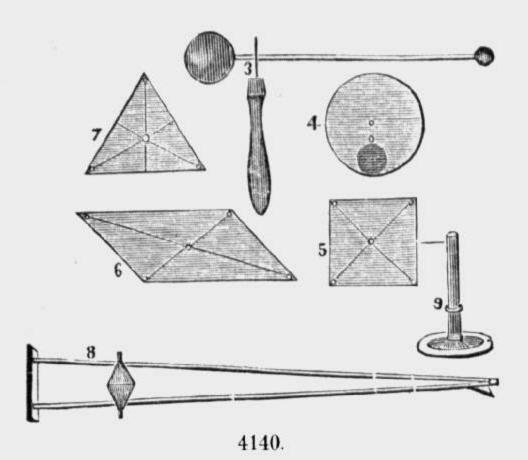
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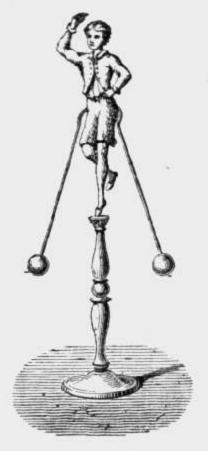


SECTION II.—CENTRE OF GRAVITY, OR EQUILIBRIUM OF SOLIDS



PRICE

\$12 00

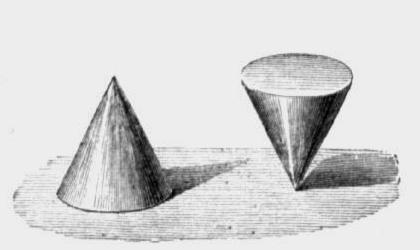


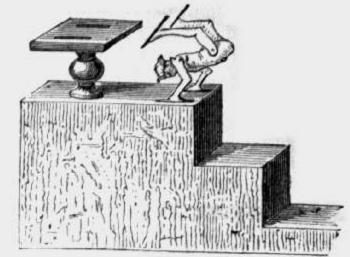
4144.



4145.

4142.	Mechanical Paradox. A double cone and frame of mahogany	1 5	50
	Leaning Tower. With two centres of gravity	1 :	25
	A Blondin. Balanced on one foot, on neat mahogany stand	2 5	50
	The Waltzers. A pair of figures, attached to a convex lens	1 (Ю



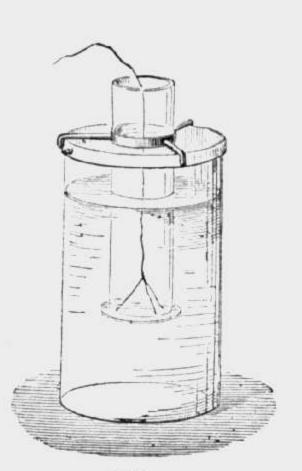


4146.

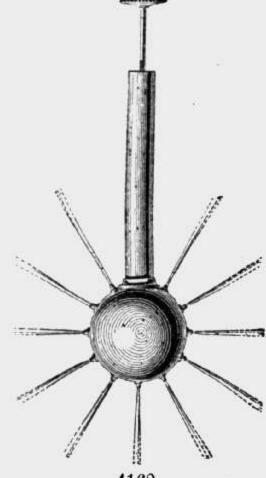
4147

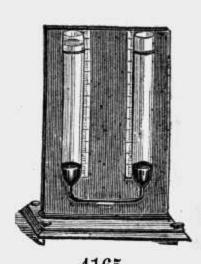
4146.	Equilibrium Figures. Two cones of cherry, each four inches high	PRICE
4141.	Chinese Tumblers. Stairs 10 inches long at base	
4140.	Chinese Tumblers. Stairs 12 inches long	
4149.	Chinese Tumblers. Stairs 14 inches long	

SECTION III.—EQUILIBRIUM OF LIQUIDS AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY.



4161

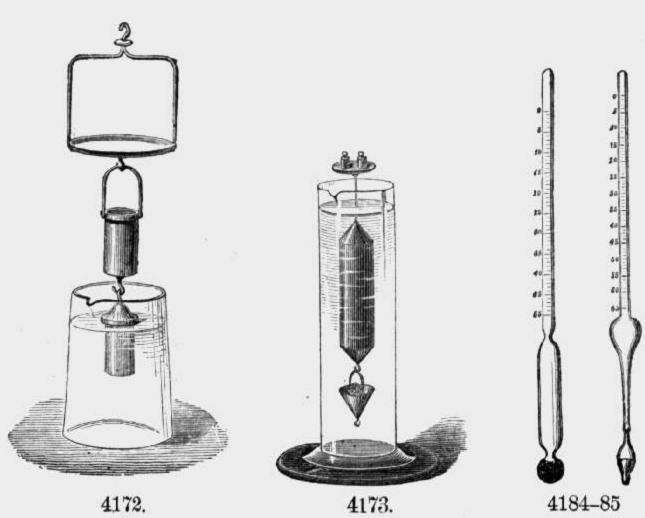




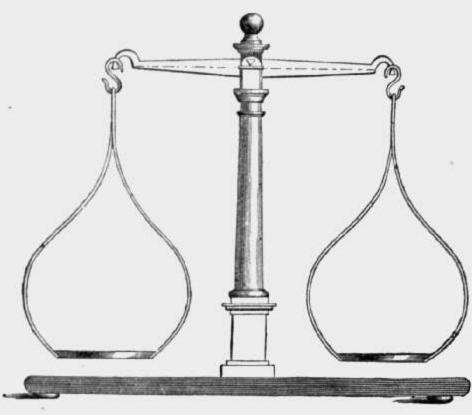
	4101.	4162.	4165.	
4160.	Upward Pressure Appa end, and a brass plate	ratus. Glass tube with with cord attached, wi	h ground flange at one ithout frame or water-	
12.21.21.21	jar			3 00
4161.	Upward Pressure Apparasel of glass, and a strongigure	tus. Same as No. 4160. ng frame to support the	, but with a gallon ves- tube, as shown in the	6 00
4162.	Apparatus to Demonstrations. Brass bulb, fou with corks), and a brass	ate the Equality of F ir inches in diameter, was ass cylinder eight inch	Pressure in all Direc- with apertures (closed les long and one and a	
	quarter inches in diame	eter, with piston	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20 00

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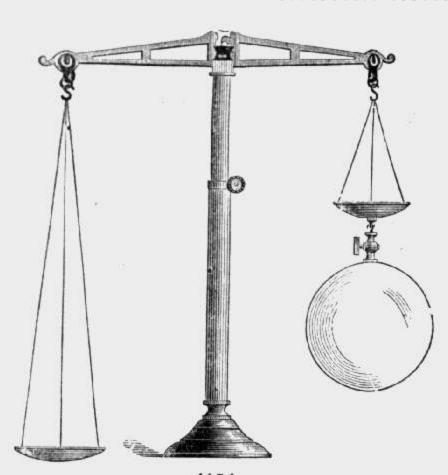


	EQUILIBRIUM OF LIQUIDS AND SPECIFIC GRAVITY.	21
4172.	Archimedes Principle. A brass bucket, with a solid piece of brass fit- ting it accurately within, and a glass tumbler	PRICE
4173	Nicholson's Balance. Of brass, with glass water-jar.	\$5 50
4174	Nichalaen's Palance Of her with glass water-jar	6 50
4174.	Nicholson's Balance. Of brass, without water jar	5 50
4180.	One Thousand Grain Bottle. With perforated glass stopper and brass counterpoise, in neat tin case	
	counterpoise, but no stopper, packed in neat tin case	
4184.	Hydrometer. For liquids lighter than water, from sp. gr. 1,000 to 700. In paper case	2 00
4185.	Hydrometer. For liquids heavier than water, from sp. gr. 1,000 to 1,933. In paper case	10000
1100	Treduces to Division to	2 00
4150.	Hydrometer Jar. Plain, 15 inches high	1 00
4187.	Hydrometer Jar. With lip, 15 inches high	1 25



4190.

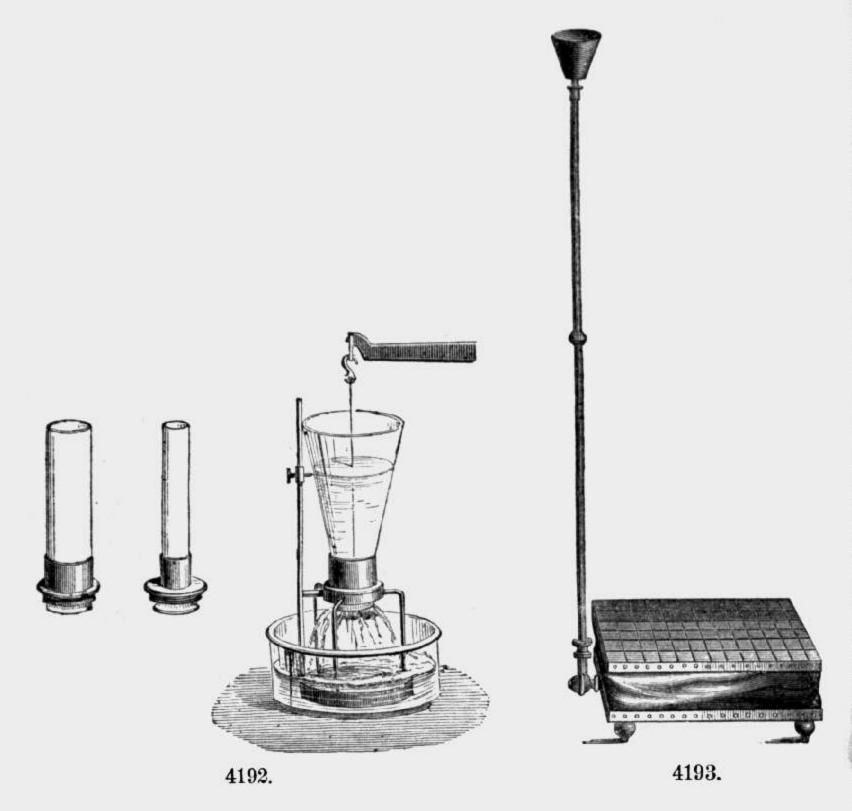
4190.	Balance for Specific Gravity, and other purposes. Arm of brass, ten	
	inches long, supported on knife edge. Pans of brass. Support of	
	brass on wooden base	10 00



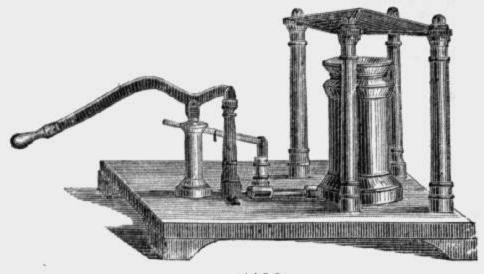
4191.

E:

\$20 00



Three glass vessels of different sizes and shapes, 4192. Paschal's Vases. with brass fittings. Tripod and index-holder of iron, brass disc, with silk cord, and glass tank for the water..... 25 004193. Hydrostatic Bellows. Bellows with mahogany top and base, leather sides, lined with rubber. Top 12 inches square. Brass and glass tubes, to contain the pressure column....... 25 004195. Hydraulic Press. Educational model. Small barrel, # inch in diameter; large barrel, four inches in diameter. Piston terminating in a wooden rod, which rises through the frame of polished cherry on which the press rests. By this instrument the exact pressure per square inch can be measured by connecting the instrument with a strong lever, so that the piston-rod can act as the power. A safety-60 00 gauge is attached.....

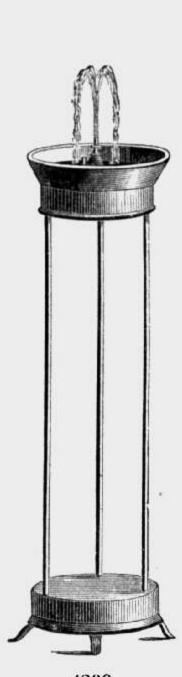


4196.

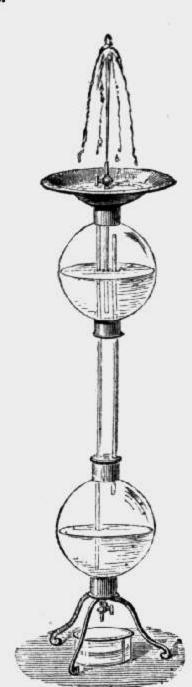
\$80 00

PRICE

SECTION IV.—Instruments Exemplifying the Principles of Equilibrium.



4200.

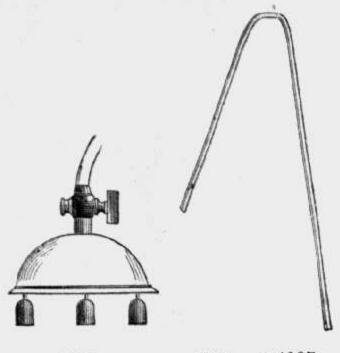


4201.

4200.		Cistern and vase of tin, tubes of brass. Thirty inches	10.00
	high		10 00
4201.	Hero's Fountain. finely finished.	Cisterns and vase of glass, and mountings of brass, Thirty inches high	20 00

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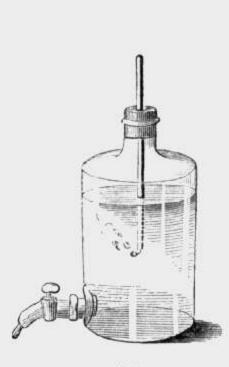




4204 and 4205. 4203.

PRICE 4202. Diving Bell. Glass model, six inches in diameter, with sinking weights \$4 00 of lead, and three feet of rubber hose 4203. Diving Bell. Glass model, six inches in diameter, with sinking weights of japanned iron, brass cap and stop-cock, with three feet of rubber 8 004204. Plain Siphon. Of glass tube; long arm, twenty inches in length.... 50 4205. Plain Siphon. Of brass tube, half inch in diameter; long arm, twenty 1 00 inches 4206. Siphon with Suction Tube. Of glass; long arm, twenty inches. 1 25 4207. Siphon with Suction Tube. Of brass; long arm, fifteen inches...... $2^{-}00$ 4208. Wirtemberg Siphon, Of glass tube, five-eighths of an inch diameter, 1 00 arms each twenty inches long.....



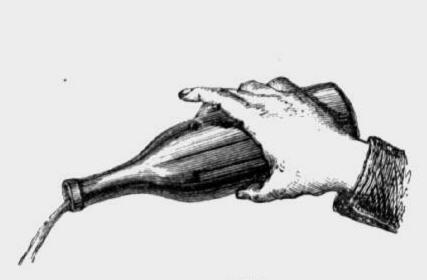


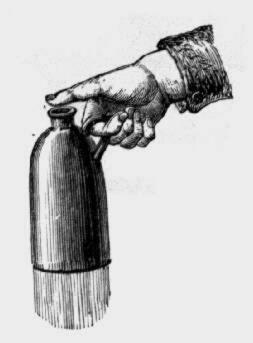


12 50

4211.

4209. Tantalus Cup 1 50 4210. Mariotte's Vase. Of glass, with rubber corks and glass tubes..... 3 - 004211. Mariotte's Vase. 6 00 Of glass, with brass fittings..... 4212. Intermittent Fountain, Double basin of neatly japanned tin, inner one twelve inches in diameter, tubes and reservoir of glass, fittings of

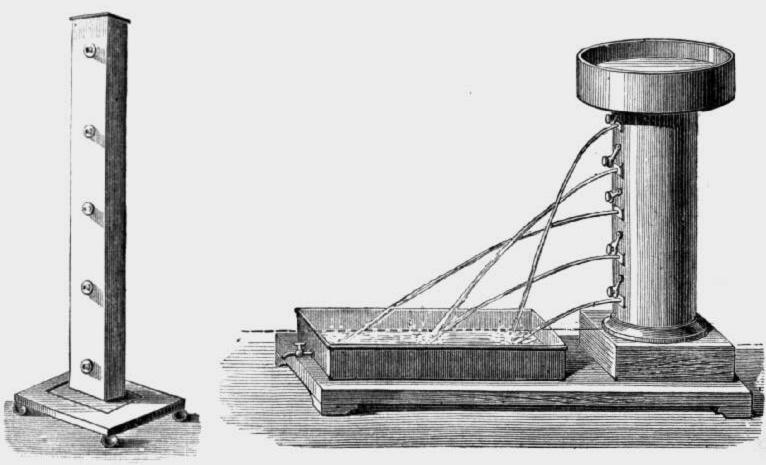




4216.

4217.

	PR	CICE
4215. Magic Funnel. Of tin, neatly japanned	\$1	00
4216. Magic Bottle. Of tin, neatly japanned. A bottle from which the experimenter may pour four different fluids at will, without refilling.	4	00
4217. Magic Sieve. Bottle of tin, neatly japanned, with bottom of fine wire		112.20
gauze	2	00



4220

4221.

4220. Vessel for Spouting Fluids. Vertical cistern of tin, neatly japanne twenty-eight inches high, with five apertures, closed with cork Mounted on a neat mahogany base	S.
4221. Vessel for Spouting Fluids. Vertical cistern of strong tin, neat	ly
japanned, four inches in diameter, and two feet high, with supp	ly
tank on the top; five valves closing the jets at once; jets and valv	es
both of improved form; tin trough with stop-cock, all mounted of	n ar an
a polished mahogany base	25 00

70 50

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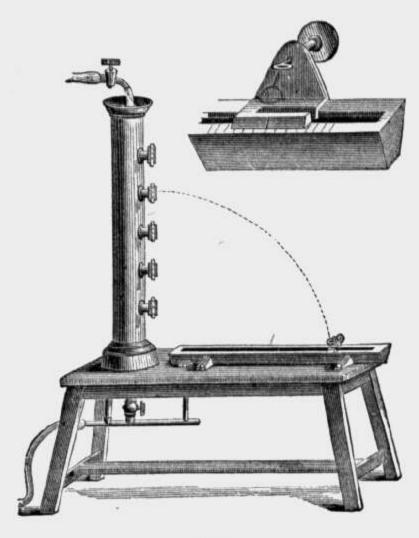
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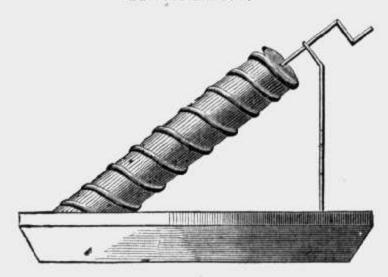


4222.

PRICE 4222. Vessel for Spouting Fluids. Very superior and accurate, consisting of strong brass vertical cistern, three inches in diameter and thirty inches high; valves communicating by a rod, so as to shut or open at once, and can also be used separately if desired. Jets in valves of three kinds, viz.: a thin circular, a tubular, and a conical form; water trough of tin in a wooden frame, bearing a sliding rest with arm and hole to mark the exact point at which the water falls; exit pipe from cistern and trough with stop-cocks and rubber hose; all mounted on a neat, polished mahogany table......

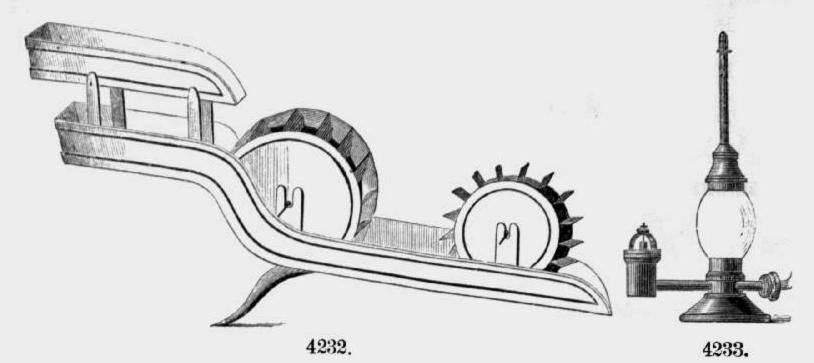
\$60 00

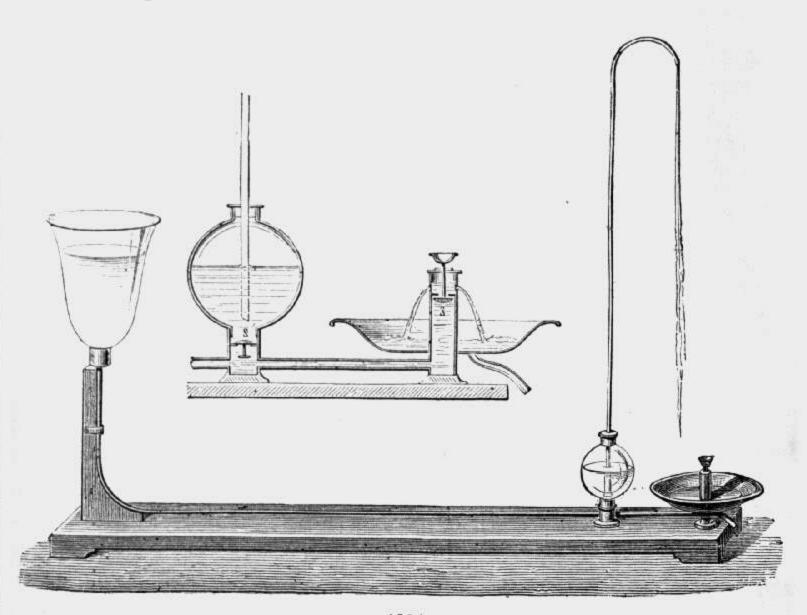
SECTION V .- ON THE APPLICATION OF THE PRINCIPLES OF GRAVITATION TO MACHINERY.



4230.

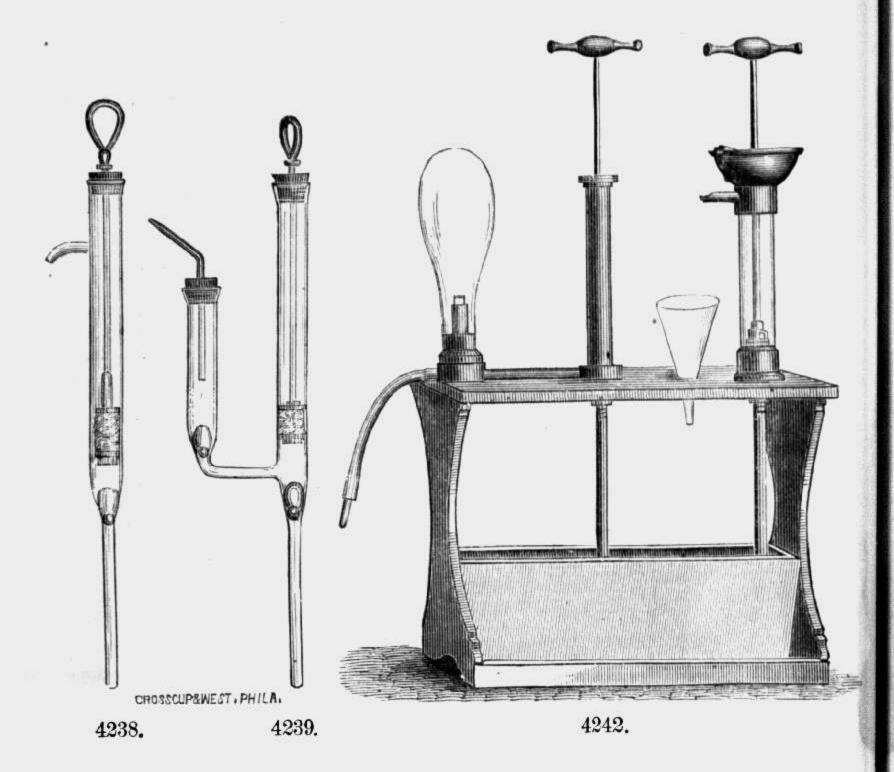
4230. Archimedes Pump. Vessel of japanned tin, with screw of lead pipe, on a cylinder of wood twelve inches long.............. 5 00 4231. Archimedes Pump. Base of mahogany, cistern of heavy tin, neatly japanned; screw of glass tube, supported on metal rods fifteen 12 00 inches long. Post of brass





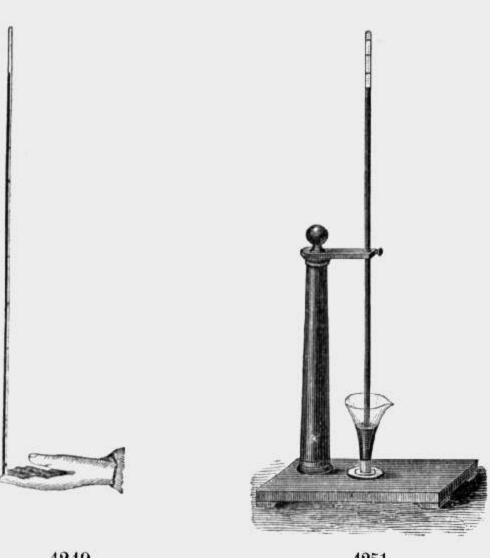
4234.

4234. Hydraulic Ram. Reservoir of glass, connected by means of a brass pipe with the ram proper, which has a glass chamber or condenser, and overflow basin, with exit tube and stop-cock. A long vertical tube of glass, bent as shown in the figure, allows the rising of the fluid to be clearly seen. Base of polished mahogany, three and one-half feet long.



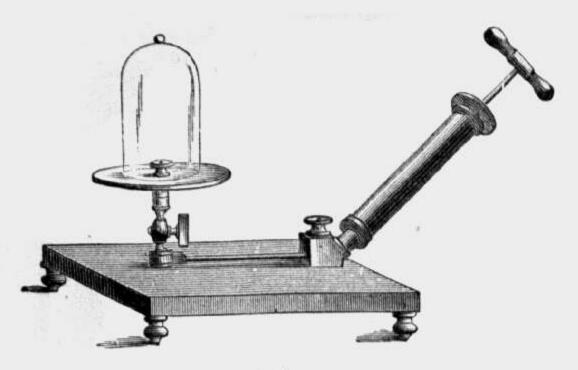
	conical valves	3 00
	Forcing Pump. Working model, fifteen inches high; all of glass, with conical valves	3 00
4240.	Lifting Pump. Working model, barrel of glass, with brass fittings. Valves in the piston, and in the body of the pump, both easily seen. Mounted on a neat mahogany stand, with glass water-jar. Whole instrument twenty inches high	10 00
4241.	Forcing Pump. Working model, barrel of brass, condensing chamber of strong glass, with brass fittings. Exit-tube of rubber, with a brass tip. Mounted on a neat mahogany stand, with glass water-jar. Whole instrument twenty inches high	14 00
4242.	Lifting and Forcing Pumps. Nos. 4240 and 4241 on the same stand, of polished mahogany; with water-pan of tin, neatly japanned	22 50

SECTION VI.--THE BAROMETER AND THE AIR-PUMP.

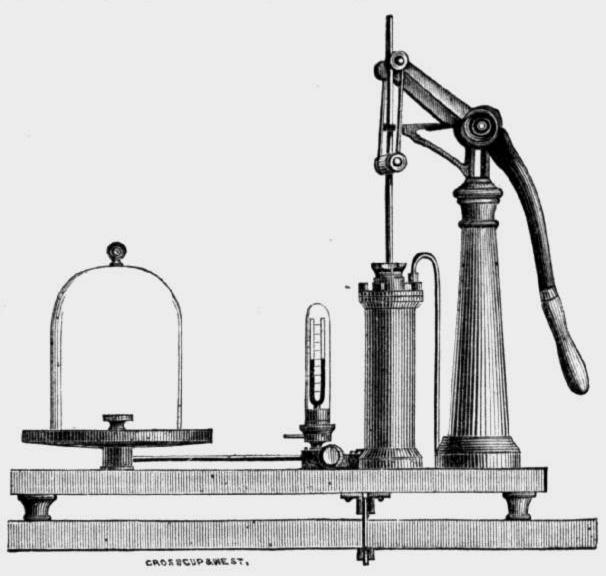


Į				1 mg
	4249.	4251.		90 10 10 10
4250	Barometer Tube. Barometer Tube. long, with glass Barometer Tube.	Thirty-five inches long Of heavy glass, thirty-five inches cup for mercury Same as No. 4250, but with sup-	PRICE \$0 75 1 25	and the state of t
	brass to hold the Barometer Tube. long, open at been closed with Normal or Stands	of pillar of mahogany, and arm of e tube. Of heavy glass, thirty-five inches oth ends. When used, to have one sheet rubber. ard Barometer. The construction	5 00 0	
	Fortin's, in which justed at each of zero of the scale terior diameter, glass, showing the mercury in servation by me the base of the 500th part of an pinion. A delice	ch the mercury in the cistern is ad- oservation to a fixed ivory point, the c. The tube is half an inch in in- The cistern is made partly of the ivory point, or zero, to which the cistern is adjusted at each ob- ans of the thumb-screw shown at figure. The vernier reads to the inch, and is adjusted by a rack and ate thermometer is attached in the		
	by the brass ca finished with br	rometer, and shielded from injury asing. The whole instrument is ass and mounted upon a solid mass shown in the cut	.85 00	4253.

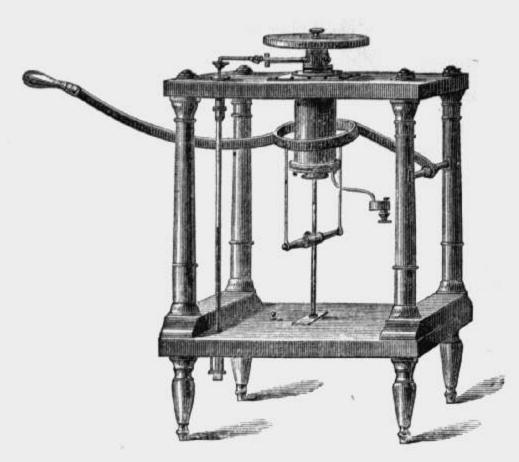
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4260.

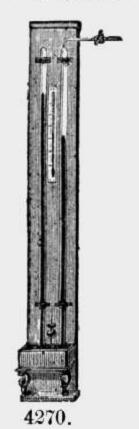


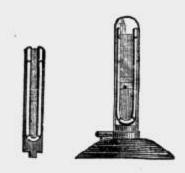
4262.



4264.

4264. Lever Air-Pump. Frame of solid mahogany, finely polished, forty inches high. Barrel of brass, twelve inches long by four inches in diameter. Plate of brass, fourteen inches in diameter; with guard-screw, stop-cock, and a two-gallon bell-glass receiver; No. 4280... \$200 00





4272. 4273.

4270. Barometric Manometer. An upright mahogany frame, supporting a cistern of iron and an open and a closed barometer tube. The former is furnished with a stop-cock, and should be connected with the vacuum chamber of the air-pump. The latter is an ordinary barometer tube. By means of this instrument the exact degree of rarefaction can be determined by the comparison afforded by the two barometers.

12 50

4271. Barometer Gauge. Enclosed in a strong glass tube, with brass cap and stop-cock at the upper end to permit the exhaustion of the air from the outer tube, thus allowing the barometer column to fall as the exhaustion proceeds. On a neat mahogany stand.....

32 JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELI	MIA.
	PRICE
4272. Siphon Gauge. Of glass, six inches long, mounted on a graduate tallic frame, with screw to fit the plate of the air-pump. It	or use
under a receiver	ф 0 00
4079 Cinhon Course Of class six inches long, mounted on a gra	duated
brees frame the whole upon a neat stand, and covered air-tig	ito, wron
a bell-glass. A pipe at one side permits an attachment to the by means of a rubber hose	6 00
4275. Detached Pump Plate of brass, fourteen inches in diameter,	mount-
ed on a solid support of cast iron; with stop-cock and scre	ew con-
nection for rubber hose	25 00
Bell-Glasses.	
	11 1
	/ 1
4276-80. 4281-84. 4285-88. 4289-92.	4293 and 4294.
4276 –80. 4281 –84. 4285 –88. 4289 –92.	1200 4114 255 11
	0.77
4276. Plain pint bell-glass, with ground flange	0 75
4277. Plain quart bell-glass, " "	
4278. Plain half-gallon bell-glass, with ground flange	0.00
4279. Plain gallon bell-glass,	0
4280. Plain two-gallon bell-glass,	
4281. Open top, quart, plain bell-glass,	4 50
4282. Open top, half-gallon, plain ben-glass,	0.50
4205. Open top, garron, plant our grand,	
4:04. Open top, and garren, party	4 00
1000. Dwollod, quare been been	3 00
4286. Swelled, half-gallon bell-glass, " "	
4288. Swelled, two-gallon bell-glass, " " "	0.50
	1 25
4290. Swelled, open top, half-gallon bell-glass, " "" "" ""	
4291. Swelled, open top, gallon bell-glass, " "	
	4 00
4293. Plain bell-glass, six inches in diameter and fifteen inches his	gh, with
ground flange	5 50
4294. Plain bell-glass, six inches in diameter and thirty-four inch	es high,
with ground flange	500
4295. Ground-glass cover, four inches in diameter, for any of t	he open
top bell-glasses	

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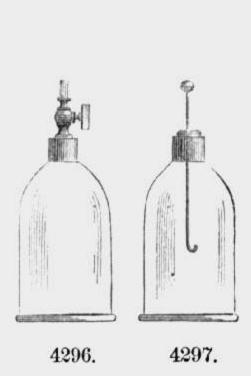
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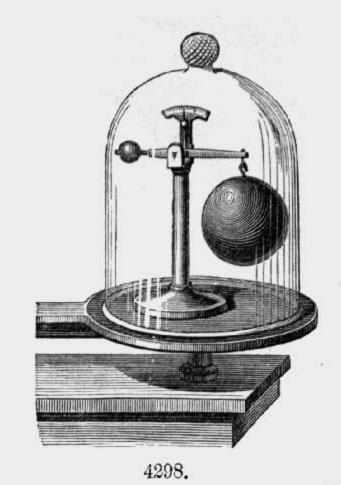
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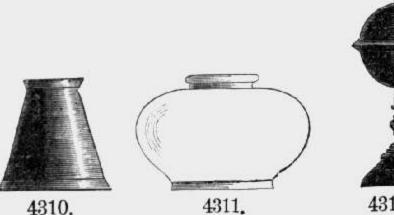
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PRICE 4296. Plain gallon bell-glass, with brass cap and stop-cock..... \$4 50 4297. Plain gallon bell-glass, with brass sliding rod, hook and ball...... 4 50 4298. Hollow Copper Globe. Three inches in diameter, with stop-cock and scale-beam for suspension under receiver, with box and weights. 12 50Without the receiver..... 4299. Hollow Copper Globe. For weighing air, 7 inches in diameter, with stop-cock and hook..... 5 50 4300. Cork Globe. Three inches in diameter, with scale-beam and counter-5 50 poise..... 4301. Accurate Balance. For weighing air, and for specific gravity purposes. Beam of brass, sixteen and a half inches long, scale pans and beam both moving on knife-edges, and supporting post permitting a 20 00vertical adjustment.....

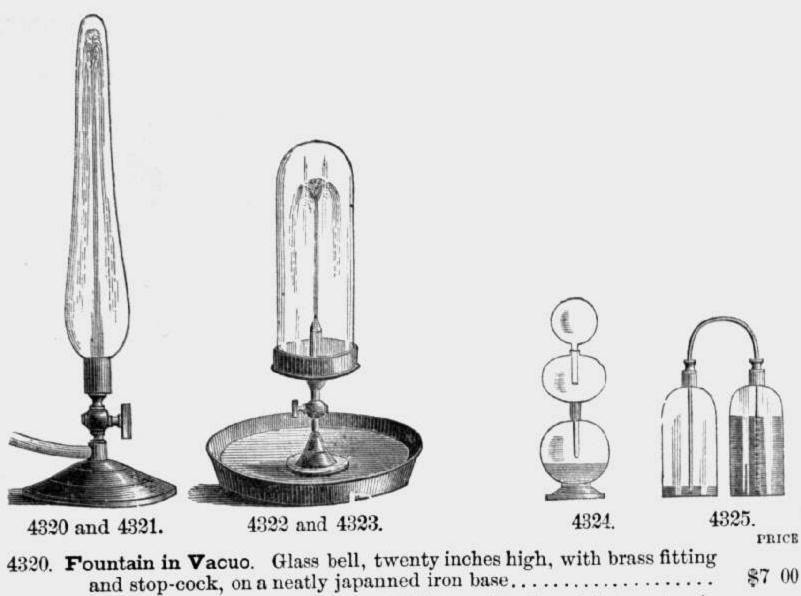


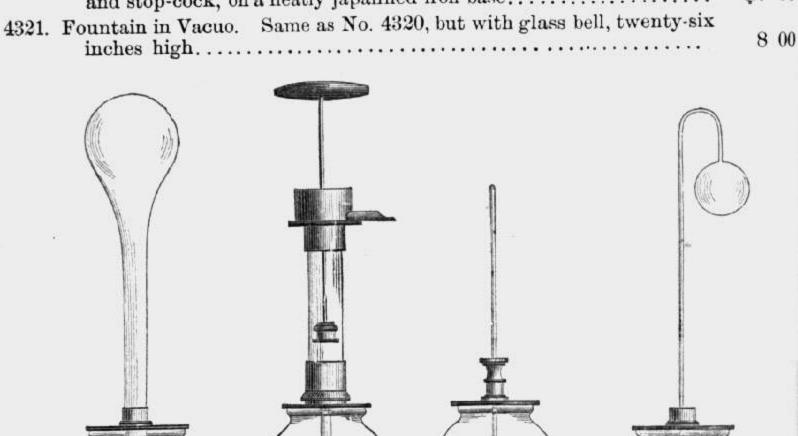


4310. Hand Glass	1 25
4311. Bladder Glass	1 25
4312. Magdeburg Hemispheres. Of brass, three inches in diameter, stand of iron, neatly japanned	on 8 00
4313. Magdeburg Hemispheres. Same as No. 4312, but three and a harmaches in diameter	0 00
4314. Magdeburg Hemispheres. Same as No. 4312, but four inches in diameter	er. 10 00
4315. Magdeburg Hemispheres. Of cast iron, four inches in diameter, iron stand. All neatly japanned	on 7 50
4316 Magdeburg Hemispheres. Same as No. 4315, but five inches in diar	m- 13 50

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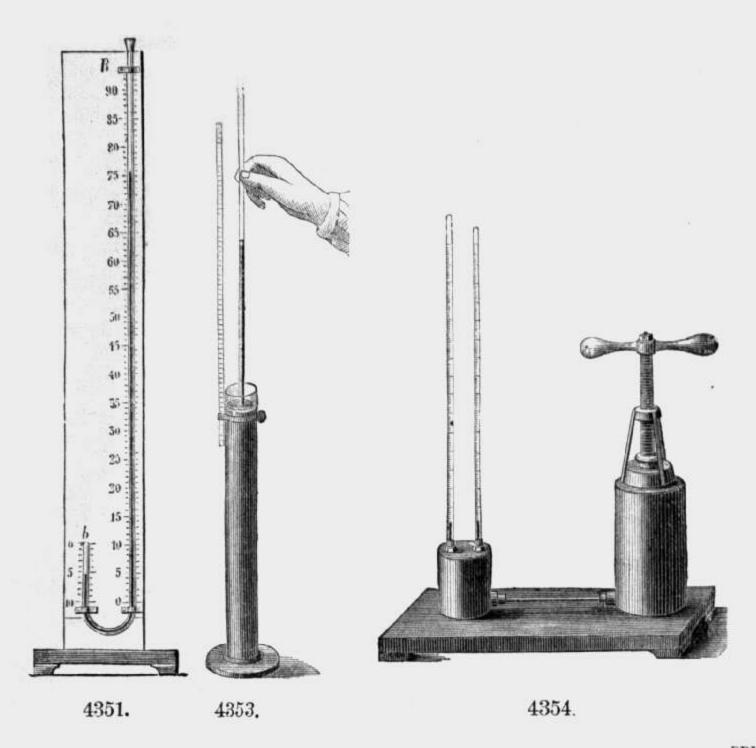
4333.

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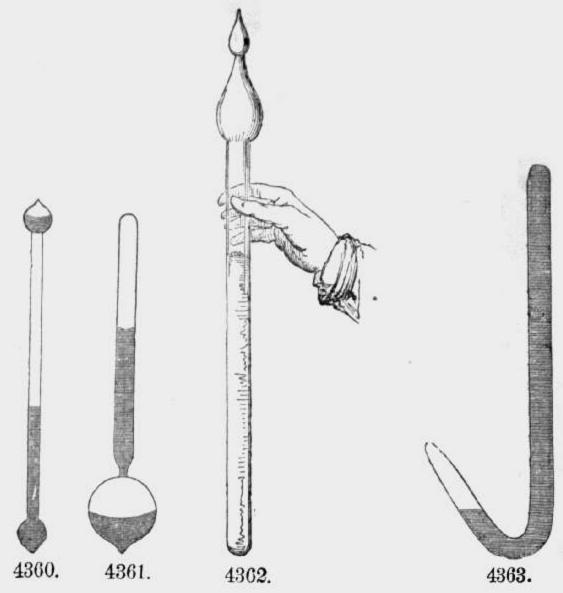
4335.

4337.

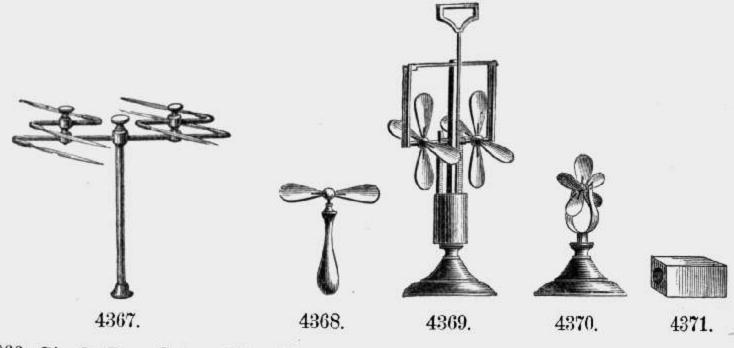
THE BAROMETER AND THE AIR-PUMP.	35
4322. Fountain in Vacuo. French form, in which the base is ground to fit the pump plate, glass bell 24 inches high and four inches in diameter. Brass cap, stop-cock, and base, and water eistern of japanned	PRICE
4323. Fountain in Vacuo. Same as No. 4322, but, with class bell, 20 inches	\$12 00
**************************************	15 00
4324. Expansion Fountain. Twelve inches high	5 00
fittings	3 00
receiver or glass cell	4 00
cell as shown in cut	7 50
and ground brass cap for receiver, without receiver or glass cell 4333. Water Pump in Vacuo. Same as No. 4332, but with receiver, No.	10 00
4205, and glass cen, complete	13 00
brass flange for receiver, without receiver or glass cell	4 50
4335. Barometer Tube in Vacuo. Same as No. 4334, but with receiver No. 4283, and glass cell complete	7 50
4550. Cryophorus in Vacuo. With ground brass flange for receiver with-	
out receiver	4 50
4291	7 50
4340. 4341. 4342. 4343 and 4344.	4350.
4340. Bell for Vacuum. Support of brass. Cords of silk	2 22
4341. Bell for Vacuum. Spring bell, neatly silvered, resting on a support of	4 00
4342. Bell for Vacuum. Furnished with clock movement for striking the bell, and thoroughly insulated by cords of silk and base of rubber,	4 00
so as to convey the least possible sound to the pump plate 4343. Freezing Apparatus. Glass dish six inches in diameter, wire sup-	20 00
port for watch glass, and shallow receiver to suit	2 50
4344. Freezing Apparatus. Similar to No. 4343, but with eight-inch dish and receiver	3 00
4350. Apparatus for firing Powder in a Vacuum. Brass funnel, drop stop-cock, and ground brass flange four inches in diameter	6 00



PRICE 4351. Mariotte's Law Apparatus. Tube of glass on upright frame of mahogany, well polished. Funnel of brass. Whole instrument forty \$10 00 inches high. Scale for both arms 4352. Mariotte's Law Apparatus. For pressures up to three atmospheres. Tubes of glass, in sections, with brass screw connectors. Neat ma-25 00hogany frame, with scales for both arms...... 4353. Mariotte's Law Apparatus. For pressures less than one atmosphere. Tank of glass, with scale, clamp, and strong barometer tube..... 10 00 4354. Apparatus to show the Comparative Compressibility of Different Gases. Two strong barometer tubes in an iron cistern, and a chamber in which a strong pressure can be applied by a screw. On a polished mahogany base. . . 50 004355. Guinea and Feather Tube. Fitted also with point and ball for use as an aurora tube, with stop-cock, and strong cast-iron base. 8 00 three feet long..... 4356. Guinea and Feather Tube. Similar to No. 4355, but four feet long. . 9 00 Similar to No. 4356, but larger diameter 12 00 4357. Guinea and Feather Tube.



4360.	Water Hammer.	Straight form, nine inches long, with bulb on each	PRICE
	end	·····, into mones long, with our or end	\$1 00
4361.	Water Hammer.	Straight form, nine inches long, with bulb on one	1 00
4362.	Water Hammer.	Straight form, fifteen inches in length, with bulb on	1 00
	one end		2 00
4363.	Water Hammer.	Bent form, twelve inches long, on vertical part of	2 00



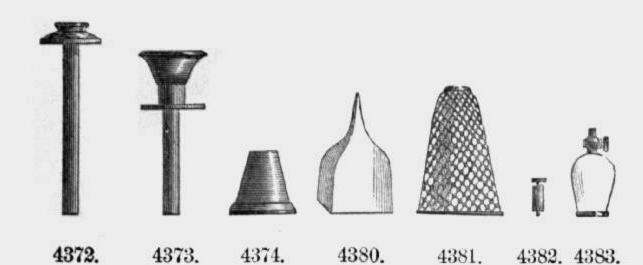
	4307.	4368.	4369.	4370.	4371.	-
4366.	Single Revolving Jet.	Of brass, o	on stand			3 25
4367.	Triple Revolving Jet.				(6 50
4368.	Wind Mill. To be use	d with the	hand		1	1 25
4369.	Air Mill. In which the a rack and pinion of k	fans are se	t in motion by a	heavy weight	t, and 10	00 (0
4370.	Resistance Fans. Of h	rass, on an	iron base		8	3 00
4371.	Block of Wood. Loads	ed, to show	porosity			50

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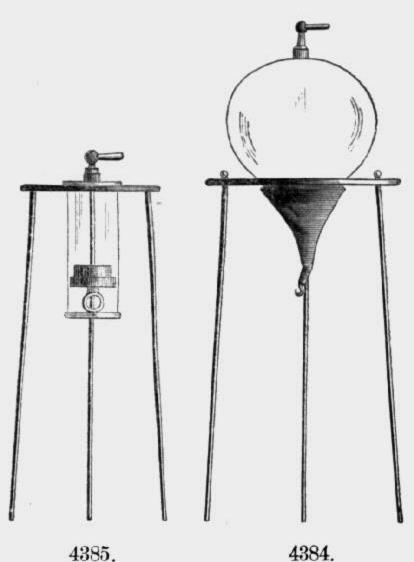
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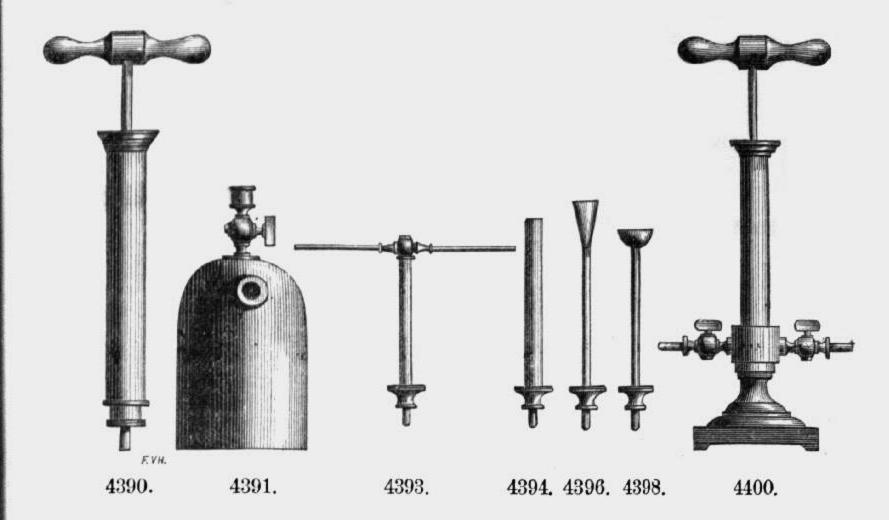
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	101%.	10.0.	2012	1000.	TOOL.	100a. 10	00.	
4372.	Air Shower.	A wooden	cylinder,	with a flan	ge four in	ches in dia	ame	RICE
	ter, covered	with sheet	rubber		•••••	 .	\$1	50
4373.	Mercury Fun	nel. Brass	flange, fo	our inches i	n diameter	r, with wo	oden	2.72
	cup and cyli							50
	Apple Cutter.							00
4380.	Bursting Squa	res of this	dlass, t	hree inches	square.	Per dozer	a 2	50
4381.	Wire Guard f	or No. 438	0					75
4382.	Valve Cap for	No. 4380.						50
4383.	Cupping Glass	Glass al	oout two i	nches in di	ameter, w	ith small s	stop-	
	cock	•••••					3	50
4384.	Rubber Bag, 8	ix inches i	n diamete	r: to be pla	aced unde	r a receive	er to	
	show the exp	pansion of	air				2	25

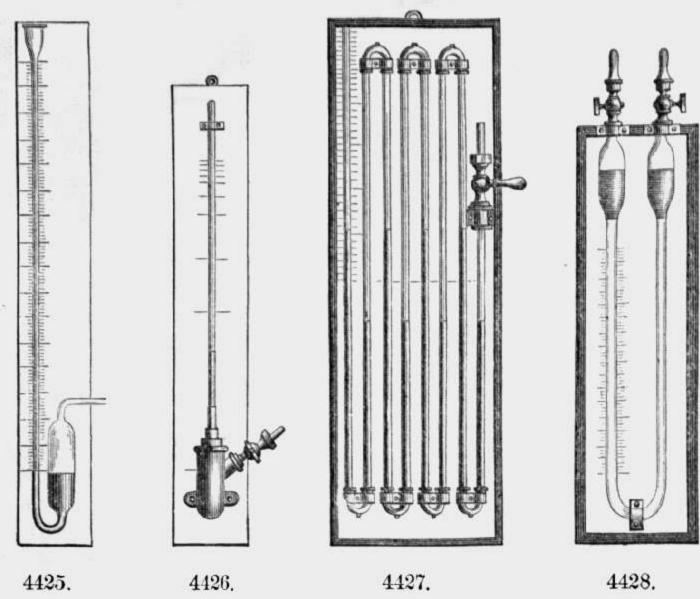




4000	G - 1 - 1 - G - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	PRICE	
4590.	Condensing Syringe. Convertible by reversing the valves into an exhausting syringe. Barrel of brass, eight inches long, and one and one-quarter inches in diameter	\$10 00	
4391.	Copper Reservoir. For compressed air, with two stop-cocks, to one of which is fastened a metal pipe reaching nearly to the bottom of the reservoir	10 00	
4392.	Glass Reservoir. For compressed air, with brass screw fittings and stop-cock	15 00	
4393.	Revolving Jet. Of brass, with arm seven inches in length	3 50	
4394.	Air-Gun Jet. Of brass, six inches long	1 00	
	Ball Paradox. Of glass, seven inches long	75	
	Ball Paradox. Of brass, six inches long	2 00	
	Plate Paradox. Of brass, with mica discs	2 00	
	Fountain Jet. Of brass, six inches long	2 50	
	Condensing Apparatus Complete. Consisting of Nos. 4390, 4391, 4393, 4394, 4396, 4397 and 4398	27 50	
4400.	Transferrer. Pump of brass, eight inches long by one and one-quarter inches in diameter, mounted on a strong iron base, with entrance and exit stop-cocks	20 00	

E

SECTION VII.—MANOMETERS.



4425. Open Manometer Tube. To measure pressures less than one atmosphere. An upright tube of glass, thirty-six inches high, connected at the base, through a curved arm, with a strong glass reservoir for mercury, to the top of which the pressure is applied. On a neat mahogany frame, with scale	\$10 00
4426. Closed Manometer Tube. For pressures higher than one atmosphere. A strong iron cistern fitted with a closed vertical glass tube, and a side stop-cock. Mounted on a neat mahogany frame, thirty inches high, with scale	17 50
4427. Compound Open Manometer. Four pairs of tubes, connected by metal joints at top and bottom; the upper half of each tube is to be filled with water, the lower half with mercury. The last tube is of glass, and carries a scale showing the pressure. On a neat mahogany frame, forty inches high.	25 00
4428. Differential Manometer. To register very small differences in pressure. Consists of a bent glass tube, placed upright and having a cylindrical bulb and a stop-cock on each arm. One bulb and both tubes, as far as zero of the scale, are filled with a mixture of alcohol and water. The other bulb and the remaining part of the corresponding tube are filled with a colored oil, of exactly the same specific gravity as the former mixture. A very slight difference in pressure is thus strikingly shown. Mounted on a neat mahogany frame,	0.00
twenty-four inches high. Without liquids	9 00
when the instrument is not in use	12 00
4430. Steam Gauge for pressures up to 180 pounds to the inch	18 00
4431. Steam Gauge for pressures up to 250 pounds to the inch	22 50

IT

SECTION VII.—AIR-PUMP ACCESSORIES.

4440. Rubber Hose for Connectors. Strong enough not to collapse in ex-	PRICE
nausung, per 1000	\$0 50
4411. Rubber Hose for connections, with cloth lining, not elastic per foot	60
4442. Screw Couplings, to connect hose with stop-cocks without twisting the hose, each.	-
4443. Stop-Cock of brass, with outside screw on each end	1 00
4444. Stop-Cock of brass, with outside screw on one end and inside on the	2 00
other	2 00
4445. Stop-Cock of brass, with inside screw on each end	2 00
4446. Stop-Cock of brass, with outside screw on each end, and with an additional small inside screw in one end.	2 25
4447. Small Stop-Cock of brass, with outside screw on each end to fit the inside screw of No. 4446.	1 50
4440. Stop-Cock of iron, for use with mercury, with outside screw on each	2.7
end	3 00
the other	3 00
4450. Brass Coupler, with outside screws	75
4451. Brass Coupler, with inside screws	75
4452. Brass Coupler, with one inside and one outside screw. These couplers, Nos. 4450-52, fit the stop-cocks, Nos. 4443-46, and also any of the stop-cocks used with any of our pneumatic apparatus, as the thread is uniform throughout.	75
4453. Guard Screw, for pump-plate	75
4454. Bottle of Oil, for pump	50
4455. Leather Washers, assorted, per hundred	50
4456. Sheet rubber, pure, very thin, per square foot	50 50
4457. Sheet rubber, pure, heavier than No. 4456, per square foot	
square 100t	50

CHAPTER IV.

UNDULATIONS.

1175	TTT: 12 CUT CT	
4410.	White Silk Cord, twenty feet long, very soft and pliable, to show the waves in cords, by fastening one end to a firm support, and starting the wave by the hand from the other	5 00
4476.	String of Silvered Beads, twelve feet long, for the same purpose	
4477.	Melde's Apparatus. A tuning-fork on stand, with a hook, cord and	12 00
	support	22 00
4478.	Melde's Apparatus. Tuning-fork, three feet high, with hook, and white silk cord twelve feet long. On a heavy base	30 00
4479.	Melde's Apparatus. Same as No. 4478, but with a magnetic interrupter, to keep up the vibrations	50 00

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IT

50 M

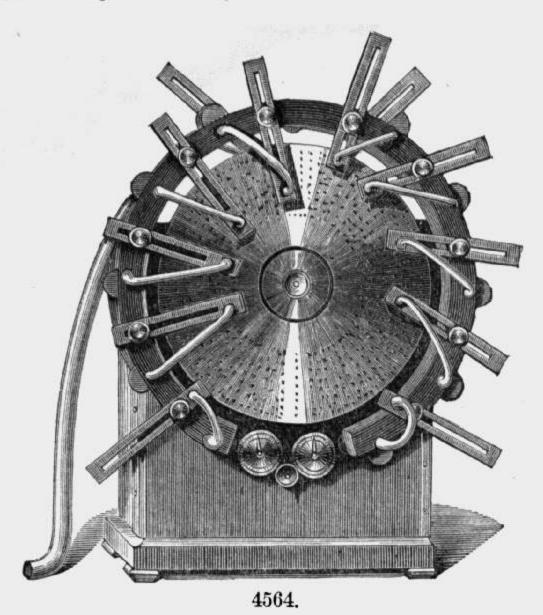
CHAPTER V.

ACOUSTICS.

SECTION I.

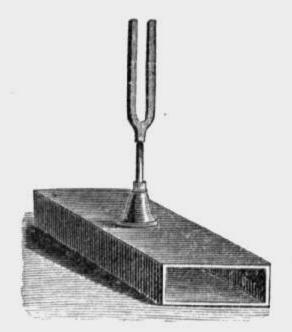
	Apparatus for the Production of Sound in General.	
		PRICE
	Eight pieces of wood, giving the gamut when struck in succession	\$2 50
	Four pieces of wood, giving the chord	1 50
4532	Water Hammer	1 50
4533.	Four tubes, with pistons, giving the chord when their pistons are suc-	19.00
1501	cessively drawn	13 00
	Heavy or Bass Bow	4 00
	Violin Bow	3 00
	Bow for vibrating plates by the middle	6 00
	Whistling tube of Cagniard de Latour	1 50
	Philosopher's Lamp	3 00
	Steam Whistle of brass	10 00
	Universal Mouth-piece	3 50
4541.	Mouth-piece of Tube, with movable lever,	3 50
	Mouth-piece of the Cornet	1 50
4543.	Mouth-piece of the Trumpet	1 50
4544.	Mouth-piece of the Clarionet	2 00
4545.	Mouth-piece of the Hauthois	1 50
4546.	Mouth-piece of the Bassoon	1 50
4547.	Siren of Cagniard de Latour, with cylindrical tube	8 00
4648.	Trevelyan Rocker	6 00
4549.	Wertheim's Apparatus	21 00
4550.	Magnetic Interrupter, in which the vibrating spring is replaced by a	=
	diapason, ut_2	60 00
4551.	Magnetic Interrupter, with three diapasons, ut-1, ut1, ut2	100 00
4552.	Universal Magnetic Interrupter, with two supports and ten diapasons,	
	carrying riders, so that the experimenter can produce any desired number of interruptions per second, from 30 to 256	550 00
	number of interruptions per second, from 50 to 250	000 00
00	SECTION II.—THE SIREN.	
4-4-		45.00
	Siren of Cagniard de Latour, with register	45 00
4561.	Toothed Wheel of Savart, large model, with bar for the low pitch,	350 00
4500	and register	550 00
4002.	Toothed Wheel of Savart, small but very satisfactory and portable	100 00
4562	model, without bar or register	
1000.	Savart, very perfectly	10 00
	manus traj prakovaj trattatatatatatatatatatatatatatata	
	(4)	

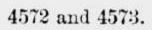
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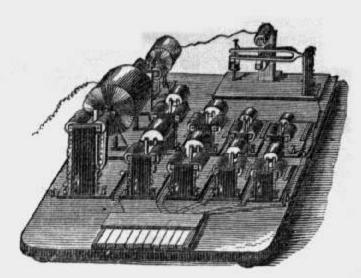


PRICE 4564. Grand Siren of Seebeck. A strong system of clock-work, serves to keep in motion a copper disc, pierced with holes at regular intervals. A common air-chamber communicates with a series of tubes which can be accurately adjusted in front of the revolving disc, at any required position. A register gives the velocity of rotation. Of the nine discs furnished with the instrument, four are intended to show the results obtained when the isochronism of the impulses is imperfect from any cause; the fifth shows that impulses coming from different points can unite to form one sound; the sixth serves for experiments on interference; the seventh has eight series of holes, giving the gamut; the eighth has eight series of holes for the harmonics; the ninth illustrates the phenomena of beats.... 4565. Seebeck's Siren, with feebler clock work, without register, with seven discs of card-board..... 150 004566. Oppelt's Siren. Disc of card-board, 19 inches in diameter, pierced with several series of holes, and adapted for use with any rotator. 20 00 4567. Oppelt's Siren. Same as No. 4566, but made of zinc instead of card-30 00 board..... 4568. Helmholtz's Double Siren. For description see Tyndall's Lectures on 225 00SECTION III.—OF PITCH, INTENSITY AND TIMBRE. 4570. Four Diapasons, forming perfect chord, ut3, mi3, sol3, ut4, mounted 55 00upon resonant cases..... 4572. Diapason ut₃, giving 256 complete vibrations per second, mounted upon its resonant case...... 14 00 4573. Grand Diapason ut₂, 128 vibrations, mounted upon its resonant case.. 40 00 4574. Official Diapason, la, giving 435 complete vibrations, mounted upon its resonant case..... 14 004575. Thirteen Diapasons, with box, giving the tempered gamut from ut₃ to

ut₄, based upon the la₃, 435 vibrations.....

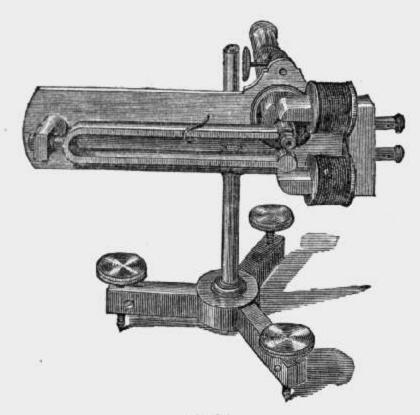






4581.

4577. Series of ten cyline	ders of Steel to determine the limit of acute
sounds	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
4578. Helmholtz's Resona	tors. Series of ten
4579. Helmholtz's Resonat	ors. Series of nineteen 82 00
4580. Helmholtz's Resonate	ors. Series of fourteen adjustable from sol, to
4581. Helmholtz's Appara "timbres" or "c between the poles of tent current. The	tus for the artificial composition of the different lang tints," consisting of ten diapasons fastened of ten electro-magnets, traversed by an intermitese intermittences are produced by a diapason interactions per second
4582. Helmholtz's Apparatu	s. Same as No. 4581, but with the addition of ten
diapasons giving th	e harmonics 500 00



4584.

4583. Optical Comparer of M. Lissajous, without electro-magnet	42 50
4584. Optical Comparer of M. Lissajous, with electro-magnet	65 00
4585. Five Diapasons, with resonators in unison with the air-chambers of the mouth in the utterance of the vowels a, e, i, o, u	55 00

E

SECTION IV .- OF THE PROPAGATION, REFLEXION AND REFRACTION OF SOUND.



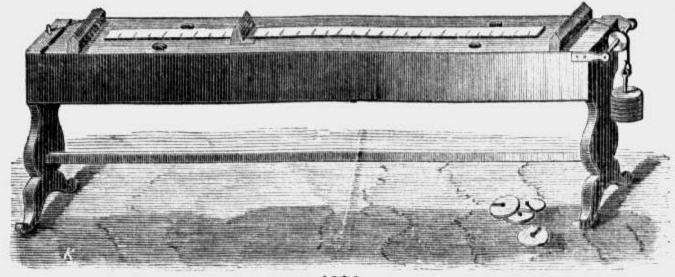
4599

	4599.	
4595.	Bell, suspended from a brass frame by silk cords, to show the enfee-	PRICE
4596.	Bell, with clock-work, suspended by silk cords, from a brass frame,	\$4 00
	which is in turn supported on a piece of India rubber	20 00
4001.	Chladni's Apparatus, to cause an organ tube to sound in different gases	. 16 50
4598.	Ten Bars, each one metre in length, of different kinds of wood	12 50
4599.	Savart's Bell and Resonator. Bell ten inches in diameter, mounted upon a solid support, and resonator eight inches in diameter, ad-	
	justable in all directions, upon a polished mahogany table	35 00
	Resonant Jars, for diapasons No. 4570. Series of four for chord	8 00
	Resonant Jars, for diapasons. Series of eight for octave	16 00
	Seebeck's Ear	12 50
4603.	Pair of Parabolic Reflectors, thirteen inches in diameter, on adjust-	50.00
4804	ing stands	50 00
4004.	Pair of Parabolic Reflectors, twenty inches in diameter, on adjusting stands	75 00
4605.	Lens of India Rubber, eighteen inches in diameter, consisting of a	•
11.00	brass ring with two sheets of thin rubber fastened upon it and se-	
2	curely covered. A stop-cock communicating to the space between	
	the two rubber sheets allows the entrance of any gas desired, and the closing of the stop prevents the exit. On neat mahagany stand.	25 00
4606.	Lens of India Rubber, similar to No. 4605, without the stop-cock,	20 00
	or brass ring, and only twelve inches in diameter	5 00
4607.	Two Diapasons ut, mounted upon their resonant cases, and adjusted to give four beats per second	27 50
	SECTION V.—OF VIBRATIONS.	
	1. Vibrations of Air.	
4620.	Large Bellows, with regulator	250 00
	Bellows, smaller than No. 4620, with regulator	150 00
	Bellows, same as No. 4621, but without regulator	112 50
	Manometer, to measure the pressure of the air	5 00
	Organ Tube, plain, for simple illustration	2 50
	Open Organ Tube, with one side of glass, with a membrane and cord which can be lowered into the tube, and which will sound in any position in the tube, except at the node	8 00
4626.	Long Open Tube, one of whose faces is very thin, so that by strewing this face with sand the position of the nodes in the vibrating	5 50
4697	column of air can be distinctly seen	20 00
	Closed Tube, for manometric flames	20 00
4020.	Closed 1 abe, for manometric names	20 00

		3
4629.	Organ Tube, with a key at the node, permitting the tube to be closed	PRICE
	at this point	\$4 50
	Organ Tube, with stop-cock at the middle of the vibrating column Organ Tube, with a slide, having holes of various sizes which open at	3 50
	the middle of the vibrating column	8 00
4632.	Three Equal Tubes, with lumière of different sizes	8 00
4633.	Tube, which can be closed at the end by a sliding plate, pierced with four holes, which serve successively for mouth-piece	8 00
4634.	Cubical Tube, arranged as No. 4633	8 00
4637.	Three similar tubes, in wood of different thickness	8 00
4638.	Two similar tubes, the interior of one of them lined with cloth	5 50
4639.	Three similar tubes, one of brass, one of wood, and one of card-board.	12 00
	Five tubes of the same size and different lengths, giving the notes ut, ré, mi, fa, sol; and four tubes of the same length and different	
4641.	sizes, giving the notes ré, mi, fa, sol	32 50
	diminish the mass of air contained, alternately, according to the three dimensions, to show the comparative influence of the differ-	90 50
1010	ent dimensions upon the sound	22 50 17 00
	Four Rectangular Tubes (one a cube), giving the same note	10 00
	Two Closed Cubical Tubes the sther closed to give the	10 00
4040.	Two Long Tubes of Glass, one open, the other closed, to give the succession of harmonics	5 00
4646.	A Long Open Tube, giving a succession of notes corresponding to the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, which can be opened at the middle of each vibration, and closed at each node by a piston	10 50
4647.	A Long Tube, closed at one end, same style as No. 4646, with six stop-cocks, and one piston, giving notes corresponding to the	10 50
4648.	A Long Tube, closed at both ends, with movable mouth-piece, which gives, if the mouth-piece remains in the middle, notes as 1, 3, 5, 7,	26 00
4649	but if moved, the notes 1, 2, 3, 4	20 00
	spot where the node always forms	13 00
	length of a wave, and one tube the length of half a wave Water Flute. Composed of two tubes of glass, of different diam-	5 50
	eters, worked by two flowing columns of water. On neat stand Four Tubes. Containing the same mass of air, with mouth-pieces of	40 00
	the same size, one a tetrahedron, one a cube, one a cylinder, and one a sphere	22 00
4 653.	Three Tubes. Of the same length, and containing the same volume of air. One is prismatic and the two others conical. One of the latter tapers just as much toward the mouth-piece as the other does	
	from it	10 00
	Five Tubes. Of the same length, but bent in different ways	22 00
	Eight Open Tubes. Giving the gamut from ut ₃ to ut ₄	22 00
	Eight Closed Tubes. Giving the same notes as No. 4655	22 00
	Four Open Tubes. Giving the perfect chord	11 00
4658.	Four Closed Tubes, giving the perfect chord	11 00
	2. VIBRATIONS OF MEMBRANES.	
4665.	Circular Membrane of Rubber, which can be stretched at will	5 50
4666.	Circular Membrane of Paper. About twelve inches in diameter	3 50
4667.	Square Membrane of Paper. Twelve inches on a side	3 00
4 668.	Triangular Membrane of Paper. Twelve inches on a side	3 0 0

S

3. VIBRATION OF CORDS.



4676.

		Pl	CICE
4675.	Sonometer, plain form, sounding-board, bridges, key and cord	\$10	00
4676.	Sonometer, of mahogany, with sounding-board of spruce, one metre in length between the bridges, two cords and weights, scale to millimetres, and movable bridges for the octave, thirds, &c	30	00
4677.	Differential Sonometer, with assortment of weights. This instrument is one metre in length between the bridges. Carries three scales, the first the chromatic tempered gamut; the second, the true chromatic gamut and the harmonics; the third is a metre divided to millimetres throughout its length	50	00
4678.	Apparatus for studying the longitudinal vibrations of cords, one metre in length		00
4679.	Two Sonometer Cords of Brass, whose diameters are as 1 to 2		50
	Two Cords of the same diameter, one of iron the other of platinum		50
	Grand Sonometer of M. Berbereau, having eight cords for experiments upon the gamut, &c., &c	150	
	4. VIBRATIONS OF RODS AND BARS.		
4690.	Four Bars of Steel, of which two are of the same length, same thickness, and different width; a third same length as first and double the thickness; and a fourth of the same thickness as the first but its length is to that of the others as 1: 12	15	00
4691.	Four Bars of Brass, similar to No. 4690	7	50
	Four Bars of Wood, do. do	3	00
	Six Bars of same size, five of wood of different kind and density, and one of brass	6	00
4694.	Two Flat Springs of Brass, one a metre in length, the other a half metre, to show the law of the harmonics in transverse vibrations	6	00
4695.	Four Springs of Brass, of the same length, one straight and the others successively more and more curved, to illustrate the nodes in the diapason	7	50
4696.	Four Springs of Steel, two cylinders of one metre in length and of different diameters, a bar of the same length, and a cylinder half	90	nα
4600	the length	20	00
	Four Springs, as in No. 4696, but of wood	o	.00
	A Rod and a Tube of Brass, of same diameter, and one metre in length	20	00
4699.	A Rod of Brass, supported horizontally in a frame, with one end just touching an ivory ball suspended from a frame. As soon as the bar is put into vibration the ball is repelled	20	00
4700.	Apparatus, to show the nodes on a body vibrating longitudinally, consists of a hair with small rings on it, stretched between two keys on a strong frame	3	00

	ACOUSTICS.	49
7		PRICE
	The Claque Bois. A musical instrument founded upon the transverse vibration of bars. Marloye's Harp. A musical instrument, founded on the longitudinal vibrations of rods, consisting of twenty rods of wood, fastened in a strong support. The white rods give the diatonic gamut, the red	\$7 50
	rods the half tones; the sound is produced by playing upon the rods with rosined fingers	30 00
	5. VIBRATION OF PLATES.	
	4710 . 4719 .	4721.
4710.	Bench, with Screw Supports for Six Plates of Brass, three round and three square. Two plates of each shape are of the same size, but one double the thickness of the other. Each pair is accompanied by a third plate of the same thickness as the first but of half the diameter	35 00
4711.	Smaller Bench, with three plates only, either round or square	20 00
4712.	Circular plate of brass, 12 inches in diameter	7 50
	Square plate of brass, 12 inches on the side	7 50
	Triangular plate of brass, 12 inches on a side	7 50
4715.	Hexagonal plate of brass, 12 inches across	7 50
4716.	Series of four plates of plato-glass, finely finished, nine inches on a side, or in diameter, including the circle, square, triangle, and hex-	
	agon	12 00
4717.	Series of four plates of plate-glass, finely finished, five inches on a	
	side, or in diameter, including the circle, square, triangle, and hexagon. For use in projection	8 00
4718	Universal support for plates, composed of four screw-clamps	20 00
	Simple support for plates, to be clamped to a table	5 00
	Simple support for plates, to be held in the hand	5 00
	Simple support for plates held at the centre	5 50
	Support for plates when used for projection, having, besides the main clamp, another to fasten at the node	15 00
4723.	Glass Bell, mounted upon a base. A frame carries four balls, which touch the edge of the bell. When the bell is set into vibration by the bow the balls are repelled if they are not in the nodes	12 50
		X.
SECT	TION VI.—ON THE COMMUNICATION OF VIBRATIONS THROUGH THE OTHERWISE.	Air, or
4730.	Two Diapasons ut, in unison, and mounted upon their resonant	07 50
		27 50

4731. Two plates of brass of the same form, size, and thickness, one of

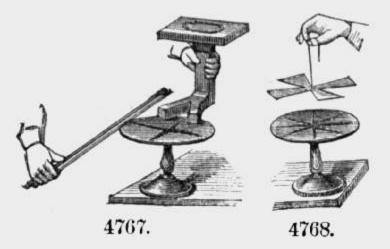
which is mounted upon a base and the other with a handle. On setting the latter in vibration and holding it above the former, having strewn black sand over each, the vibration will be transmitted to the lower one, and the sand on both the plates will assume the

same figures

12 50

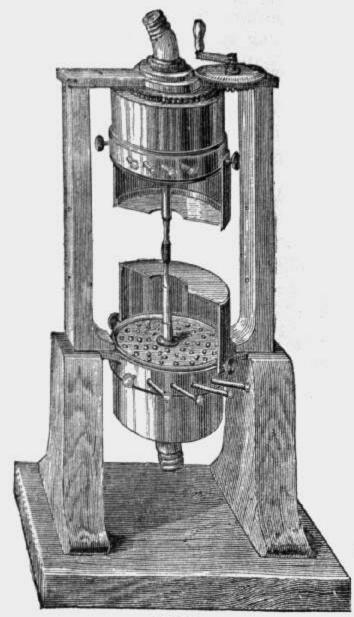
JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.	
4732. Tube of Brass. Twenty-four inches long, with a plate of brass to inches in diameter attached to one end. A hoop, with either of the discs Nos. 4665 or 4666, is placed upon the floor or table, and the experiment No. 4731 is performed by rubbing the tube with a rosine rag	ne ne ed
4733. Tube of Glass. For singing flame, mounted on a base	
4734. Tube of Glass. For sensitive flame, mounted on a base	
4735. Set of four Glass Tubes. For sensitive flames, mounted on a ne base, with hose for each tube	at 15 00
4733. Tube of Brass. For singing or sensitive flame, with support for gla tube on the same stand	ss . 9 00
4737. Neatly Japanned Tin Tube. One metre in length	3 00
4738. Neatly Japanned Tin Tube. Two metres in length	6 00
4742. Apparatus for the transmission of vibrations through liquids	. 5 50
4743. Free Reed. Carried upon a glass wind-chest, surmounted by a tulin unison with the reed, and which can be lengthened to triple i length.	ts
4744. Free Reed. Mounted upon a glass wind-chest, with two harmon cornets of different form to show their influence upon the timbre.	ic
4745. Beating Reed. Mounted as No. 4744, and carrying the same cornets	11 00
4750. Two square plates of Brass. Fastened together by one corner. On larger than the other	
4751. Two round plates of Brass of different sizes. Joined by their ci cumference	r-
4752. Two square plates. Of same size, joined by the corner	
4753. Two round plates. Same size, joined by the circumference	
	274 CONTOR

SECTION VII.—ON THE PHENOMENA RESULTING FROM THE CO-EXISTENCE OF TWO OR MORE SOUNDS IN THE AIR.



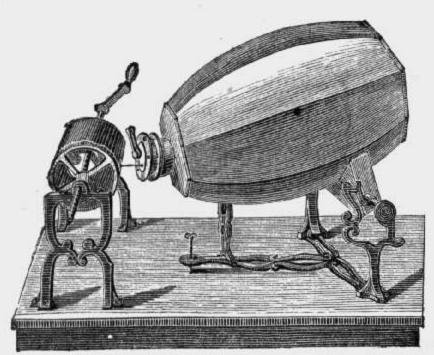
4765.	Two Diapasons ut ₂ in unison. Each mounted upon a support, between the poles of an electro-magnet, with a diapason interrupter			
	$\mathrm{ut}_2\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots\ldots$	165	00	
4766.	The two Diapasons of No. 4765, without the interrupter	90	00	
4767.	Interference Tube. Tube with two arms, surmounted by a disc of thin paper. When held over the opposite sections of a vibrating plate, the vibrations of the two arms of the tube act in unison; when held over contiguous sections the one neutralizes the other	10	00	
4768.	Interference Apparatus of M. Lissajous. A circular plate of brass on stand, and three discs of zinc, cut to correspond with the successive divisions of the plate in vibration	40	00	Consideration of the last
4769.	The three Discs of Zinc of No 4768, without the plate and stand	25	00	

4770.	Five open Organ Tubes. Two giving ut2, and the others mi2, sol2,	PRICE
	and ut ₃ . All so adjusted that they can be made to vary half a tone.	\$42 00
4771.	Two Organ Tubes. Giving ut2, and adjustable as in No. 4770	21 00
4772.	Two open Tubes. Giving the fourth. For the resultant sounds	4 50
4773.	Helmholtz's Double Siren	225 00



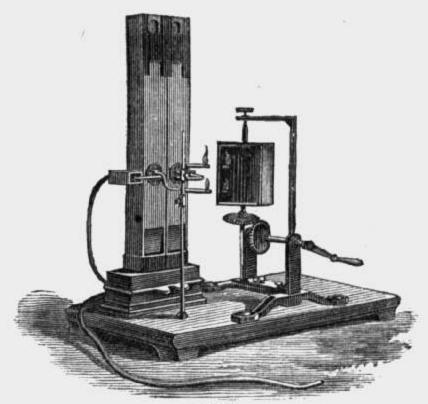
4773.

SECTION VIII.—METHODS OF OBSERVING SONOROUS VIBRATIONS WITHOUT THE USE OF THE EAR. COMPRISING THE GRAPHIC METHOD; THE OPTICAL METHOD; THE METHOD OF MANOMETRIC FLAMES; AND THE METHOD WITH THE STROBOSCOPE.

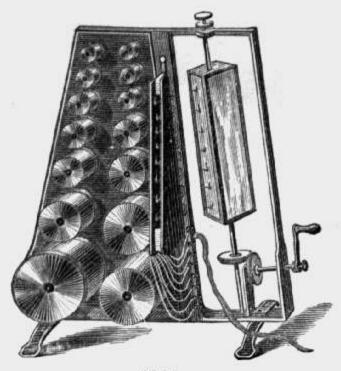


4785.

		PR	ICE
	The Cylinder on its stand, chronometer marker, diapason chronoscope, and stands of No. 4785, without the vibrating membrane and tracer.	\$ 137	50
4788.	The Cylinder, with the screw movement and crank alone, on its stand	80	00
4789.	Regnault's Chronograph. Consisting essentially of a Bond's magnetic register, with three pairs of diapasons dividing the space on the cylinder, indicating seconds, into the $\frac{1}{50}$ $\frac{1}{100}$ or the $\frac{1}{60}$ part. With apparatus for rolling on and fuming the paper to be used	500	00
4790.	Regnault's Chronograph similar to No. 4789, but with only one pair of diapasons	400	00
	Regnault's Chronograph, with one pair of diapasons, but without the apparatus for rolling and fuming the paper	500	00
	Interrupter, with four diapason interrupters of 30, 60, 120, and 180 per second; and a support, fitted with electro-magnet suited to receive four writing diapasons in unison with the above	200	•00
	Interrupter. Similar to No. 4792, but with three pairs of diapasons. 50, 100 and 200 to the second	165	00
4794.	Interrupter. As No. 4792, but with three pairs of diapasons, 32, 64 and 128 per second	100	
4795.	Interrupter and Marker. Of $\frac{1}{100}$ of a second	100	
4796.	Interrupter and Marker. Of 10 of a second	110	00
4801.	Large Lissajous Apparatus. Or apparatus for the optical method alone. Microscope for comparing ten large diapasons, with polished steel mirrors and riders with adjustments from ut ₁ to ut ₃ . With stand and lamp	600	00
4802.	Lissajous Apparatus. For the composition of two movements by the optical method. Six diapasons with steel mirrors, and stand and a lamp.	17	00
4000	The same as No. 4802, but with feebler diapasons and glass mirrors.	110	
	Lissajous Apparatus. With four diapasons		50
4904.	Open Organ Tube. With capsules and gas jets to show the position of		
4000.	the nodes by the method of manometric flames	20	00
4806.	Closed Organ Tube. As No. 4805		00



4807.



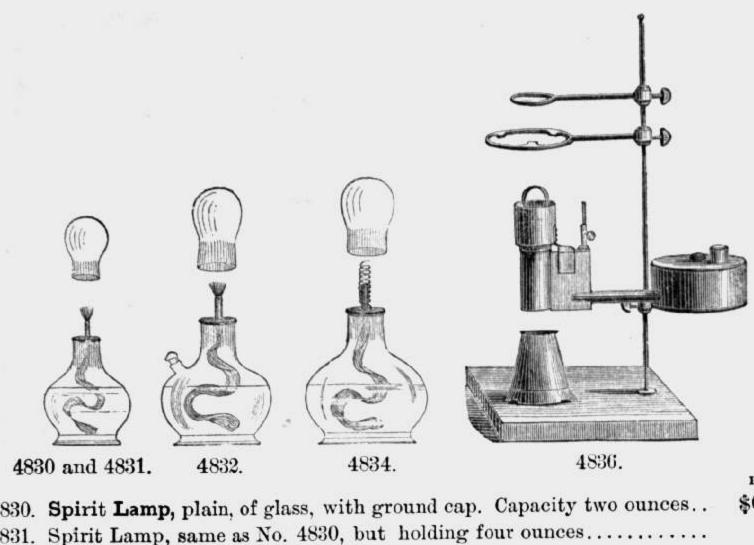
4809.

	4809.		
4808	Apparatus. To resolve in a manner to be seen by the	PI	RICE
	Apparatus. To resolve, in a manner to be seen by the eye, the "timbre" of a sound into its elementary notes by means of manometric flames. The ten Helmholtz Resonators No. 5578 are fixed upon a support one above the other. Each communicates by a small rubber tube with a little cavity which forms the manometric capsule. The gas jets of these capsules are placed one above the other, upon an inclined line, and a revolving mirror whose axis is parallel to this line, decomposes those of the flames which are put into vibration by the resonant globes, while those flames not put into vibration appear simply as a line of light.		00
	Apparatus. Same as No. 4808, but with fourteen adjustable resonators, suited to the analysis of the <i>timbre</i> of any sound whatever	300	00
4810.	Small Revolving Mirror. With a manometric capsule on stand, with rubber tube to attach the resonator	20	00
4811.	Manometric Capsule alone, with rubber tube	10	00
	Kundt's Vibroscope. For polarization.	100	00
	Strong Vise and long bar of glass to show same as No. 4813	25	
4815.	Apparatus to Examine the Vibrations of Bodies by the <i>Stroboscopic</i> Method. Composed of a universal electric interrupter, with two supports and ten graded diapasons, with riders. The diapasons range from ut_1 to ut_3 , and the positions of the riders for intermediate vibrations are marked upon the branches. An arrangement for opening and closing a narrow slit, by means of an electro-magnet, so that a light, intermittent in its nature, may fall upon the body whose movements are to be studied, completes the whole	500	
4816.	Wheatstone's Kaleidophone. Consisting of twelve bars whose vibrations produce the figures of the rectangular combination of two vibrations for different intervals.	50	00
4817.	Wheatstone's Kaleidophone for projection. Similar to No. 4816, but with steel mirrors and a base of lead to be held in a vise	80	00
4818.	Wheatstone's Kaleidophone. With only six bars	30	00
	Wheatstone's Kaleidophone for projection, with only six bars	40	00
	A Series of Reed Pipes giving the gamut, ut_3 to ut_4 , carrying mirrors by which the vibrations of the reed can be thrown upon a screen, and the relation between the different notes made apparent to the eye.		

CHAPTER VI.

HEAT.

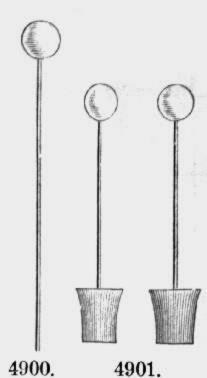
SECTION I.—ARTIFICIAL SOURCES OF HEAT.



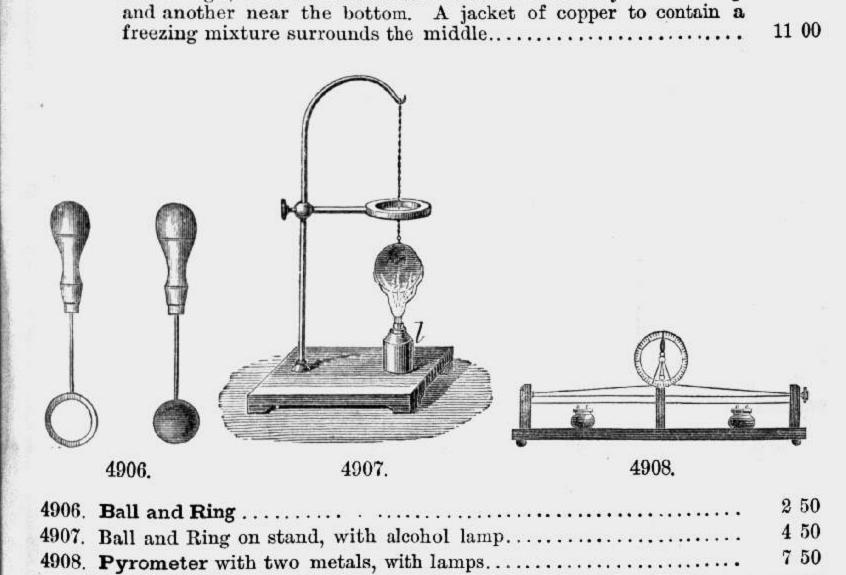
483	30 and 4831.	4832.	4834.	4836.		
				G '1-1		ICE
4830.	Spirit Lamp	, plain, of g	lass, with ground cap.	Capacity two ounces	\$0	
4831.	Spirit Lamp,	same as N	o. 4830, but holding f	our ounces		75
4832.	Spirit Lamp	of glass, wi	th ground cap, and ap	erture for filling without	154	~-
	removing t	the wick.	Capacity two ounces			25
4834.	Aphlogistic	Lamp, simi	lar to No. 4831, but w	ith coil of platinum wire	2	00
4835.	Berzelius L	amp, of str	ong tin, neatly japann	ed	1	00
4836.	Berzelius Lai	np, of brass	s, with rack movement	for the wick, and metal	_	0.0
	chimney, o	on stand				00
4842.	Bunsen's Ga	s Burner, s	ingle tube without reg	gulator	1	75
4843.	Bunsen's Gas	Burner, sa	ame as No. 4842, but w	rith regulator for supply	•	0.0
	of air				2	00
4844.	Bunsen's Gas	Burner, w	rith air regulator, as	No. 4843, and stop-cock	0	-0
	for regulat	ing the flo	w of gas		2	50
4845.	Bunsen's Gas	s Burner, w	rith key for adjusting	the flow both of the air	0	me
						75
4846.	Bunsen's Gas	Burner, w	ith three tubes and re	gulator for supply of air.	3	75
	A	4847. Bun	sen's Blast Lamp, fo	r gas, with one pair of		
		tu	bes for glass-blowing,	melting metals, and any		
		ot	ther intense heating,	with stop-cock on each	0	00
J					0	00
C. S.	COL			6 pairs of tubes, with-	11	25
					11	~0
ğ				e as No. 4848, but with	18	00
	11		이 그들이 하면 하는 것이 나는 아이들이 나는 아이들이 아이들이 되었다.	2.6.1.1	10	•••
	4			anged for hydro-oxygen	10	00
				1.1. G Chautan	10	00
	4847.		dro-o xy gen A pparatu II.	s, complete. See Chapter		
				A TOP CONTRACTOR STORES DEVICE		

For Electric batteries, lamps, etc., for deflagration, etc., see Chap. VII., section IX.

SECTION II.—INSTRUMENTS WHICH ILLUSTRATE THE CHANGE OF VOLUME CAUSED BY HEAT.

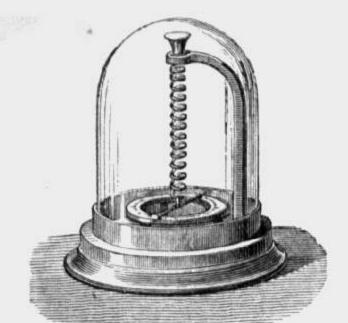


4900.	Air Thermometer. Glass tube fifteen inches long, with bulb two inches in diameter	\$0 25
4901.	Pair of Air Thermometers similar to No. 4900, with glass beakers	1 00
	Apparatus to show expansion of a liquid, consisting of an air thermometer and glass beaker, with stand and holder	2 50
4903.	Apparatus to show comparative expansion of two liquids. A pair of air thermometers on neat stands, one to be partly filled with colored water, the other with alcohol. A large glass beaker to be filled with hot water. For projection by lantern	5 00
4904.	Apparatus to show maximum density of water. An air thermometer on stand, and a copper vessel for the freezing mixture. For projection by lantern.	7 50
49 05.	Apparatus for maximum density of water. A glass cylinder twelve inches high, with a thermometer inserted horizontally near the top	



25 00

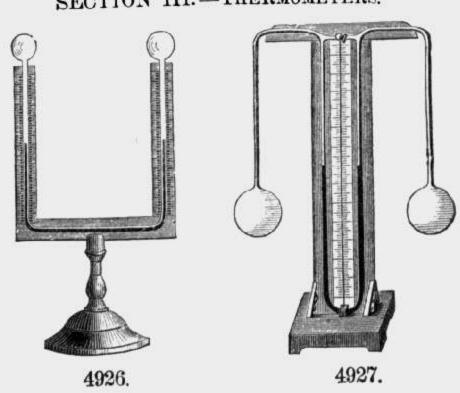
4909. Compound Bar. To show the comparative expansion of two metals (brass and iron); twelve inches long, with a wooden handle..... 4910. Compensating Pendulum. Bars of brass and iron; small model..... 4911. Compensating Pendulum. Rod of brass with compensator of mercury.



4913.

4019	Wedgewood's Pyrometer	15	00
4913.	Breguet's Metallic Thermometer	40	00
4914.	Apparatus to show the Contraction of India-Rubber by Heat. Consisting of a firm base of mahogany supporting a rod of iron with clamps and arms for attaching the India-Rubber, and surrounding it with a sheet-iron tube; and also a post with a lever of very long light arm suspended upon it as a fulcrum, and held down at one end by a spiral spring. A weight of ten pounds and an alcohol lamp complete the arrangement. See Tyndall's Lectures	20	00
4915.	Geyser Illustration. Consisting of a galvanized iron tube six feet long, surmounted by a basin of the same material two and a half feet in diameter. The whole instrument is mounted upon a tripod, and heated at the bottom, and two feet above it, by two charcoal furnaces. A series of stops and cocks permits the operator to illustrate various intermittent geyser actions.	25	00

SECTION III. - THERMOMETERS.



4936. Comparative Thermometer, eight inches long, carrying the three

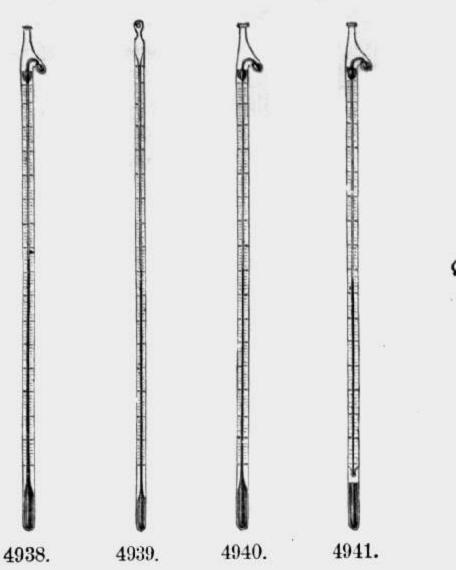
4937. Comparative Thermometer, similar to No. 4936, but with the scales

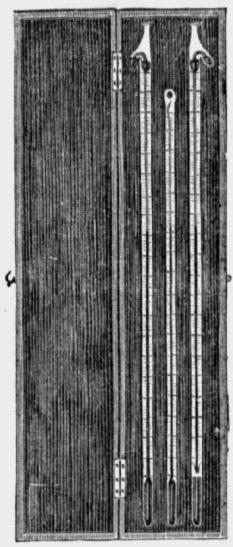
scales, Centigrade, Reaumur, and Fahrenheit.....

engraved upon glass to permit of projection upon a screen by the

lantern......

4 50

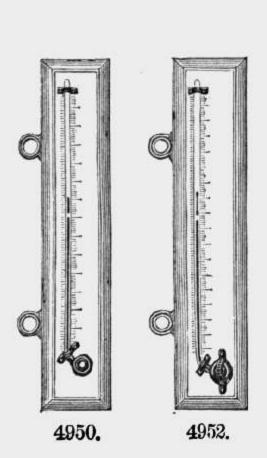


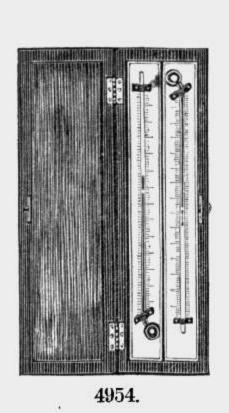


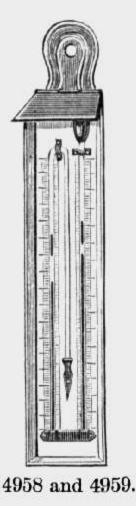
4942.

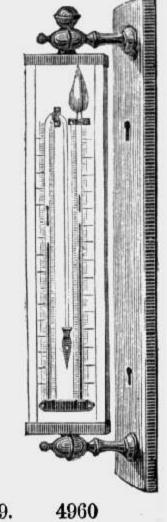
PRICE

4938. Metastatic Thermometer of Walferdin, 16 inches long, to measure very small differences of temperature anywhere between the freezing-point and the boiling-point of mercury..... \$12 50 4939. Metastatic Differential Thermometer of Walferdin, 13 inches long, containing alcohol instead of mercury, and of course showing slighter differences of temperature than is possible with mercury... 12 50 4940. Maximum Thermometer of Walferdin, divided upon the tube..... 12 504941. Minimum Thermometer of Walferdin, divided upon the tube 12 50 4942. Maximum Thermometer and Minimum Thermometer of Walferdin, Nos. 4940 and 4941, with Normal Thermometer No. 4934, inclosed in a neat morocco case..... 35 00 4943. Same as No. 4942, without the Standard Thermometer..... 25 00

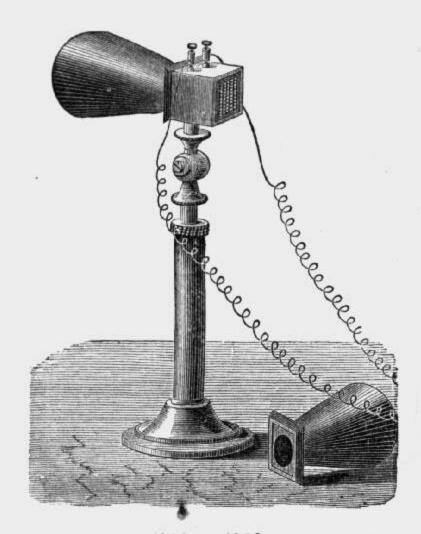








4950.	Minimum Thermometer of Rutherford, Fahrenheit, twelve inches	PRICE
	long, mounted upon a plate of porcelain, with scale	\$10 00
4951.	Minimum Thermometer of Rutherford, twelve inches long, divided upon the tube to fifths of a degree, centigrade, in case	7 50
4952.	Maximum Thermometer of Negretti and Zambra, mounted upon a porcelain plate with scale Fahrenheit	
4953.	Maximum Thermometer of Negretti and Zambra, divided upon the tube to fifths of a degree, centigrade, in neat case	10 00
4954.	Minimum Thermometer, No. 4950, and Maximum Thermometer, No. 4952, in neat morocco case, seven inches long.	10 00
4955.	Same as 4954, but ten inches long.	14 00
4958.	Six's Maximum and Minimum Thermometer, scale eight inches long, mounted in painted tin case, with roof, for protection from sun and weather.	7 50
4959.	Six's Maximum and Minimum Thermometer. Similar to No. 4958, but with scale fourteen inches long	10 50
4960.	Six's Maximum and Minimum Thermometer. 18 inches long, mounted on a porcelain plate. The plate with the thermometers turns upon pivots in the ends, and is fastened by two arms to a strong	4
	oak back, to render it available as a window thermometer	18 00

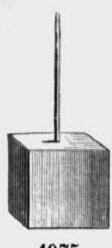


4964 to 4966.

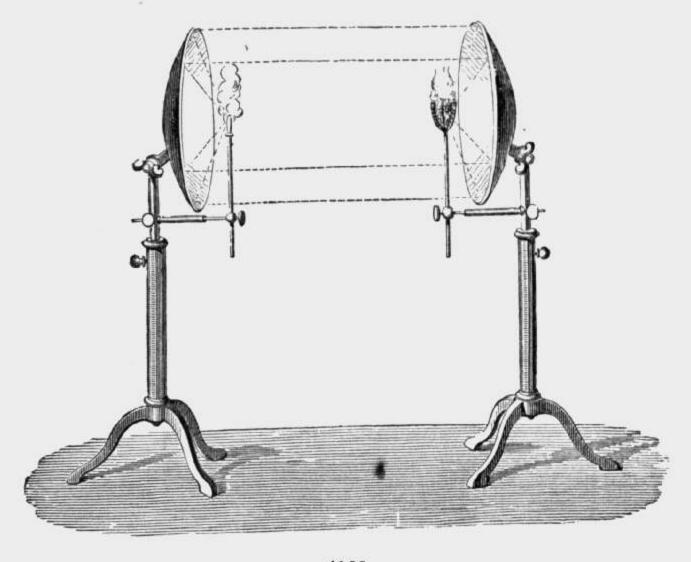
4965. Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 4964, but with thirty-six pairs 45 00 4966. Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 4964, but with forty-nine pairs 60 00	4964.	Thermo-Multiplier. Twenty-five pairs of bismuth and antimony, in brass case, with elevating and adjusting stand, clamp, caps, and	30 00
For Galvanometer, see Electricity; Chapter VII, Nos. 5540 and 5543.		Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 4964, but with thirty-six pairs Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 4964, but with forty-nine pairs For Galvanometer, see Electricity; Chapter VII, Nos. 5540 and	45 00 60 00

S

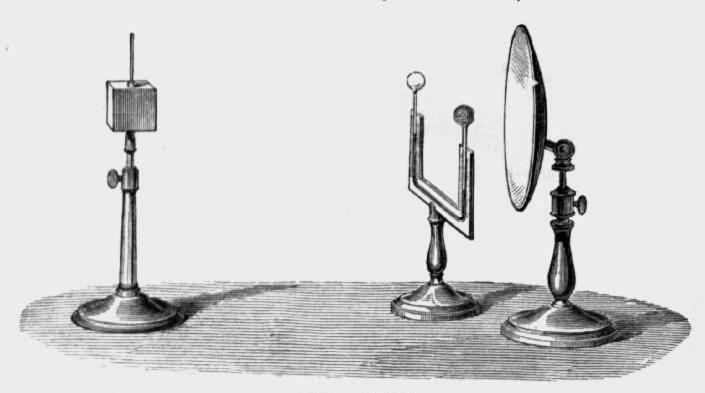
SECTION IV.—OF ABSORPTION, RADIATION, REFLECTION, REFRACTION, AND POLARIZATION.



4975.

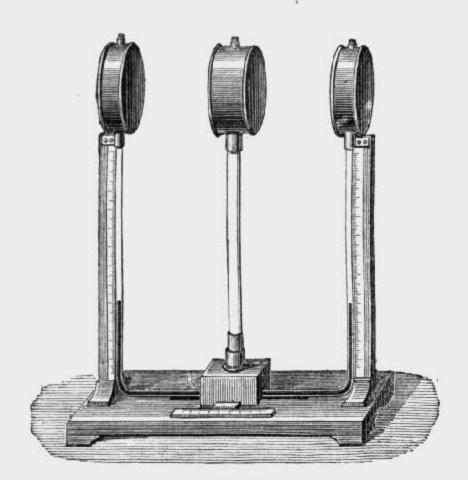


4983.



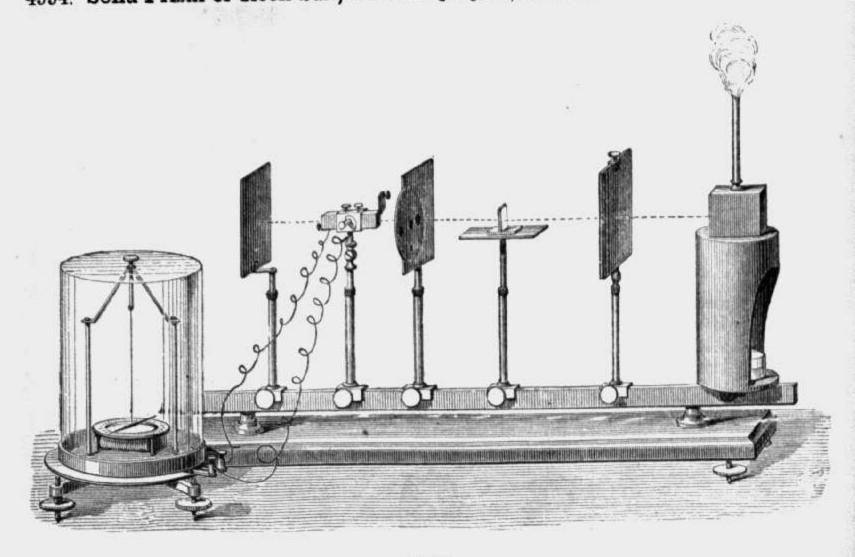
4984 and 4985.

4984. Apparatus to Illustrate both Radiation and Reflection. Consisting of	PRICE
a Leslie's cube, on adjusting stand of mahogany, a Leslie's differential thermometer, and a parabolic reflector, thirteen inches in diameter	
of planished tin, on a neat adjusting stand of mahogany	\$ 12 50
4985. Apparatus, same as No. 4984, but with parabolic reflector of nickel-	
plated copper, thirteen inches in diameter	24 00



4986.

4986.	Ritchie's Apparatus. To show the relation of radiation and absorp-	
	tion. Consisting essentially of a differential thermometer, with	
	reservoirs of metal, the face of one black with lampblack, that of	
	the other covered with white paint. A stand carrying a cylindrical	
	vessel is placed between the arms, and can be adjusted to any de-	
	sired position. This vessel is filled with hot water, and has its face,	
	which is opposite the reservoir with blackened face, covered with	
	white paint, and that opposite the one covered with white paint	
	blackened with lampblack. Thus, the radiation from the black	
	surface is absorbed by the white, and vice versa	25 00
4987.	Burning Mirror, of silvered glass, six inches in diameter, mounted on	
	pivots on a brass frame, with a holder for the substances to be melted.	30 00
4990.	Lens of Glass, six inches in diameter, to show refraction of heat; on	
	a brass stand	10 00
4991.	Lens, similar to No. 4990, but eight inches in diameter	13 00



4995.

4995. Melloni's Apparatus for determining the laws of radiant heat, and the dia-thermancy of bodies.

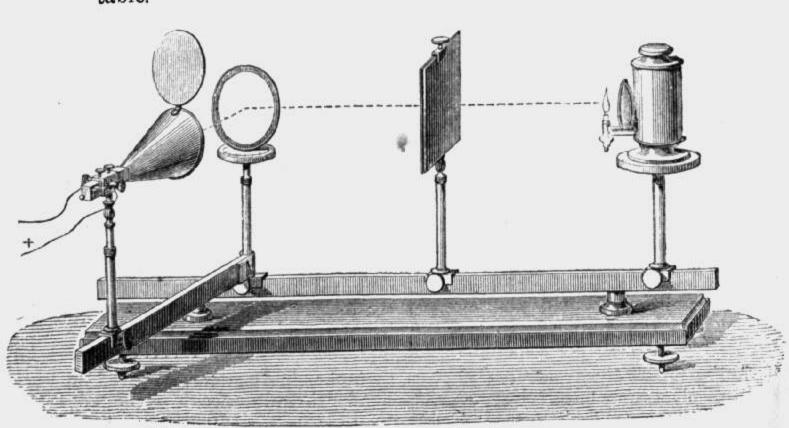
This instrument consists of a graduated bar of brass, on a finely polished wooden base, with leveling screws; and carrying on elevating and adjusting posts of brass the following parts:

1. A Leslie's Cube, with shield and lamp.

2. Three screens, for cutting off and limiting the amount of heat.
3. A table to carry the body whose dia-thermancy is to be tested.

4. A thermo-multiplier, No. 4964.

A delicate galvanometer, with leveling screws, accompanies the table.



PRICE

4996. Melloni's Apparatus for illustrating the laws of reflection, refraction, and diffusion. Consisting of the following additions to No. 4995:

1. A graduated arm of brass connected with the main bar of No. 4995 by a pivot and clamp.

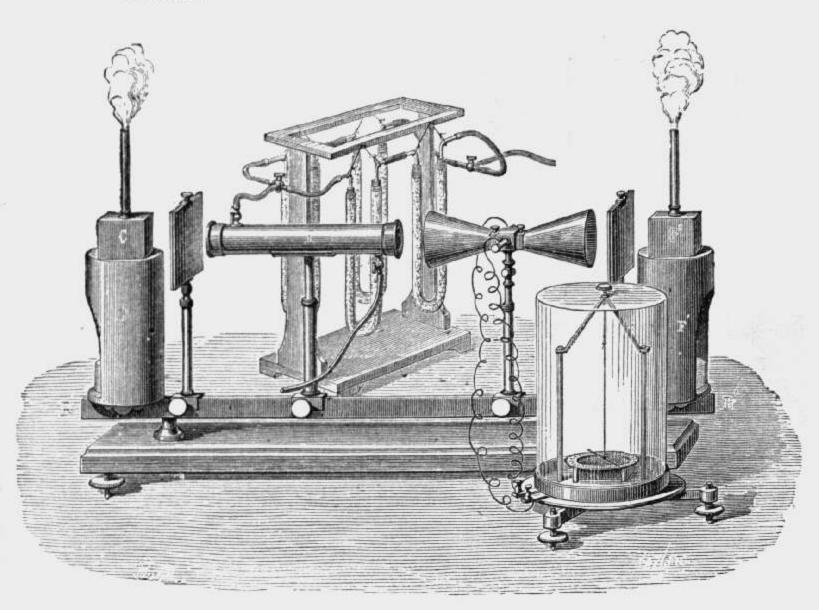
A Locatelli lamp on stand.
 A double screen on stand.

4. A stand with circular table graduated on the margin.

5. A silver reflector, burnished upon one side, but left unburnished upon the other.

6. A hollow prism for bisulphide of carbon.

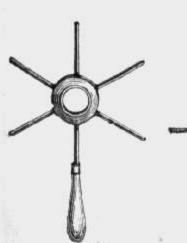
Fig. 4996 shows the mode of arranging the thermo-multiplier and reflector.



4997.

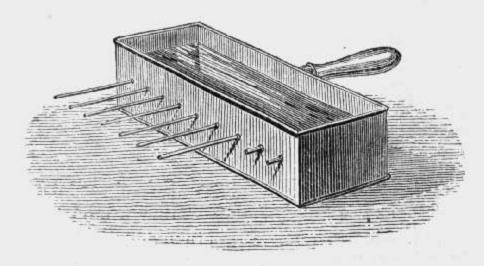
4997. Tyndall's Addition to Melloni's Apparatus. Consisting of a brass tube, with caps of rock salt, and entrance and exit tubes for gases; a series of four U tubes with the necessary stop-cocks, mounted on a neat mahogany frame, and an additional Leslie's cube, with clamp and shield, and a double screen. The mode of using is shown in the cut.

\$85 00



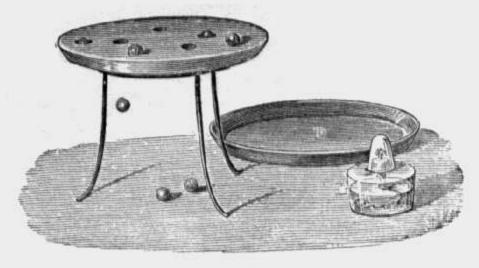
5000.





5002

INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE PHENOMENA OF VAPORIZATION.	65
5013. Set of Boxwood Moulds, to use in showing the phenomenon of rege-	PRICE
lation. Spherical, cylindrical, and lenticular forms.	\$ 6 00
5014. Cast-Iron Bottles. With screw top, to show the expansive power of water in freezing. Each.	4 00
SECTION V.—OF INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE PHENOMENA	
VAPORIZATION.	
5030. 5031. 5032.	
5030. Culinary Paradox A glass flask, capacity one quart, with cork	60
5031. Culinary Paradox. A glass flask, capacity one quart, with brass cap and stop-cock	3 50
5032. Culinary Paradox. A glass flask, with brass cap and stop-cock. A larger flask is connected with this by a metal tube, and a pair of stop-	
cocks, placed as shown in the cut, permits the large flask to be ex-	4F 00
hausted by the air-pump	15 00
I	

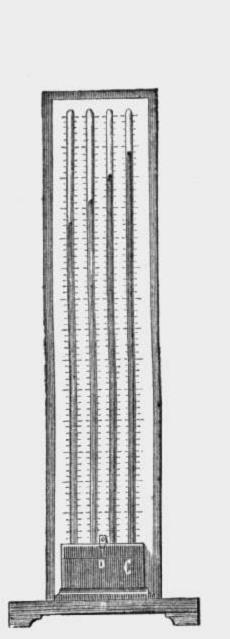


5038.

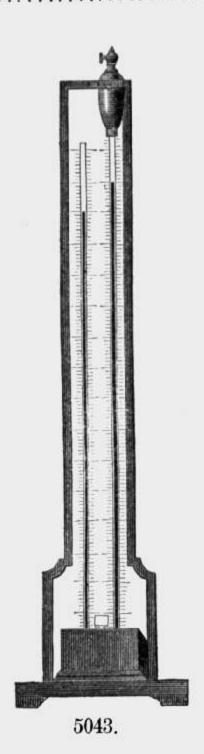
5038. Tyndell's Apparatus for Specific Heat. Consisting of a metal stand and ring for supporting a plate of wax. A dish for moulding the wax, and a lamp for melting it, two cakes of wax, three-eighths of an inch in thickness, and a series of seven balls, accompany the instrument......

PRICE

\$7 50



5041.

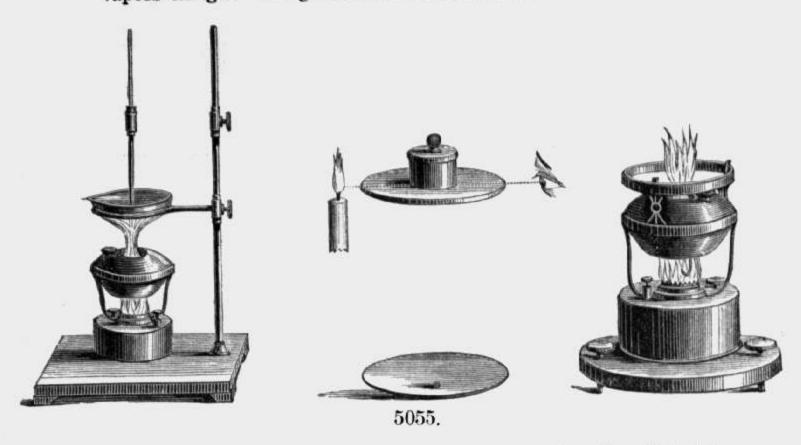


INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE PHENOMENA OF VAPORIZATION.	67
plies to Non-saturated Vapors. Cistern of iron, with glass top, mounted on a neat iron tripod. An ordinary barometer tube supported from one side of the tripod at the law of Mariotte approach to the ported from one side of the tripod.	PRICE
creases with the degree of saturation. A vase of iron for mercury, an ordinary barometer tube of glass, and a second tube, to the upper end of which a m tallic vessel with ston-cock is semented.	2 50
DOUGLOIV LABORITED IN A HOUT PART of normal of a second of a	7 50
5045. 5046. 5047.	
5045. Dalton's Apparatus. To measure the tension of the vapor of water between 0° and 212°. Consists of an iron reservoir for mercury, a glass tube three or four inches in diameter, and thirty-six inches	

between 0° and 212°. Consists of an iron reservoir for mercury, a glass tube three or four inches in diameter, and thirty-six inches high, for water; two barometer tubes, and two thermometers, on a strong frame. The whole is supported by a stout frame, and rests on a strong furnace for charcoal; or on a heavy iron base when Bunsen burners supply the place of a furnace. With the furnace.

48 00 to 40 to 40

5047. Apparatus of Gay Lussac and Thenard. To measure the tension of vapors mingled with gases..... \$48 00



5055. Apparatus of M. Boutigny. For experiments upon the spheroidal state of liquids. Consisting of a blast-lamp with vertical jet, on a table, with leveling screws, and a table to hold the various plates, etc., as follows:

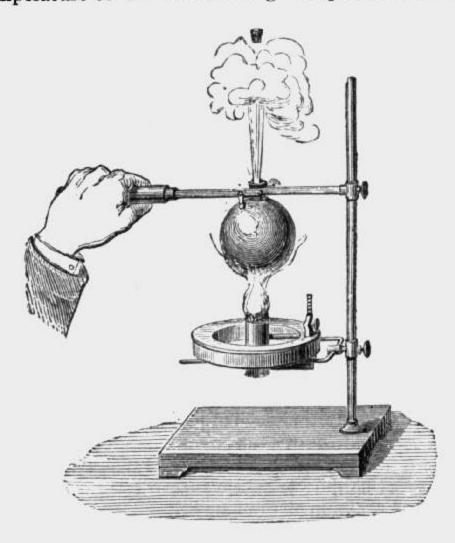
1. A silvered plate slightly hollowed.

2. A silvered cup, pierced with small holes.

3. A silvered plate, perfectly plain, and a silvered cylinder, cut away on opposite sides at one end.

4. A silvered basin, furnished with a thermometer, to show the temperature of the fluid during the spheroidal state.....

50 00



5056.

5056. Copper Vessel, to show spheroidal state. With lamp supported on stand as shown in the cut.....



5077. Working Model, same as No. 5076, but with low-water gauge......

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44

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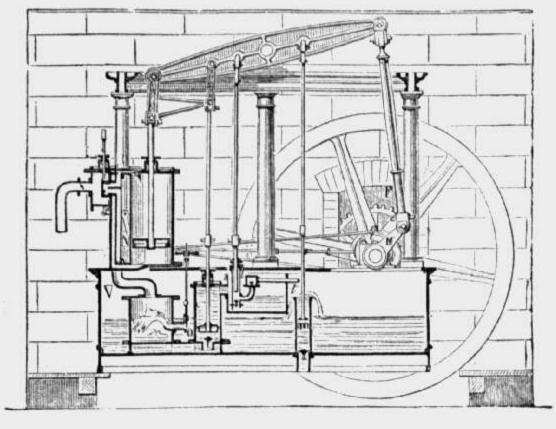
11 00

A.P.

PRICE

5078. Working Model of High-pressure Engine. Of brass, with detached boiler of copper, ten inches long and four inches in diameter, with safety-valve, high and low water gauges, connecting pipe, with stop-cock to shut off steam from the boiler, brass fly-wheel five inches in diameter, and driving-wheel on end of crank to permit the attachment of light articles for rotation.

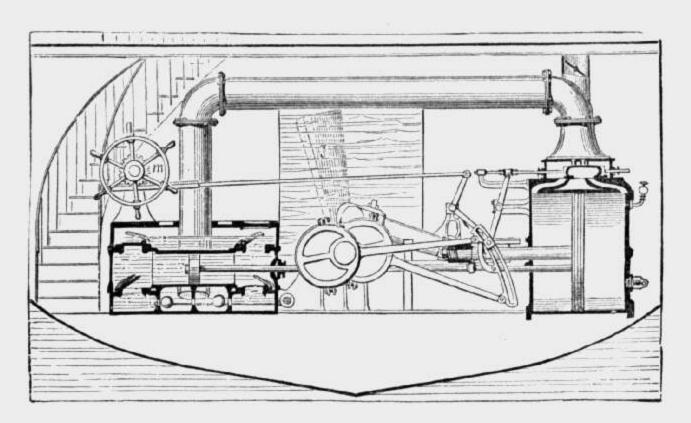
\$40 00



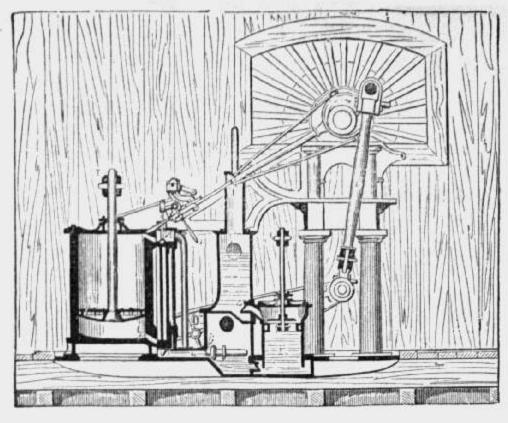
5095.

5095. Sectional Model of Watts' Engine. Of strong card-board. Showing all the interior valves and details of construction. Moved by a crank at the back.....

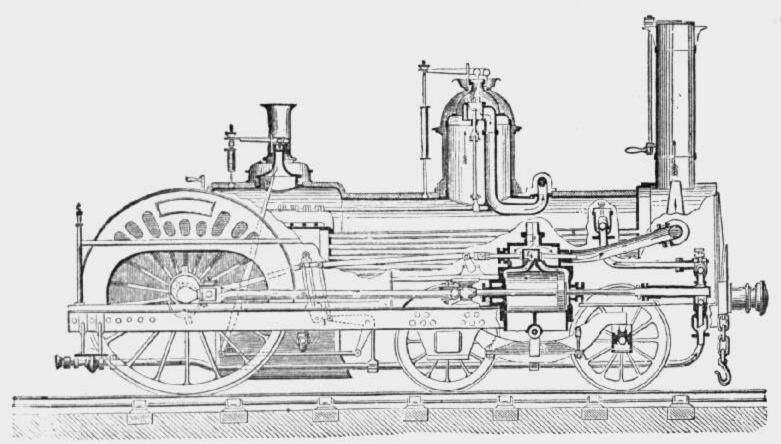
10 00



5096.



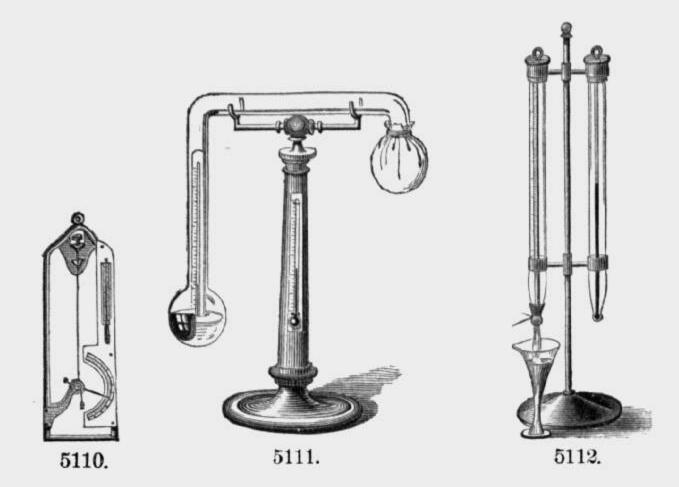
5097.

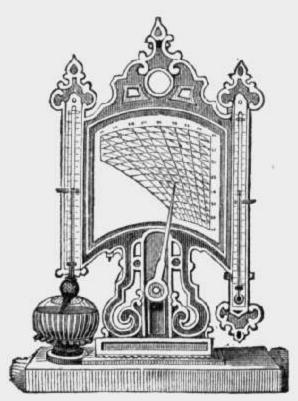


PEGARO

5098.

SECTION VII.-HYGROMETERS.





5117.

5117. The Hygrodeik. A very useful instrument for showing the actual temperature, the temperature due to evaporation, the relative amount of moisture, and the dew point, by adjusting the index on the dial. This instrument is especially suited for use in school-rooms and parlors. On a neat marble base

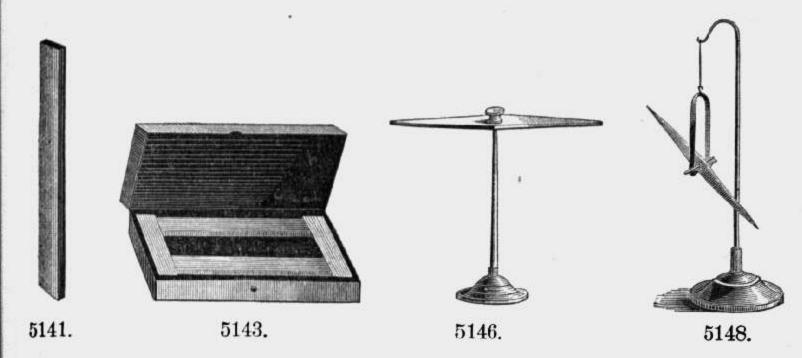
14 00

PRICE

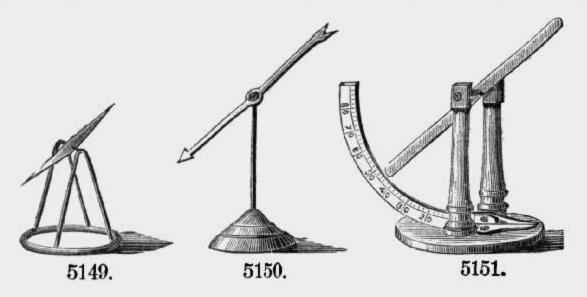
CHAPTER VII.

ELECTRICITY.

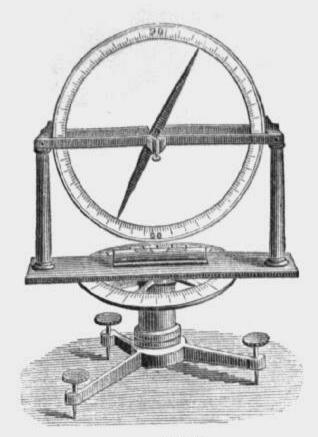
SECTION I.—INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRICITY.



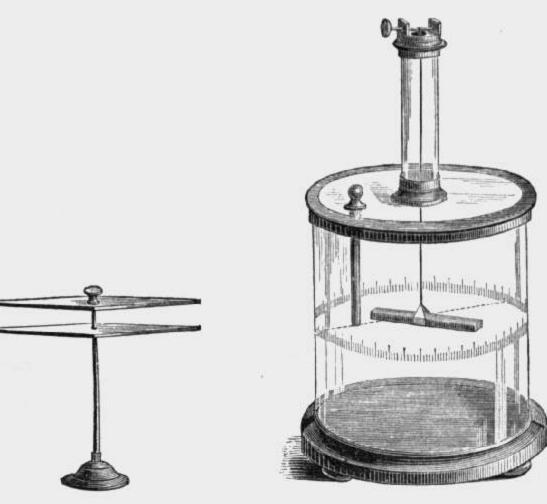
	PRICE
5138. Lodestone, or Natural Magnet	. \$0 50
5139. Lodestone. Very strong, in brass frame, with rings	. 15 00
5141. Bar Magnet. Six inches long	. 1 25
5142. Bar Magnets. Pair, two inches long, to be used in projecting the "magnetic phantom"; in box, with armatures	e . 2 50
Magnets. Pair, nine inches long, in neat wooden box, with arm tures	a- . 3 50
5146. Magnetic Needle. Six inches long. On stand	. 2 50
5147. Magnetic Needle. Very superior, with agate centre	
5148. Magnetic Needle. Fifteen inches long, suspended by a stirrup and cord from a brass stand	d



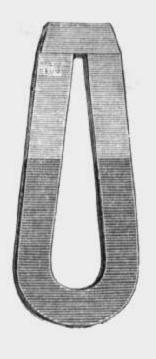
			, two inches long	2 00
0.00	5150.		, twelve inches long, on uni-	8 00
	5151.		needle three and a half inches	10 00

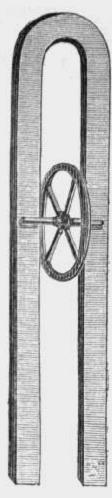


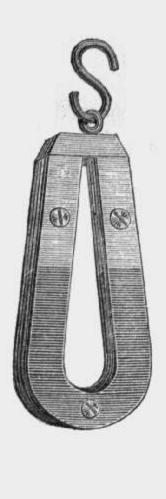
5152.



			5155.	5158.			
5155.	Astati	ic Nee	dle.	Pair, six inches long, on a brass pivot and stand.	5		
5156.	5156. Astatic Needle. Pair, twelve inches long, supported by an untwisted cord from a brass stand						
5158.	158. Torsion Balance. Glass case, eight inches in diameter and ten inches high						
5170.				et, one inch long	. 1		
5171.		"	ũ	two inches long	1		
5172.	"	66	"	two and one-half inches long	2		
5173.	"	66		three inches long	2		
5174.		"		three and one-half inches long	3		
5175.	"	"	"	four inches long	4		
5176.	"	"	"	four and one-half inches long	6		
5177.	"	46	66	five inches long	7		
5178.	"	66	44	five and one-half inches long	8		
5179.	"	"	"	six inches long	1 0		

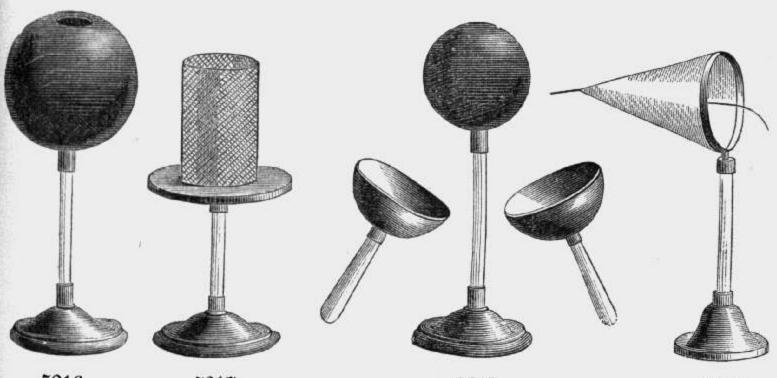




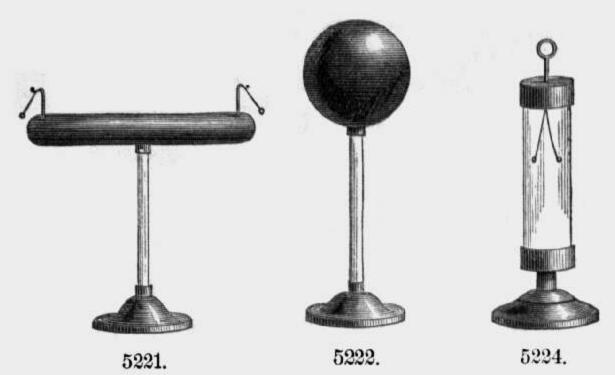


5170-81.	5186.	5187.
N/T		

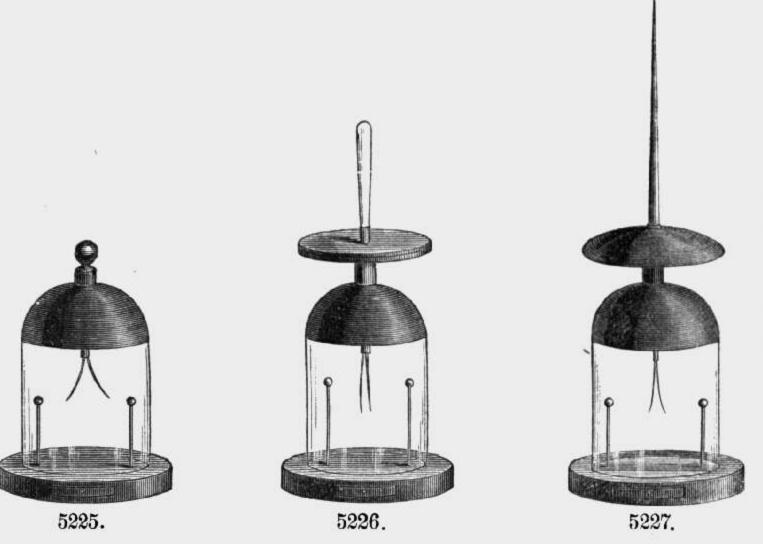
2100	TIA	1	N#	Samuel and the second s	LI	TICE.
9160.	Hors	esnoe i	wagnet,	seven inches long	\$1	25
5181.	**		4.6	eight inches long	1	50
5185.		**	er	ten inches long, very superior quality	- 5	00
5186.	"	"	50.0	ten inches long, with rolling armature		25
5187.	Comp	pound	Horsesh	oe Magnet, four bars, four inches long	W. 25	00
5188.	Comp	ound I	1orseshoe	Magnet, four bars, five inches long		00
5189.	Comp	ound I	Iorsesho	e Magnet, four bars, six inches long		50



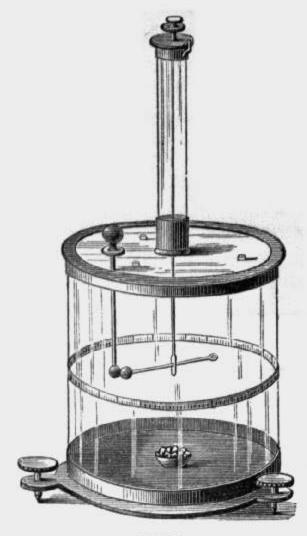
-					9
	5216.	5217.	5218.	5219	•
5210.	Pith Ball	s, per dozen			25
9211.	Pith Balls,	suspended by co	ords, each		10
0212.	Glass Roo	I, for excitation.		1	00
0213.	Rod of Sh	ellac, for excitat	ion	2	00
214.	Plate of V	ulcanite, for ex	citation	2	00
215.	Cat's Skin	, for exciter		1	00
)216.	Hollow S resides of with pro	phere, five inch only on the surf of plane	es in diameter. To show that electricity ace of bodies. On neat insulating stand,		00
5217.	Faraday's	Wire Cylinder	on a polished, insulated brass plate	(00
£18.	Biot's Hen	nispheres. Pair closing a silvered	of hollow brass hemispheres, on insulating linsulated sphere, four inches in diameter.	14	00
219.	Faraday's	Bag, on insulate	ed ring, six inches in diameter	5	00



		PRICE
	Induction Cylinders, of brass, finely finished, seven inches long, on neat insulating stand	\$ 5 00
5222.	Induction Globe, of silvered brass, four inches in diameter, on strong insulating stand	9 00
5223.	Pith Ball Electroscope, plain	1 00
5224.	Plain gold Leaf Electrometer	5 00



5225.	Bennett's Electroscope, or Gold Leaf Electrometer, with ball. Glass bell, nine inches high by seven and a half inches in diameter, mounted on wooden base, with drawer for drying material. This and the following electroscopes are finely finished in every part,	0.0	00
	and are of exceeding delicacy	20	00
5226.	Bennett's Electroscope, same as No. 5225, but with Volta's condenser		
	instead of ball	25	00
5227.	Saussure's Electroscope	25	00



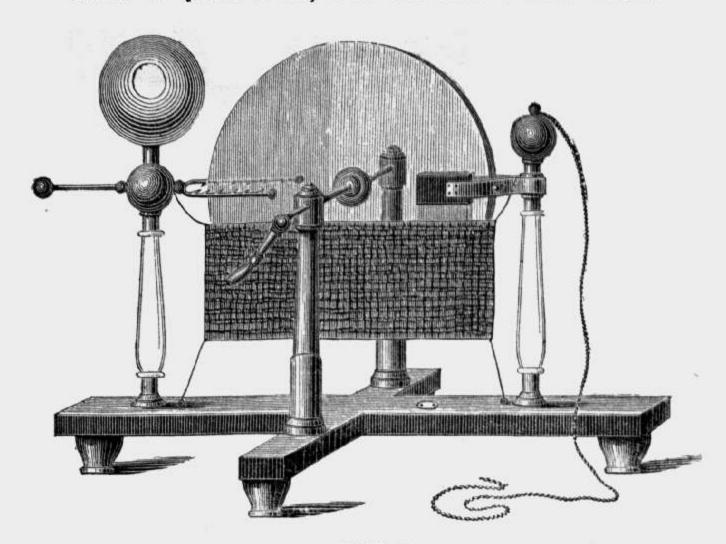
5228.

Ε.			PRICE
1	5228.	Coulomb's Electrometer. Glass case, eight inches in diameter, and ten inches high, on neat stand of mahogany	\$25 00
(5229.	Thomson's Electrometer, as improved by Bunsen. This is, perhaps, the most perfect instrument for the detection and measurement of	
		small quantities of electricity, yet devised. Furnished with lamp and transparent scale for receiving the indications; complete	100 00

SECTION II.

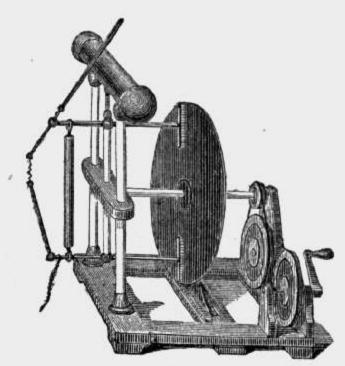
INSTRUMENTS FOR OBTAINING ELECTRICITY OF TENSION BY FRICTION.

diameter	of sealing wax, with brass base and plate, ten inches in	8 0	0
in diameter		10 ()0
and plate		10 (0
and plate		15 ()0
5244. Friction Mach	ine. Plate, of glass, twelve inches in diameter, with	2 5 (0



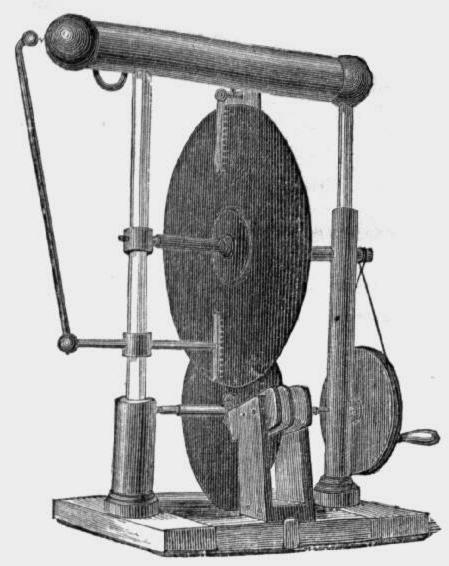
5245-48.

5945 Thirthian Barabian Classical and the control of the control o	PRI	CE
5245. Friction Machine. Glass plate, sixteen inches in diameter, solid walnut base, finely polished, felt rubbers of best quality, insulated positive and negative conductors, of brass; Rogers' condenser, silk apron, box of amalgam, and four feet of brass chain	\$ 30 (00
5246. Friction Machine. Glass plate, twenty inches in diameter, with solid polished walnut base, felt rubbers of best quality, insulated positive and negative conductors, of brass; Rogers' condenser, silk apron, box of amalgam, and five feet of brass chain	40 (00
5247. Friction Machine. Glass plate, twenty-four inches in diameter, with solid polished walnut base, felt rubbers of best quality, insulated positive and negative conductors, of brass: Rogers' condenser silk		
apron, box of amalgam, and six feet of brass chain	65 ()0
apron, box of amalgam, and eight feet of brass chain	100 ()0



5249.

0249.	Bertsch Machine,	Inducing	plate d	of	rubber,	twenty-one inche	es in	10
	diameter	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	٠.				100 00



5250-53.

	PRICE
5250. Dielectric Machine. Both plates of hard rubber. Friction plate eight inches in diameter. Main plate, thirteen inches in diameter. With condenser. Gives torrent of sparks five inches long	\$ 80 00
5251. Dielectric Machine. Similar to No. 5250, but with plates thirteen and eighteen inches in diameter, and giving sparks of seven inches	110 00
5252. Dielectric Machine. Similar to No. 5250, but with plates fifteen and nineteen inches in diameter, and giving sparks of nine inches	150 00
5253. Dielectric Machine. Similar to No. 5250, but with plates seventeen and twenty-four inches in diameter, and giving sparks of twelve inches	215 00
5260. Holtz Machine. Plate of hard rubber, seventeen inches in diameter. Inducing plates also of hard rubber. With cat's skin and brass chain	100 00

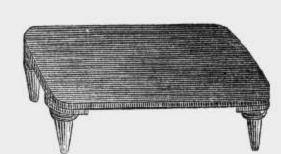
SECTION III.—On the Attraction and Repulsion of Tensional Electricity.



5270 and 5271



5272.

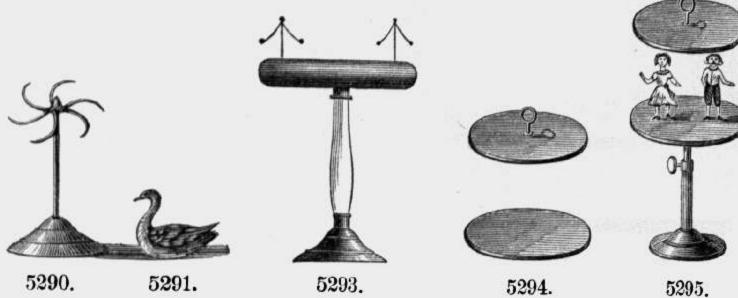


5273 and 5274.

0210 and 021	1,	
	Of brass, with balls and adjusting slide.	3 50
	Same as No. 5270, but four feet in length	4 00
[1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1] [1]	trometer, and stand	2 50

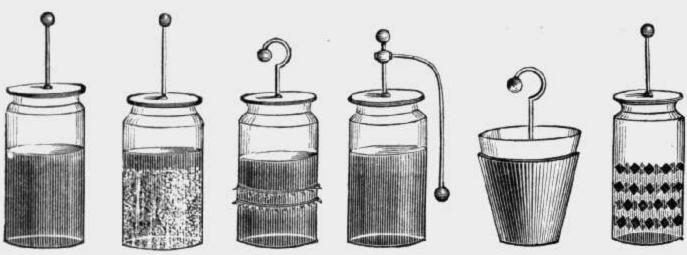
5286. Revolving Globe.....

		-	and interior.		91
5288. 5289.	Volta's Hail Storm.	Arrange	d for projection	Q:	7 00 5 00 5 00
		,			



5290.	5291.	5293.	5294.	5295.
5290. E lectr	ical Flier and	Stand		1 75
5291. Electr	ical Swan			1 50
5292. E lectr	ical Spider		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40
5293. Insulat	ed Conductor.	Of brass, 5 inche	s in diameter and	24 inches
5294. M etall	ic Plates. Fo	r dancing images, fo es in diameter. No	r suspension. Of t	in, neatly
5295. Metallic	c Plates. For	dancing images. S	imilar to No. 5294.	butlower
5297. D ancin	g Images. Of	pith, per pair		1 00

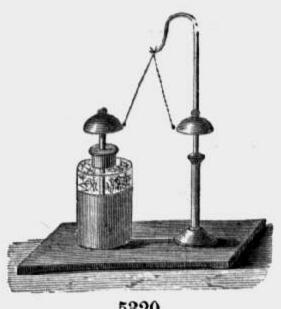
SECTION IV.—CONDENSERS AND THE LEYDEN JAR.



		1000000					
	5310–13.	5314.	5315.	5316.	5317.	5318 and 5	319.
5310	Leyden Jar	One pi	nt	• · · · • • · • • · · •			1 50
	Leyden Jar.						2 00
	Leyden Jar.						2 75
	Leyden Jar.		270				3 25
	Lightning J						2 50
	Atmospheri						3 75
100	Electromet			3.7			3 25
	Leyden Jar						3 50
	Diamond Ja						4 00
	Diamond Ja						5 00

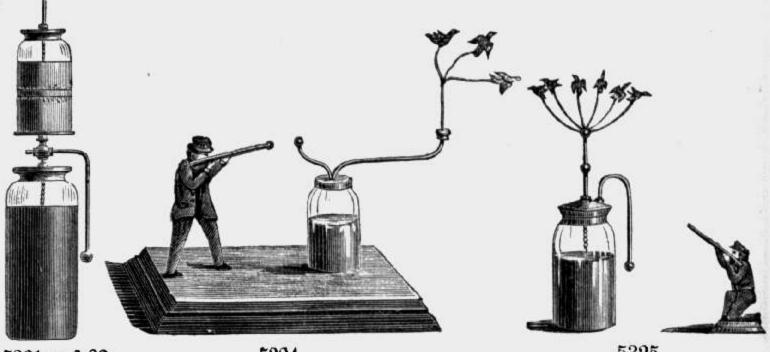
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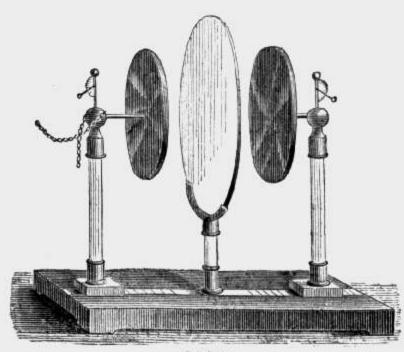
5320.

PRICE 5320. Leyden Jar. With bell and ball for slow discharge..... \$6 50



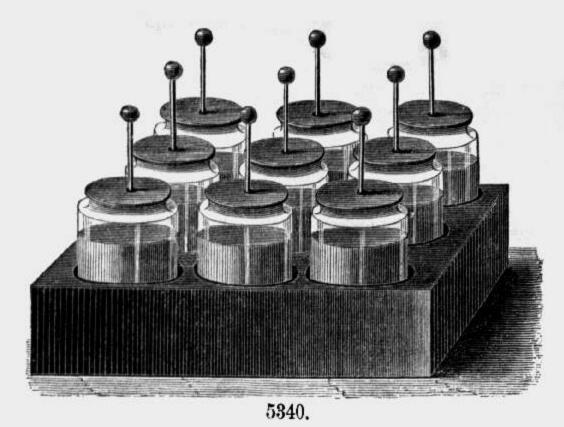
5325. 5321 and 22. 5324.

5321. Double Jar. Pint and quart	5 00
5322. Double Jar. Quart and half gallon	6 25
5324. Electrical Sportsman. On stand, with Leyden jar, and birds	7 50
5325. Electrical Sportsman and electrometer jar with birds	4 00
5326. Electrical Sportsman, and birds, without jar	1 25
5327. Miser's Plate. Ten inches by twelve, unmounted	1 25
5328 Miser's Plate Same as No. 5327 but in a neat walnut frame	2 50

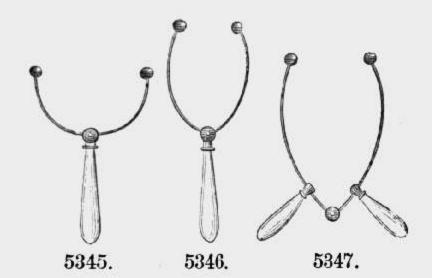


5335.

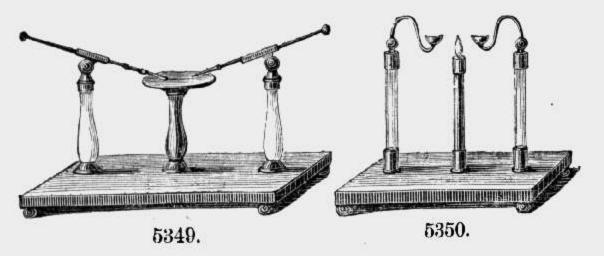
5335. Condenser of Epinus. Outer plates each six and a half inches in diameter, on neat mahogany stand......



			PP	RICE
5 336.	Electrical Battery.	In neat walnut tray, containing four quart jars	\$10	00
		Similar to No. 5336, but with six quart jars		00
		In neat walnut tray, containing four half-gallon		
			14	00
5 339.	Electrical Battery.	Similar to No. 5338, but with six half-gallon jars.	18	00
5340.	Electrical Battery.	Same as above, but with nine half-gallon jars	27	00
5341.	Electrical Battery.	In neat walnut tray, with handles, containing		
		urs	16	00
5342.		Similar to No. 5341, but with six one-gallon jars.	24	00

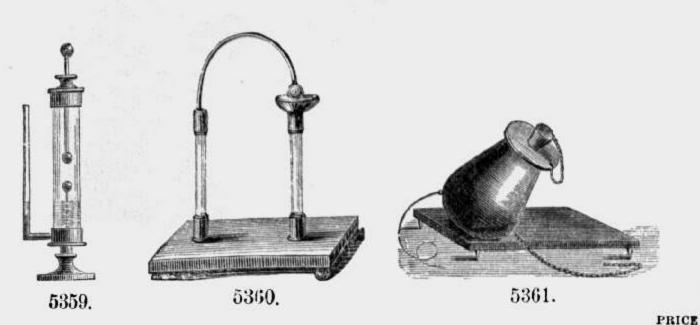


5345.	Glass or Rubber Handle Discharger. Not jointed	3 00
5346.	Glass or Rubber Handle Discharger. Jointed	5 00
5347.	Discharger. With two handles of glass or rubber	5 50

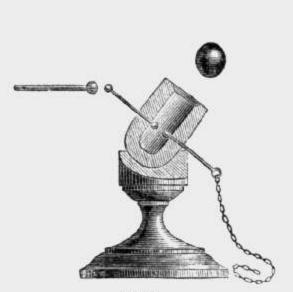


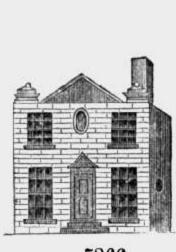
5340	Hairwayeel Discharger	Insulated arms and adjusting table	15	00
OUTO.	Omversal Discharger.	Industrial arms	=	00
5350.	Phosphorus Apparatus.		9	00

SECTION V.—ON THE ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE.



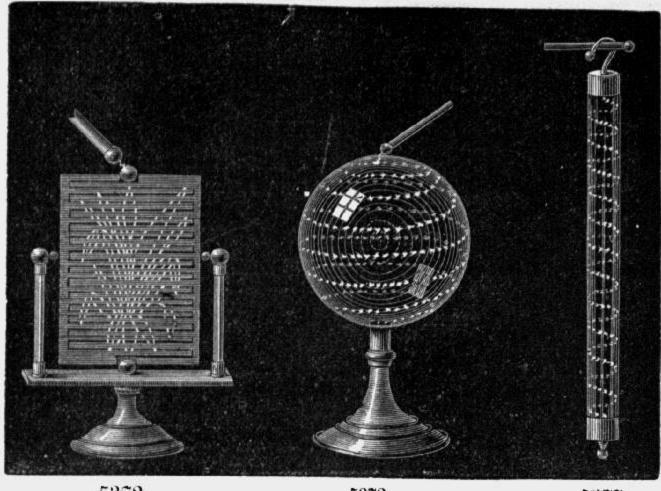
5359. Kinnersley's Thermometer	\$7 50
5360. Powder Apparatus	4 50
5361. Powder Bomb. Of wood, on mahogany base	2 00





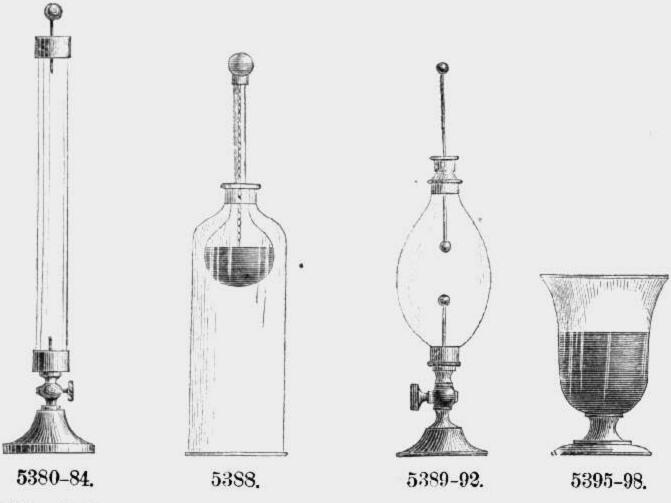


5364. 5366. 5367. 5368. 5363. Electrical Pistol. Of brass, with wooden handle. 8 00 5364. Electrical Bomb. Of ivery, on mahogany base. 5 00 5365. Electrical Pyramid. 4 50 5366. Fire House of Japanned Tin. 6 50 5367. Ether Cup, with ball at centre and with handle of wood. 1 50 5368. Brass Ball. On handle, to be used in igniting cotton. 1 75 5370. Fulminating Pane. Plate of Glass, twelve inches square, with the middle coated with filings, to show the zigzag course of the electric spark. Not framed. 1 75 5371. Fulminating Pane. In neat frame, on stand. 5 00 5372. Luminous Pane. With various devices, such as a star, arch, motto, flowers, etc., etc., in neat frame on stand. 7 00 5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base. 9 00 5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long. 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long. 5 00 5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long. 5 00 5377. Luminous Tube. With hook for suspension. Three feet long. 5 50		FARST STREET, STREET	1000	Children and a second	PRIN	•	•	
5364. Electrical Bomb. Of ivory, on mahogany base. 5 00 5365. Electrical Pyramid. 4 50 5366. Fire House of Japanned Tin 6 50 5367. Ether Cup, with ball at centre and with handle of wood. 1 50 5368. Brass Ball. On handle, to be used in igniting cotton 1 75 5370. Fulminating Pane. Plate of Glass, twelve inches square, with the middle coated with filings, to show the zigzag course of the electric spark. Not framed 1 75 5371. Fulminating Pane. In neat frame, on stand 5 00 5372. Luminous Pane. With various devices, such as a star, arch, motto, flowers, etc., etc., in neat frame on stand 7 00 5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base 9 00 5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long 5 00		5364.		5366		5367.	5368	. }
5364. Electrical Bomb. Of ivory, on mahogany base. 5 00 5365. Electrical Pyramid. 4 50 5366. Fire House of Japanned Tin 6 50 5367. Ether Cup, with ball at centre and with handle of wood. 1 50 5368. Brass Ball. On handle, to be used in igniting cotton 1 75 5370. Fulminating Pane. Plate of Glass, twelve inches square, with the middle coated with filings, to show the zigzag course of the electric spark. Not framed 1 75 5371. Fulminating Pane. In neat frame, on stand 5 00 5372. Luminous Pane. With various devices, such as a star, arch, motto, flowers, etc., etc., in neat frame on stand 7 00 5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base 9 00 5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long 5 00	5363. E lect	rical Pistol	. Of brass, w	vith wooden han	dle		8	00
5365. Electrical Pyramid							5	00
5366. Fire House of Japanned Tin	5365. Elect	rical Pyra	mid	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• · · · · . • • • • •	4	50
5367. Ether Cup, with ball at centre and with handle of wood	5366. Fire	House of Ja	apanned Tin				6	50
5368. Brass Ball. On handle, to be used in igniting cotton	5367. Ether	Cup, with	ball at cent	ere and with har	adle of woo	d	1	50
5370. Fulminating Pane. Plate of Glass, twelve inches square, with the middle coated with filings, to show the zigzag course of the electric spark. Not framed							1	75
5371. Fulminating Pane. In neat frame, on stand. 5 00 5372. Luminous Pane. With various devices, such as a star, arch, motto, flowers, etc., etc., in neat frame on stand. 7 00 5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base. 9 00 5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long. 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long. 4 00 5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long. 5 00	5370. Fulm mi	inating P ar ldle coated	ne. Plate of with filings, t	Glass, twelve is show the zigza	nches squa g course of	re, with the the electric		75
5372. Luminous Pane. With various devices, such as a star, arch, motto, flowers, etc., etc., in neat frame on stand. 7 00 5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base. 9 00 5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long. 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long. 4 00 5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long. 5 00	5371. Fulm	inating Pan	e. In neat f	frame, on stand.			5	00
5373. Luminous Globe. On polished walnut base	5372. Lumi	nous Pane. wers, etc., e	With variou tc., in neat f	us devices, such rame on stand	as a star,	arch, motto,	7	00
5374. Luminous or Diamond Tube. Straight. One foot long. 3 00 5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long. 4 00 5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long. 5 00	5373. Lum :	inous Globe	• On polish	ed walnut base.			9	00
5375. Luminous Tube. Straight. Two feet long. 4 00 5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long. 5 00	5374. Lum	nous or Dia	mond Tube.	Straight. One	foot long.		3	00
5376. Luminous Tube. Straight. Three feet long 5 00	5375. Lumi	nous Tube.	Straight.	Two feet long			4	00
5377. Luminous Tube. With hook for suspension. Three feet long 5 50	5376. Lumi	nous Tube.	Straight.	Three feet long.			5	00
	5377. Lumi	nous Tube.	With hook	for suspension.	Three feet	long	5	50



5372. 5373. 5377.

				CE
5380.	Aurora Tube.	Plain glass, three feet long	\$8	00
5381.	Aurora Tube.	Plain glass, four feet long	9	00
				00
		Of uranium glass, three feet long		00

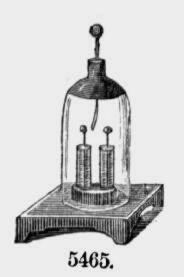


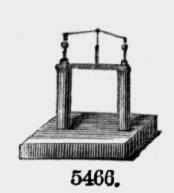
		0.000.	0.7.00 00.	0000 00.		
53 88.	Abbe Nollett's	Globe, with receiv	er		8	00
9999	Electrical Egg.	Twelve inches hig	h, of plain glass		9	00
5390.	Electrical Egg.		h, plain glass		12	00
5391.	Electrical Egg.		twelve inches high		10	00
5392.		1 75	sixteen inches high		13	00
5395.	Gassiot's Casca	de. Of plain glass,	goblet at top four incl	nes in diam-	2	5 0

86	JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW TORK AND THIRDEDITIES.	**************************************
7000	Gassiot's Cascade. Of uranium glass, four inches in diameter	PRICE \$3 50
		4 00
	eter	5 00
5899.	Illuminating Figg Stand. Of wood, with metal connections	2 00
5400.	Block of Ilranium Glass. For use under the exhausted receiver of	# 5 B
	an air-nump	2 50
5401.	Block of Uranium Glass. Similar to No. 5400, but in neat case	4 00
(Settlement)		
		*
8	SECTION VI.—ON SUNDRY ACCESSORIES TO ELECTRICAL INSTRUMEN	TS.
5410.	Brass Chain. For connections, per yard	20
5411.	Copper Wire. Insulated with gutta-percha, per yard	25
5413	Amalgam. Per botle	50
5120.	Tin Foil. For coatings, per square foot	15
	Glass Plate. Twelve inches in diameter, center drilled and edges	
0461.	ground	
	Prices of all glass plates vary very much, and will be given by	
	letter when desired	
	Glass Plate. Similar to No. 5421, but sixteen inches in diameter	
542 3.	Glass Plate. Similar to No. 5421, but twenty inches in diameter	
5424.	Glass Plate. Similar to No. 5421, but twenty-four inches in diam-	
- 105	Class Plats For Helte's Machine twelve inches in diameter center	
5420.	Glass Plate. For Holtz's Machine, twelve inches in diameter, center drilled, edges ground	
5498	Glass Plate. Similar to No. 5425, but sixteen inches in diameter	
	Glass Plate. Same as above, twenty inches in diameter	
	Glass Plate. Same as above, twenty inches in diameter Glass Plate. Same as above, twenty-four inches in diameter	
04×0.	Glass Flate. Same as above, twenty four mones in diameter.	
	SECTION VII,—GALVANIC BATTERIES.	•
	SECTION VII,—GALVANIC DATTEMES.	
	E C	
	5460. 5461. 5462.	
5460.	Simple Galvanic Cell. A plate of copper, another of zinc, with con-	
	necting wires and glass cell	2 50
5461.	Simple Galvanic Cell, for projection	5 50
5462.	Volta's Column Battery	15 00
		100

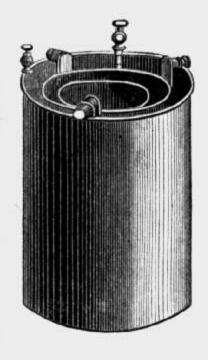
JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA,

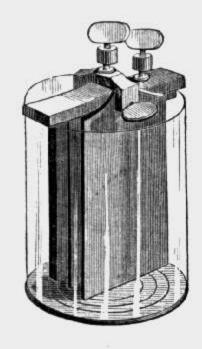
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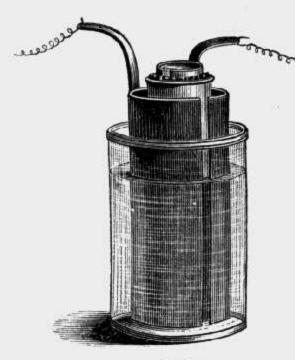




The second secon	24 22 24 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	PRICE
5463. Zamboni's Pile.	1000 elements	\$15 00
5465. Bohnenberger's base and terming attracted by the if an excited both the gold leaf in doubtless the manner.	Electroscope. Pair of Zamboni's Piles, connected at inated at top by brass balls. The gold leaf is equally be opposite poles, and remains in equilibrium. But day be approached to the outer ball of the electroscope, instantly diverges from its neutral position. This is nost delicate electroscope constructed, while the piles order.	40 00
5466. Apparatus for Conected at base needle, termina so as to rotate, opposite poles	ontinuous Rotation. Pair of Zamboni's Piles, con- and terminated at top by brass balls. A very light ated by strips of foil, is balanced upon a needle-point. The alternate attractions and repulsions of the two keep the needle in rotation for a long time. The ed with a glass shade.	40 60





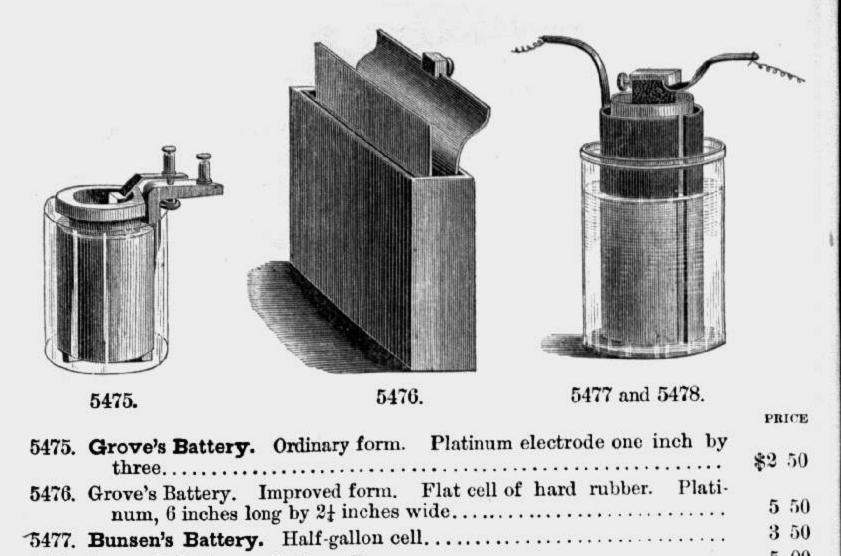


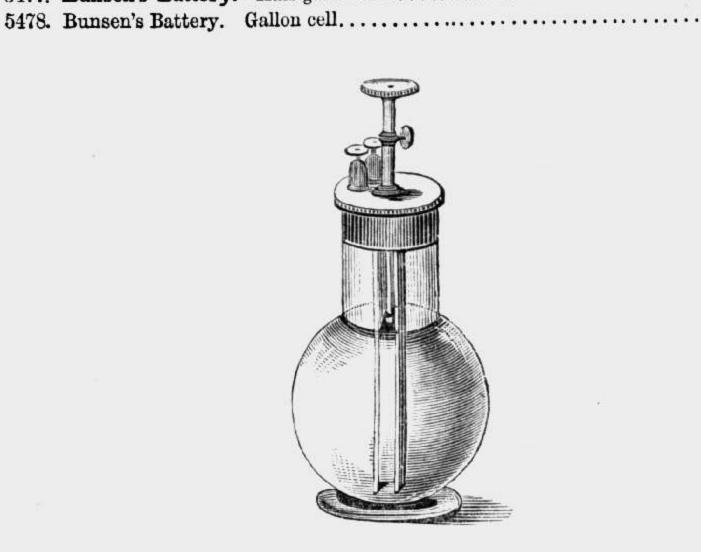
5467.

5468.

5470.

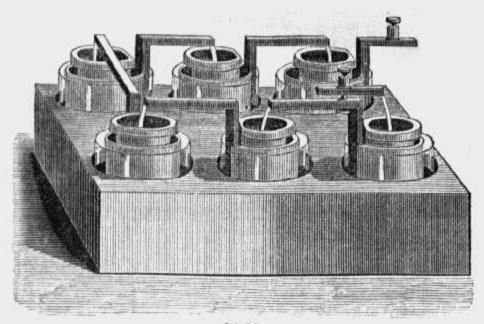
5467. Sulphate of Copper Battery. Double cell of copper, supporting cell of zinc by means of wooden insulators. Cell 9 inches high	6 00
5468. Smee's Battery. Platinized silver electrode, two inches by four. Cell of glass	3 50
5469. Smee's Battery. Platinized silver electrode, four inches by eight. Cell of glass	6 00
5470. Daniell's Battery. Half-gallon cell	5 00





5479.

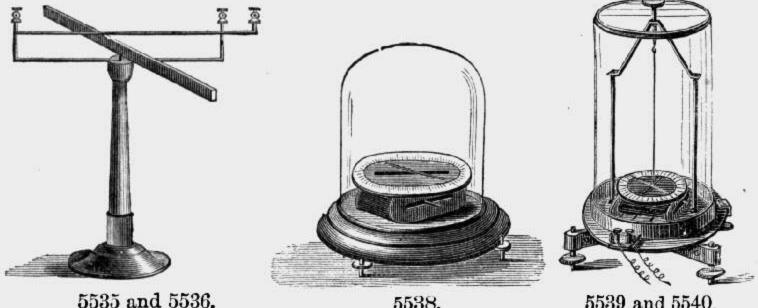
5479.	venient and powerful of all ba zinc electrode can be raised out thus adjusted the cell can remark desired, and be ready at a more best proportions for the solution one pound of bichromate of pot- sulphuric acid, according to the quantity of nitric acid added	Bottle form. This is the most conteries for the lecture table. The of the solution when not in use, and in for weeks without any action, if nent's notice. Perhaps one of the is as follows: One gallon of water, ash, and from half-pint to a pint of energy of action desired. A small to the solution increases the conterior cell	9	00
12.1122	- searcy of the battery. Half-pil	to cen	2	OO
5480.	Bichromate of Potash Battery. P	int size	4	00
5481.	Bichromate of Potash Battery. Q	uart size	5	00-
5482.	Bichromate of Potash Battery. I	Ialf-gallon size	6	50



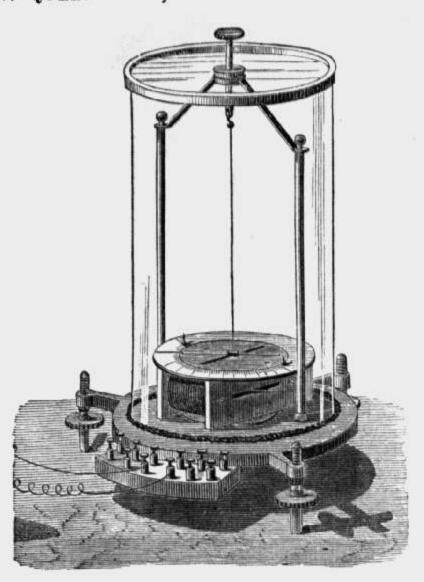
5500.

		PR	ICE
5 500.	Grove's Battery. Similar to No. 5475. Set of six cells in neat tray.	\$20	00
	Grove's Battery. As above, but set of nine in neat tray	30	00
5505.	Grove's Battery. Improved form. Similar to No. 5476, set of ten in neat tray	52	50
5 506.	Grove's Battery. Improved form. Similar to No. 5476, fifty cells, in neat tray for the electric light	250	
5508.	Bunsen Battery. Set of fifty cells, No. 5477	150	00
	Bunsen Battery. Set of fifty cells, No. 5478	225	00
	Bichromate Battery. Set of twenty-five cells, No. 5482	150	00
5513.	Bichromate Battery. Set of fifty cells, No. 5482	225	00
	Dipping Battery. Set of three cells, each having 3 zincs and 4 carbons, all 5 inches by 9. Mounted on a strong frame with chain		
	and catch so as to be raised all at once	50	00

SECTION VIII.—THE GALVANOMETER AND ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT.



	0000 and 0000.	9090.	Poo das Good	<i>)</i> .	
55 35.	Apparatus to Illustrate Oersi	ted's Law. Magne	et eight inches long.	5 8	50
5536.	Apparatus to Illustrate Oerst	ed's law. Magnet	fifteen inches long	10 (00
5537.	Galvanometer. Simple form needle point at center			5 (00
5 538.	Galvanometer, with a tatic no screws, graduated circle, an			15 (00
5539.	Galvanometer. Similar to N needle by a filament of uns zero of the scale in the axis	pun silk, an adjustr of the coil, and leve	nent for placing the cling screws	20 (00
5540.	Galvanometer. Similar to No electric experiments	. 5539, but with heli		20 (00

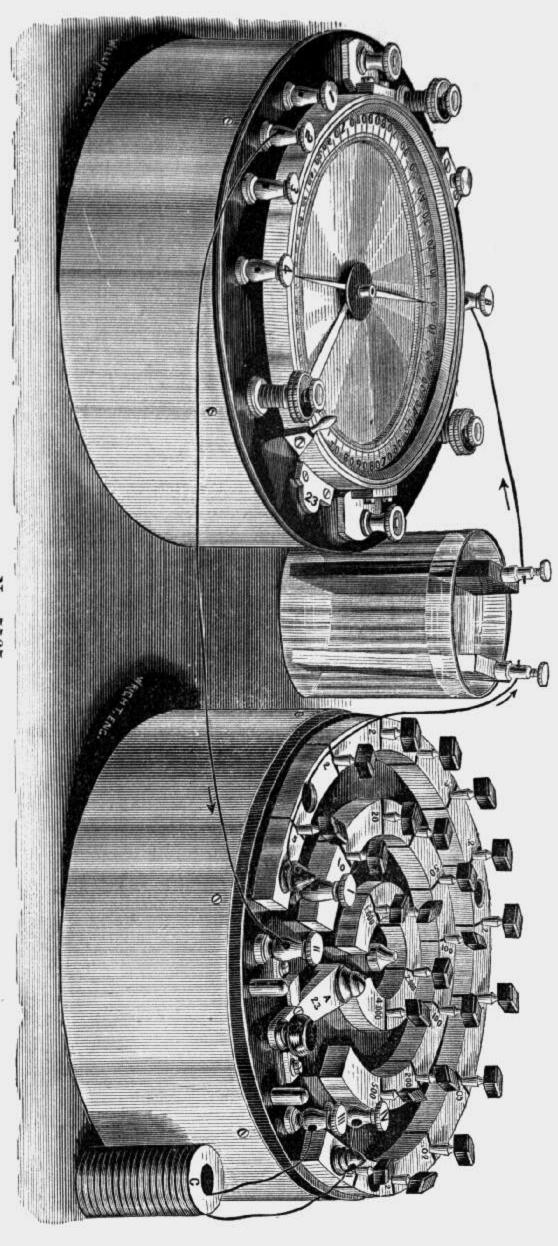


5543.

	PRI	CE
5542. Differential Galvanometer. For testing the resistances of batteries, wires, etc, etc. On mahogany levelling stand, with glass cover. Needles suspended by fibre of unspun silk	\$ 25 (00
5543. Queen's Universal Galvanometer. Rosewood base, with levelling screws, a static needles, suspended from brass arm by a fibre of unspunsilk; with arrangement for adjusting the zero of the scale to the axis of the coils. Convertible by a moment's adjustment, from an ordinary quantity galvanometer, into one for intensity, or into a differential galvanometer for either intensity or quantity	60 (00
5550. Small Light Mirror. With wire mounting, to be attached to either of Nos. 5539, 5540, or 5543, for use in projection	5 (
5551. Tangent Galvanometer. Single ring	30 (00
5558. Copy of a British Association Unit, or Ohm, as issued by the Committee	30	00
5560. Bradley's Tangent Galvanometer, with three coils, Nos. 2, 3 and 4.	50	00
5561. Bradley's Tangent Galvanometer, with four coils, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4	85	00
5562. Bradley's Rheostat, with resistance from $\frac{1}{100}$ of an ohm to 2111 ohms.	. 85	00
5563. Bradley's Rheostat, with resistance from $\frac{1}{100}$ of an ohm to 10111 ohms.	175	00
5564. Bradley's Complete Apparatus for Electric Measurement. Consisting of Tangent galvanometer No. 5560 and Rheostat No. 5562	125	00
5565. Bradley's Complete Apparatus for Electric Measurement. Consisting of Tangent galvanometer No. 5561 and Rheostat No. 5563	250	00
The instruments Nos. 5560 to 5565 are intended for accurately determine	ning t	he

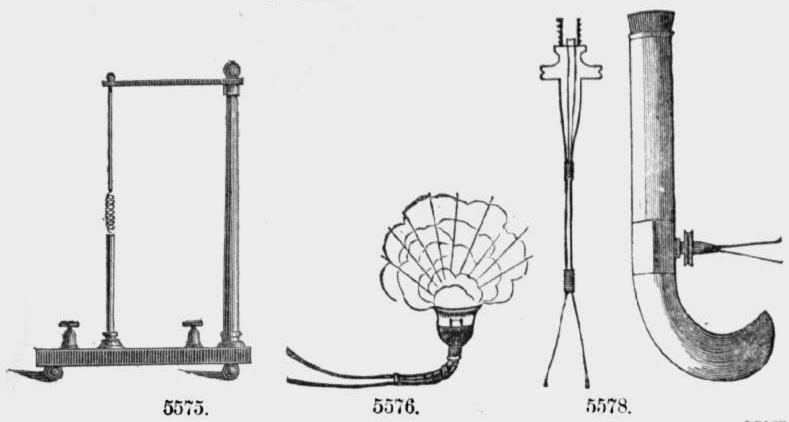
The instruments Nos. 5560 to 5565 are intended for accurately determining the electro-motive force, resistance and strength of batteries and resistance of conductors; for locating faults, breaks, and crosses on telegraph lines or cables; for measuring the amount of any metal deposited in a given time in Electro-plating; and for determining the specific conductivity of metals.

The Coil No. 1 of 5561 is for currents of high intensity, No. 4 for those of great quantity, Nos. 2 and 3 for intermediate currents.

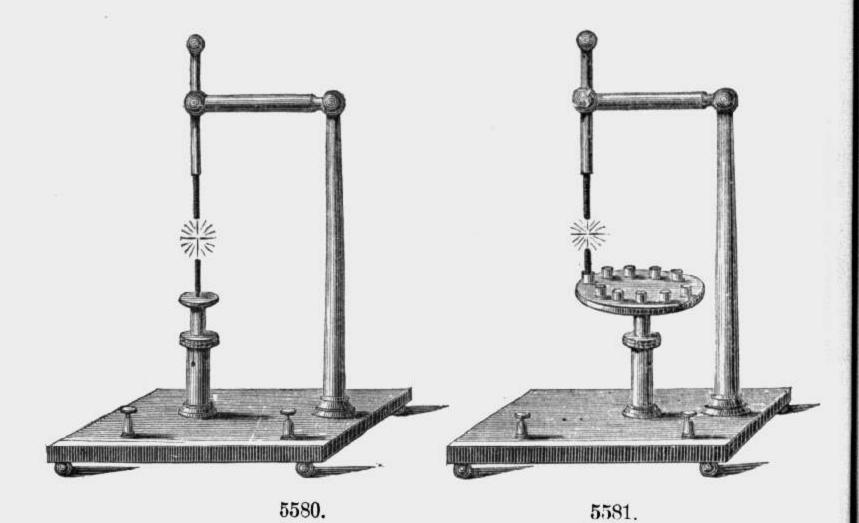


No. 5565.

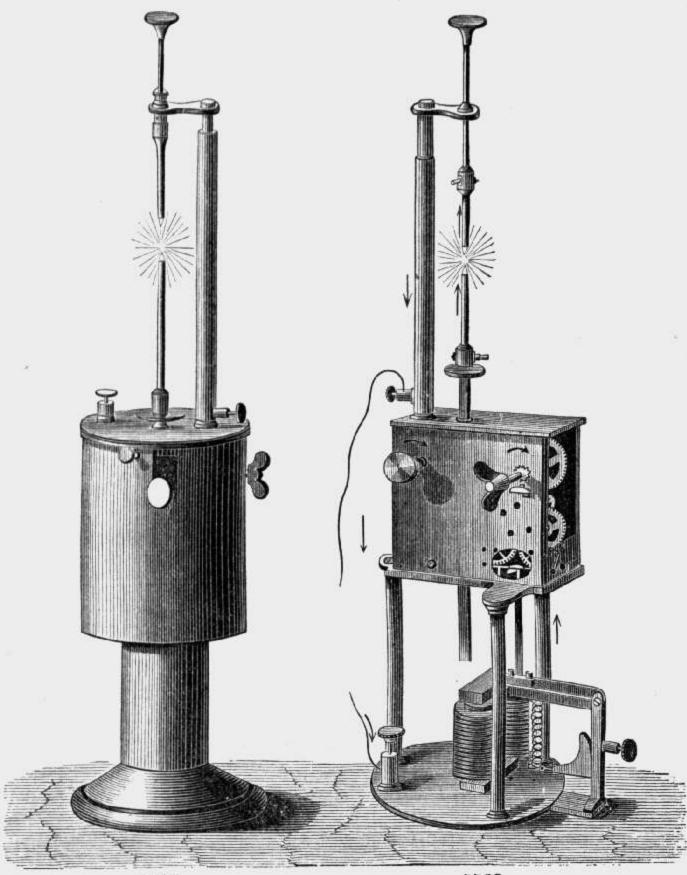
SECTION IX.—OF INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING THE HEATING EFFECTS OF DYNAMICAL ELECTRICITY.



		PRICE
5575.	Galvanic Lamp. Of platinum wire in coil, with vertical support of brass, on a neat polished base of mahogany	\$5 00
5576.	Powder Cup. Of brass, with platinum wire in coil	1 50
5577,	Powder Cup. Of brass, with handle of wood, and an extra supply of platinum wire	5 00
5578.	Voltaic Pistol. Of brass, strongly made and neatly finished	8 00



5581.	hard rubber, post, arm and metal holders of brass. The lower holder consists of a disc of brass with cups for ten different substances, which can be thus rapidly brought in succession into circuit and	PRICE
	volatilized	\$30 00
5582.	Compound Electric Lamp. Similar to No. 5581, but with a second disc holding 10 carbons, instead of the single upper carbon holder of 5581. The metals can thus be quickly volatilized without mix-	
	ture of their spectra	40 00



5587. 5588.

5585.	Electric Light Regulator. Simple form (Browning's)	30	00
	Electric Light Regulator. Large model (Browning's)		00
	Electric Light Regulator, with clock-work. (Duboscq's)	120	00
	Electric Light Regulator, with double clock-work. Foucault's arrangement	215	00

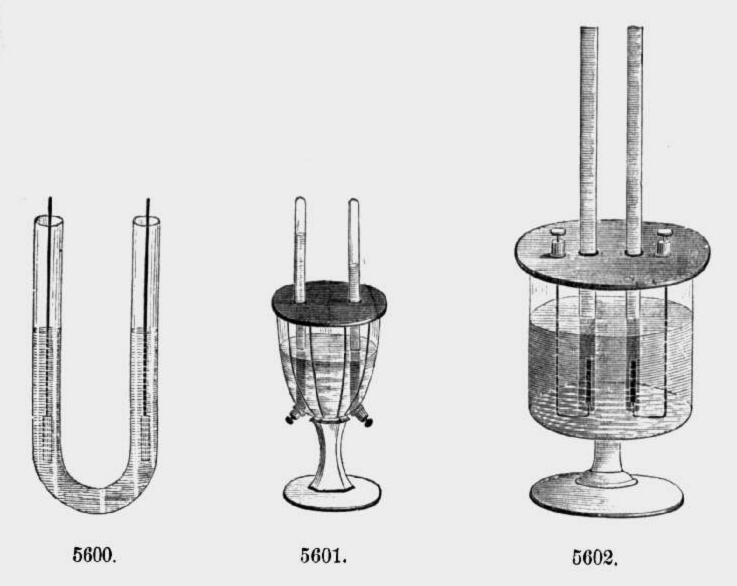
The batteries needed for use with the electric lamps, Nos. 5579 to 5588 inclusive, are as follows:

For Nos. 5579 and 5580, the compound battery No. 5505 or ten cells of No. 5477. For Nos. 5581 and 5582, two of the compound batteries No. 5505 or twenty cells of No. 5477.

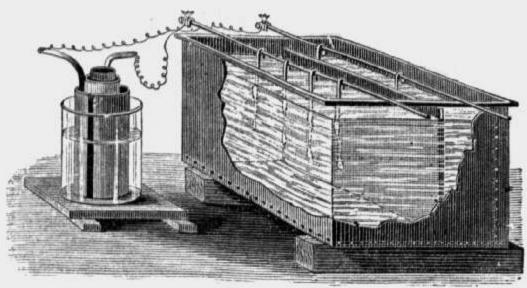
For No. 5585, the compound battery No. 5505.

For Nos. 5586, 5587 and 5588, the compound batteries Nos. 5506, 5508 or 5509. The first is the best.

SECTION X .-- OF ELECTROLYSIS.



5600.	U Tube of Glass. Arms 12 inches long. Insulated copper wires with	PRICE
	bar electrodes of platinum	\$2 00
5601.	Decomposing Water Apparatus. Glass goblet 6 inches high, and 3½ inches in diameter at top, with binding screws, platinum bar electrodes, and bell tubes for the gases	3 50
5602,	Decomposing Water Apparatus. Glass goblet seven inches high and four and a half inches in diameter at top, with binding screws, platinum electrodes, and fine, graduated bell tubes for the gases	8 00
5603,	Decomposing Tank. For use in projecting the results of electrolysis upon a screen. Plate glass sides, improved brass clamps, binding screws, platinum bar electrodes, and small glass bell tubes for the	22
HEAT DEVICE SERVICE	gases	7 50
5605.	Chemical Voltameter. Plain glass goblet, 7 inches high, platinum bar electrodes, binding screws, and single graduated glass bell	6 00



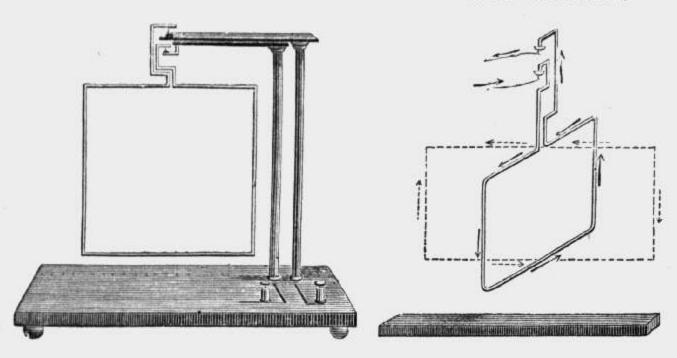
5608.

5608. Apparatus for Electro-Plating. Tank of mahogany, pair of bars with binding screws, and Daniell's cell, No. 5470......

PRICE

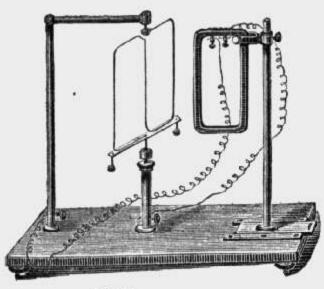
\$15 00

SECTION XI.—ILLUSTRATING THE LAWS OF CURRENTS.

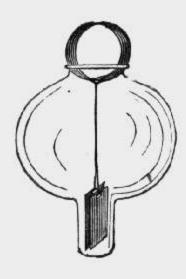


5625.

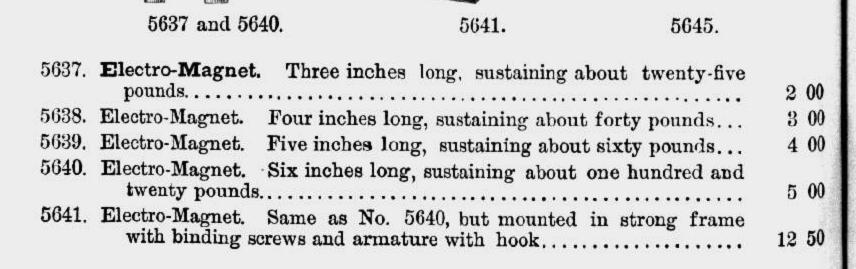
5625. Ampere's Frame. Base of polished mahogany, posts and arms of brass, figures of copper, twenty inches in length or diameter, consisting of solenoid, astatic combination, square, and circle. With strong bar magnet......



5626.

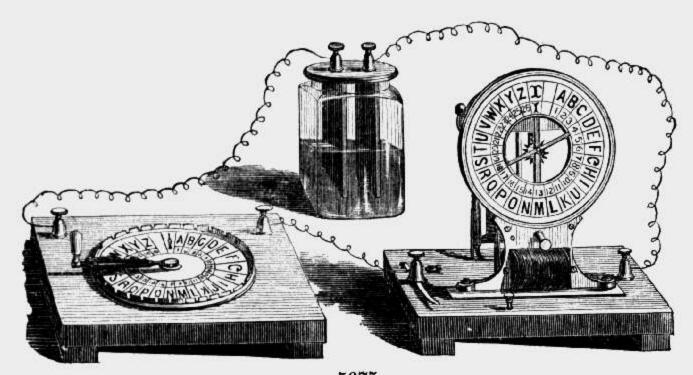


5628.



5645	Magic Circle. Two semicircular soft iron bars, with handles of brass;	PRIC	CE.
J040.	a hollow ring of insulated copper wire permits the semicircles to slip into it	\$5 (00
5650.	Polymagnet. A compound electro-magnet, devised for the purpose of showing to an audience as many as possible of the phenomena of magnetism and diamagnetism. (See Tyndall, Phil. Mag., vol. ix. p. 425.) Consisting of two large horseshoe electro-magnets, a helix of covered copper wire disposed between them, all mounted upon a strong mahogany base, with commutators for the currents, and supports and glass covers for the bodies to be experimented upon	200	00
5651.	Apparatus to demonstrate to a large audience that an iron bar is lengthened by the process of magnetization. Consisting of a strong base of mahogany, with two upright rods of brass three feet long, firmly set in it, and carrying a delicate apparatus consisting of a lever, connected with a mirror by a spiral spring, to magnify the amount of expansion as much as practicable. An iron bar, two feet long, and a coil of wire, eighteen inches long, serve for the magnetic excitation.	100	00

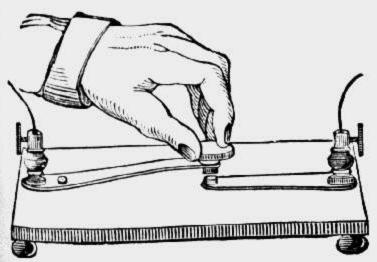
SECTION XII.—TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUMENTS.



5675.

5675. Dial Telegraph. Consisting of a manipulator or crank, with the letters of the alphabet, for sending the signals, a bell and indicator for receiving them, and a small battery for working the instrument; all packed in a neat box





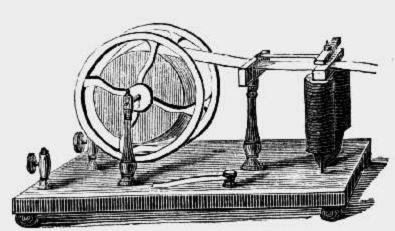
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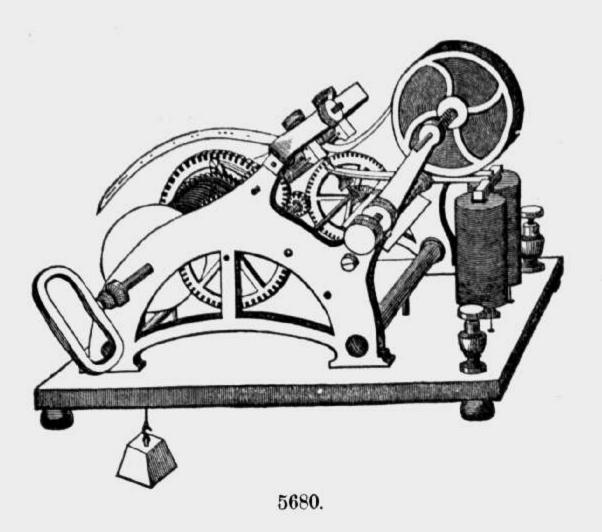
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50

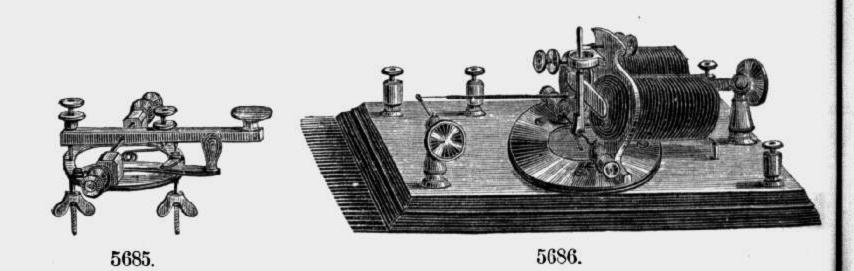
5678.



5679.

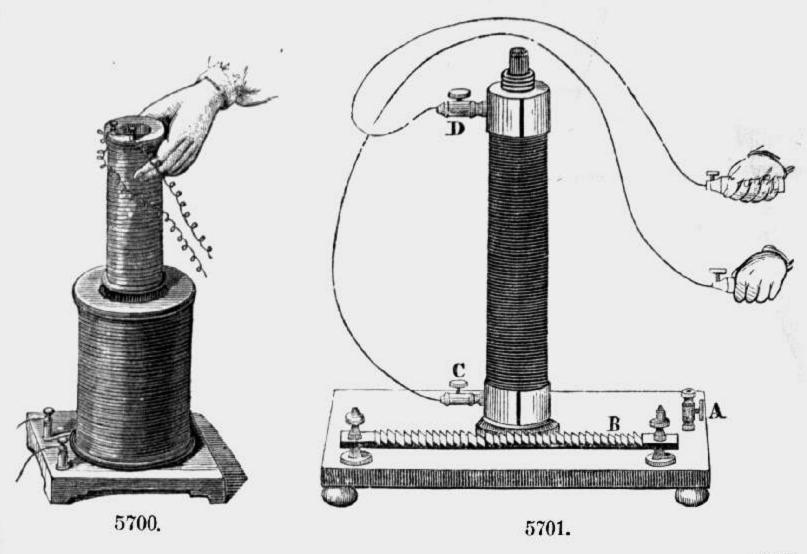


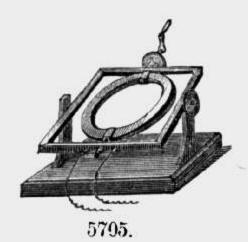
	Large Receiver (Morse's). With clockwork, finely finished with brass and hard rubber, and mounted on polished rosewood base	50 00
	Sounding Receiver, or "Sounder." The message in this instrument is read directly by the ear, instead of being traced upon the paper, as in Nos. 5679 and 5680	8 00
5682.	Sounder and Key Combined. This little instrument has a switch by which the current is so modified that it can be used either as a Sender or Receiver—a most convenient form for students and amateurs.	10 00

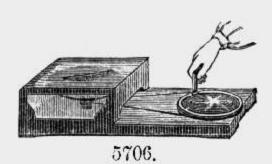


5685.	Wester used	n Union Ke by the West	ey. All of brass, neatly finished. This is the form ern Union Telegraph Co	5 50
5686.	Relay mou	(Morse's).	Finely finished, of brass and hard rubber, and atly polished base of rosewood or mahogany	25 00

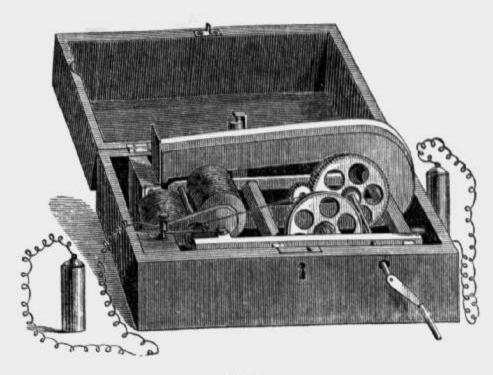
SECTION XIII.—OF INDUCED CURRENTS.





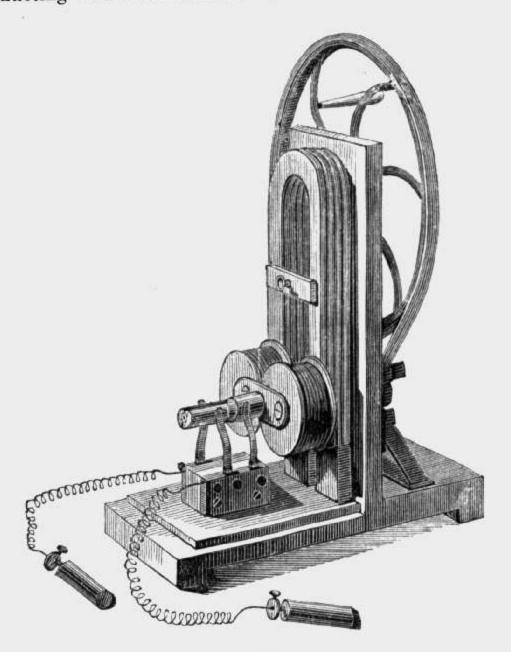


5705.	Induction Apparatus. To show the induction arising from the action of the earth. Consisting of a spiral of copper wire, arranged to be turned by a crank; a commutator, and a table which can be in-	
	clined at any angle by set-screws	40 00
5706.	Arago's Induction Apparatus. Consisting of a horizontal disc of copper, arranged to be set in rapid rotation, immediately beneath a magnetic needle	27 50
5707.	Babbage & Herschel's Induction Apparatus. Consisting of a magnet, arranged to be set in rapid rotation, and a disc of copper supported above the magnet on a delicate pivot	27 50



5721.

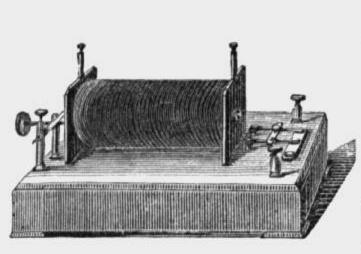
		PRICE
5720.	Clark's Induction Machine. For physiological effects. Small model.	
	A single strong magnet, one pair of spirals, for intensity, and a pair of conducting wires with handles. In neat box	\$10 00
5721.	Clark's Induction Machine. For physiological effects. Large Model.	
	Two powerful magnets, one pair of spirals, for intensity, and a pair of conducting wires with handles. In neat box	15 00

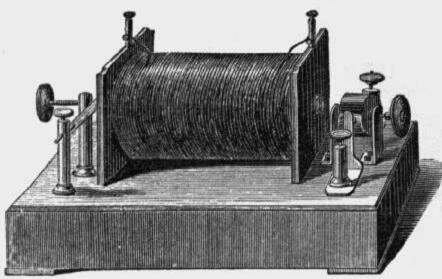


5722.

5722. Clark's Induction Machine. Grand model. Battery of four powerful magnets, two pairs of spirals, one for intensity and physiological effects, the other for quantity; a commutator, and a pair of conducting wires with handles. Mounted firmly on a strong and neatly polished mahogany base.

SECTION XIV.—THE RUHMKORFF, OR INDUCTION COIL.

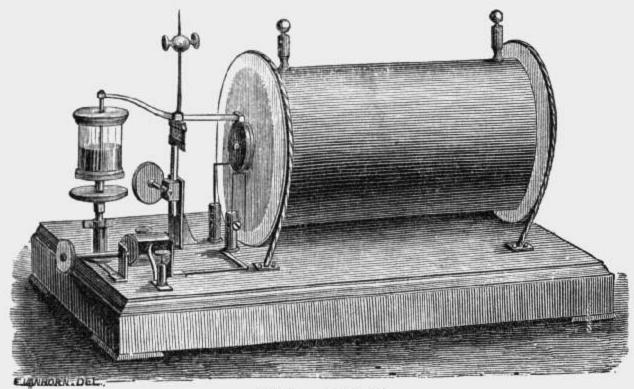




5735-37.

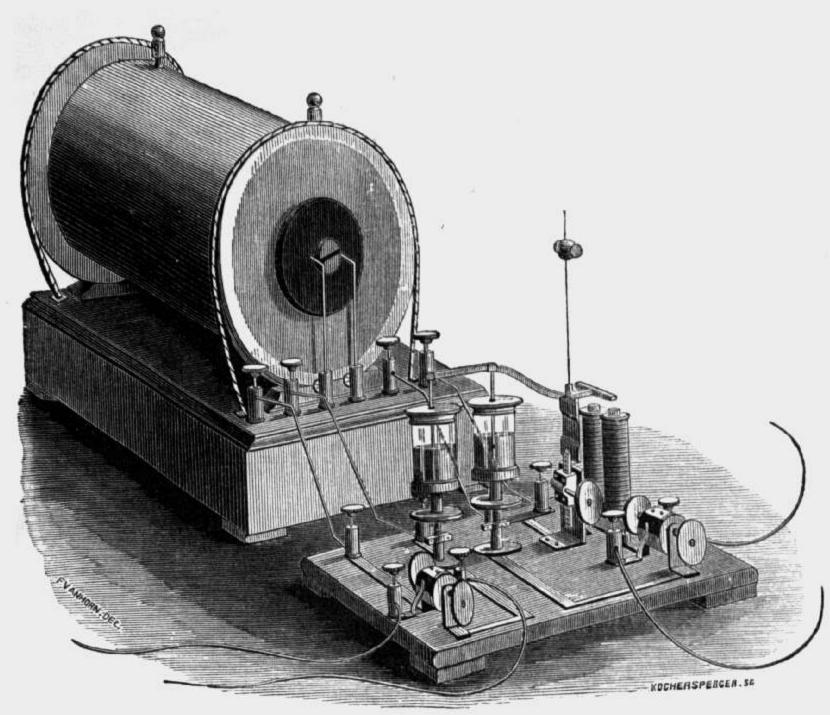
5738-40.

	PRICE
5735. Induction Coil. With automatic break and plain commutator, giving a spark of ‡ inch, on neat mahogany base	\$10 00
5736. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5735, but giving spark of § inch	20 00
5737. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5735, but giving spark of § inch	35 00
5738. Induction Coil. Similar to above, but with cylinder commutator, and giving a spark of one inch and a quarter	55 00
5739. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5738, but giving a spark of one and a half inches.	60 00
5740. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5738, but giving a spark of two inches	90 €0
5741. Induction Coil. Similar in style and finish to No. 5738, but with automatic mercurial electrotome, instead of a vibrating spring, giving sparks of four inches	200 00
5742. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5741, but giving sparks of six inches.	250 00
5743. Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5741, but giving sparks nine inches	375 00
5744. Induction Coil. Similar to above, but with double automatic mercurial break, and giving sparks of 18 to 20 inches	825 00



5751 and 5752.

5750.	Induction Coil.	Highest style of finish, and perfection of constructurator, and automatic break. Spark two inches	135 00
5751.	Induction Coil.	Similar to No. 5750, but having Foucault's single tact breaker. Spark four inches	155 212
5752.		Similar to No. 5751, but with spark of six inches	250 00



5754 and 5755.

		PR	ICE
5754.	Induction Coil. Of similar finish and construction to Nos. 5750 to 5752 but giving over ten inches spark, and having Foucault's double mercurial contact breaker on a separate stand	\$ 375	00
5755.	Induction Coil. Similar to No. 5754, but giving over fifteen inches spark, and having the poles of the secondary on detached supports		
	SECTION XV.—OF GEISSLER AND SPECTRUM TUBES.		
	GEISSLER'S TUBES.		
5800.	Plain or Spiral Tube, about 6 inches long	1	00
5801.	Same as 5800, but with bulbs or tube of <i>Uranium Glass</i> , which becomes <i>fluorescent</i> on the passage of the electric discharge	1	25
5802.	Tube with Uranium Glass, 7 to 8 inches long, finely finished	1	50
	Double Tube, 7 inches long, one within the other; inner one with uranium bulbs; outer one either a vacuum or filled with a fluorescent solution		25
5804.	Single Tube, 10 inches long, with bulbs or spirals of uranium glass.	2	75
	Double Tubes, 8 to 9 inches long, with uranium glass or fluorescent solutions	3	50
5806.	Double Tubes, 15 inches long, various patterns of uranium glass, &c		00
	Double Tubes, 19 inches long, with uranium glass and fluorescent solutions, very fine		60

5808.	Double Tubes, 24 inches long, with uranium spirals and bulbs. All		ICE
5809	these long tubes finished with the utmost care	\$7	
5810.	Same as No. 5808, but 27 inches long	8	00
	Tube, about 12 inches high, containing within it a Cross of uranium glass; with stand		00
5812.	Tube, same character as No. 5811, but containing a vase of uranium glass to show as a small Gassiot's Cascade.		00
5813.	Tube 18 inches long, with large bulbs for showing stratification of the electric light		00
5814.	Phosphorescent Tube, containing in a vacuum, a phosphorescent solid, which glows for some seconds after the discharge has ceased.	60000	00 50
5815.	Same as No. 5814, but larger and finer		
5816	Crowns of Uranium Balls, 7 inches high, with stand		00
5817.	U Tubes; double, with different fluorescent solutions in each arm.		50
F010	Arms 9 inches long. With stands. Each	5	00
5819.	U Tubes, same as 5817, but arms only 7 inches long Each Phosphorescent Tubes, in which no coil is needed, but the light is evolved by the friction of mercury falling upon globes of glass		00
5 820.	within an exhausted tube. Each		50
5821.	Induction Tubes. A double tube 26 inches long, the inner of uranium glass, which becomes luminous by being held near an excited electric body, or by being itself rubbed on the outside by flannel or fur.		50 00
	Nos. 5819, 5820, and 5821, will be seen to be very curious, as they need no coil or electrical machine to excite them.	J	J

PLÜCKER'S OR SPECTRUM TUBES,

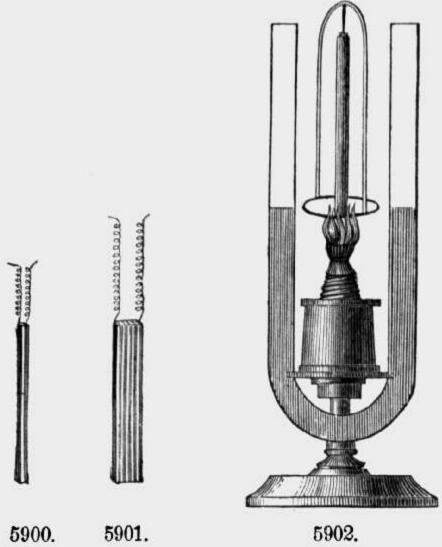
Having traces of the several elements mentioned below and to be used with the Induction Coil and the Spectroscope. The late solar researches render these tubes invaluable to the teacher and physicist.

5850.	Oxygen.	5859. Fluoride of Silicon.	
	Hydrogen.	5860. Cyanogen.	
	Nitrogen.	5861. Chloride of Tin.	
	Carbonic Oxide.	5862. Ammonia.	38
	Carbonic Acid,	5863. Vapor of water.	
LATON CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF T	Iodine.	5864. Mercury.	
	Chlorine,	5865. Sulphur.	
1250 13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Bromine,	5866. Selenium.	
	Fluoride of Boron.	5867. Sulphuret of Mercury.	
	<u> </u>		\$2 00

Many of these tubes give most brilliant results, also, when used as Geissler's Tubes. Nothing finer indeed can be found in this line than the tubes containing Hydrogen, Nitrogen, Iodine, Chloride of Tin, Fluoride of Boron, and Fluoride of Silicon.

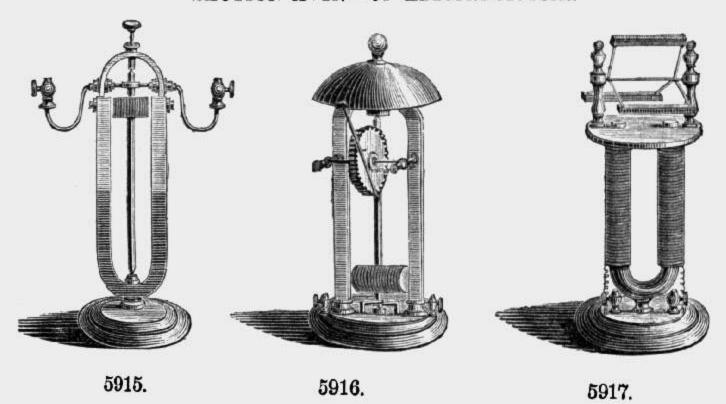
SECTION XVI.-OF THERMO-ELECTRICITY.

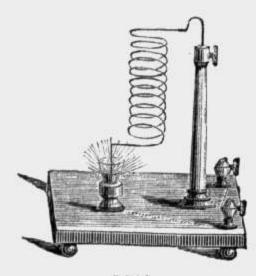
5900.	Pair of Elements.	Of brass and German silver	\$0	75	
5901.	Thermo-Multiplier.	Five pairs of brass and German silver	5	00	



PRICE 5902. Thermo-Electric Arch. Consists of a permanent magnet, between the poles of which is placed an arch, the ends of which are soldered to a ring, the arch and ring by a pivot are free to turn upon the support placed between the poles; a lamp upon a movable stand attached \$7 00 to the support can be raised or lowered, as may be required..... 5903. Thermo-Multiplier. Consisting of twenty-five pairs of bismuth and antimony, mounted in neat brass case, with caps, cones, and binding-screws, on an adjusting stand..... 30 00 5904. Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 5903, but consisting of thirtysix pairs of bismuth and antimony..... 45 00 5905. Thermo-Multiplier. Similar to No. 5903, but consisting of fortynine pairs of bismuth and antimony..... 60 00

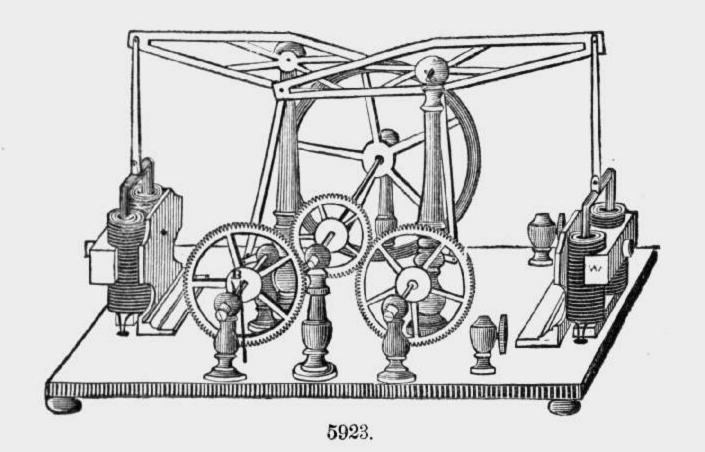
SECTION XVII. - OF ELECTRO-MOTORS.





F	O	18.
0	v	TO.

5918. Contracting Helix of Coup on resewood base.	opper Wire, with brass pillar and mercury	5	50
5919. Revolving Coil. A copp	er coil connected with binding screws, rotat- of a strong permanent horseshoe magnet		00
5920. Revolving Magnet. Th	ne converse of No. 5919	11.00	00
5921. Page's Reciprocating En	ngine		00
5922. Revolving Spur-Wheel.		12	



5923.	Double Beam Magnetic Engine	
	Clockwork Electrotome. With copper spiral to show the intensifica-	
	tion of the spark. Without cell	15 00

SECTION XVIII. -ACCESSORIES TO GALVANIC APPARATUS. PRICE 5950. Cotton-Covered Copper Wire, No. 12, per lb....... \$1 25 2 25 5952. Cotton-Covered Copper Wire, No. 30, per lb...... 3 00 5954. Silk-Covered Copper Wire, No. 36, per lb......... 10 00 5955. Silk-Covered Copper Wire, double coated, No. 36, per lb...... 12 505957. Office Wire, covered with gutta-percha, per yard...... 75 205959. Rolled Zincs, 31 inches by 11 inches each................. 305960. Rolled Zincs, 31 inches by 2 inches each...... 40 5961. Rolled Zincs, 4 inches by 2½ inches each..... 60 5962. Cast Zincs for Grove's Battery. Hollow cylinders with arm 31 inches high by 24 inches in diameter, each..... 1 00 5963. Zincs for Grove's Battery. Wollaston style, 3 inches wide...... 755964. Platinum Strips, 3 inches long by 1 wide..... 75 5965. Platinum Strips, 6 inches long by 21 wide..... 2 50 5967. Platinized Silver Strips, 31 inches long by 21 inches wide (Smee's). 1 00 5968. Platinized Silver Strips, 5 inches long by 4 inches wide (Smee's).... 2^{-50} 5970. Flat Carbon Poles, for bichromate battery, 5½ inches by 1¼ inches. . . 1 00 5971. Flat Carbon Poles for bichromate battery, 7 inches by 1½ inches..... 1 50 5972. Flat Carbon Poles for bichromate battery, 8 inches by 2 inches. 2 00 5975. Porous Cups, cylindrical (Grove's), 11 inches in diameter and 31 25 inches high..... 5976. Porous Cups, flat (Grove's), 5½ inches deep by 3 inches long and 4 inch 50 wide..... 5980. Glass Tumblers. 3½ inches in diameter and 4½ inches deep, each. 50 5981. Glass Tumblers. 4 inches in diameter and 5 inches deep, each..... 75 5985. Rubber Cells. Flat form (Grove's), 5½ inches deep, 4 inches long, and 2 253 inches wide 5988. 5989. **599**0. 5991.5988. Binding-Screw. With two holes and clamps, and taper screw for fastening into wood, for temporary attachments. Each 1 00 5989. Binding-Screws, to attach two wires together..... 50 5990. Binding-Screws. With two holes and clamps, with solid base, to attach permanently to a table. Each..... 1 00 5991. Binding-Screws. With one hole and clamp and a screw with nut for fastening to base of any apparatus.....

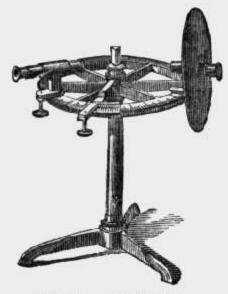
CHAPTER VIII.

OPTICS.

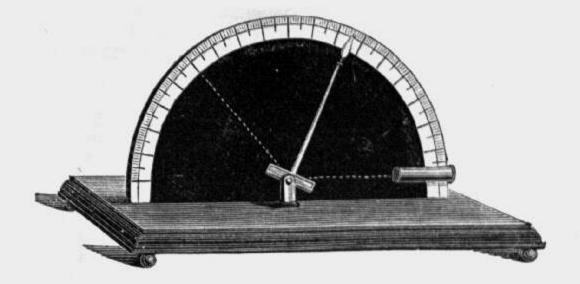
SECTION I.—ARTIFICIAL SOURCES OF LIGHT.

6950.	Calcium Light Apparatus. Consisting of oxyhydrogen blow-pipe,	PR	ICE	
	with the necessary tubing, pressure gauges, and gas-bags	\$75	00	
6051.	Same as No. 6050, but with superior gas-bags	100		
6 055.	Electric Lamp. (See No. 5580)		50	
6056.	Browning Small Electric Lamp		00	
6057.	Browning Large Electric Lamp.		00	
6058.	Duboscq's Electric Regulator	120		
6059	Foucault's Electric Regulator	215		
6060	Battery of 50 Grove's Cells, large size, for either of the above electric	210	00	
ooo.	lamps	250	00	
6061.	Queen's Improved Magnesium Lamp, with clock, feeding two ribbons		00	
6062.	Extension Tube, for No. 6061. Fifteen feet long, to carry off the vapors of magnesia.	0.0	00	
6063.	Extension Bag. To receive the fumes of magnesia, when the tube No. 6062 cannot be used.			
	SECTION IIOF PHOTOMETERS.			
	SECTION II.—OF PHOTOMETERS.			
6075.	Ritchie's Photometer. Small model	15	00	
	Rumford's Photometer. Small model	12	00	
	Wheatstone's Photometer. Small model	18		

SECTION III.—INSTRUMENTS ILLUSTRATING REFLECTION.



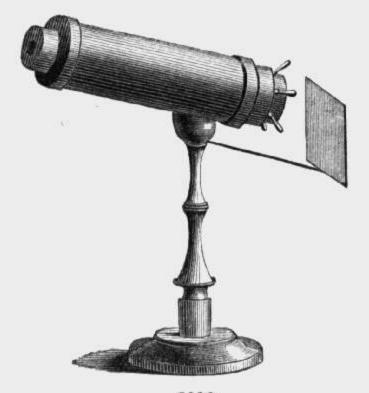
6090 and 6142.



6091.

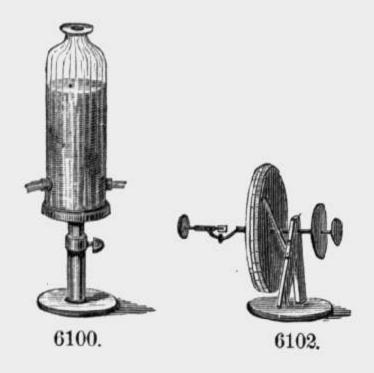
6093 and 6094.

PRICE 6091. Vertical Semicircle. Thirty-six inches in diameter, graduated to degrees, with background of black velvet. A mirror at the centre is furnished with an index set exactly perpendicular to its plane, and both mirror and index can be turned in any direction desired. A ray of light from any brilliant source is allowed to enter the collimator at the base, in the direction of the centre, and by means of a little smoke from brown paper, the paths of the incident and reflected rays, as well as the relation of the latter to the plane and movement of the mirror, are easily shown to a large \$30 00 audience.... 6092. Apparatus to show Plane and Diffused Reflection. Consisting of a mirror polished on the one side and left unburnished on the other. 7 50 Mounted upon an adjusting stand..... 6093. Plane Mirror. An elliptical plate-glass mirror, mounted on an adjustable frame of mahogany, ten inches long by eight inches wide... 5 00 10 00 6095. Magic Telescope.....



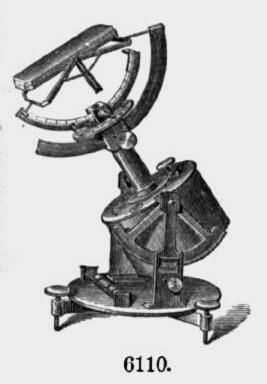
6097.

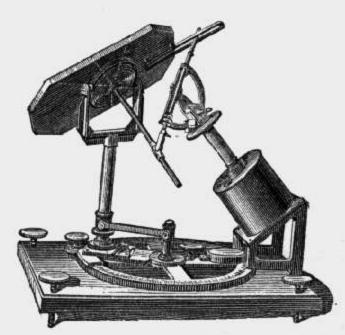
6097.	Kaleidoscope. On stand of walnut, with brass fittings	3 50
	Kaleidoscope for Projection, mounted in brass, with lens; complete	20 00
	Silvered Brass Band to show Caustics by Reflection, and also the line followed by a beam of light undergoing successive reflections from its surface.	10 00





6100.	Illuminated Fountain. Illustrating the total reflection of light in a liquid vein. Consisting of a glass vessel fourteen inches high, with a glass valve, and an aperture for smooth vein on one side and a condensing lens on the other	\$12 50	
6101.	Illuminated Fountain. Similar to No. 6100, but much larger and made of heavy tin, neatly japanned, with apertures of two different sizes for the flow of the water	20 00	0
6102.	Wollaston's Goniometer. Small working model	30 00	0
6103.	Porte Lumière. A mirror with a rotary and an inclination movement, to be adjusted by hand, for reflecting the rays of the sun into a room. Small model of brass	35 00	
6104.	Porte Lumière. Large model, with two mirrors; one of silvered plate- glass, the other of polished black-glass. Movements very perfect	85 00	0





6111.

6110.	Silbermann's Heliostat.	For the purpose of keeping the rays of the	
	sun always reflected in	the same direction, by means of clockwork.	250 00
6111.		For the same purpose	



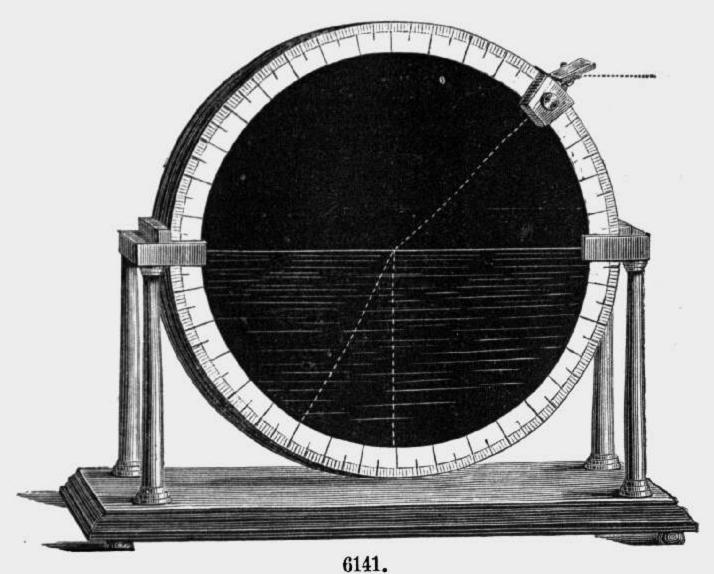


6114 and 6115.

6116-6118.

6114. Spherical Concave Mirror of Silvered Glass. Six inches in diameter mounted in frame to suspend	PRICE
eter, mounted in frame to suspend	\$2 50 3 00
6116. Spherical Concave Mirror. Of silvered glass, six inches in diameter, accurately ground and polished, mounted in a brass ring, and suspended, with free movement in all directions, on a neat brass	
6117. Spherical Convex Mirror. Of silvered glass, six inches in diameter, accurately ground and polished, mounted in a brass ring, and suspended, with free movement in all directions, on a neat brass stand	27 50 27 50
6118. Spherical Concave and Convex Mirrors. Nos. 6116 and 6117, mounted in the same way as these numbers, but both on one stand.	40 00
6119. Spherical Concave and Convex Mirrors. Same as No. 6118, but silvered upon the front surface of the glass	40 00
6120. Cylindrical Mirror. Of glass, six inches in diameter, to show caustics and aberration by reflection, in black frame, to suspend	2 50
6121. Cylindrical Mirror of Glass. Of fine plate-glass, silvered, twelve inches high by nine inches wide, in neat walnut frame	15 00
6123. Anamorphoscope, or Cylindrical Mirror. With distorted figures, which become perfect on being looked at in the mirror.	2 50
6124. Conical Mirror. With similar forms and for a similar purpose	
6126. Claude Lorraine, or Black Convex Mirror Five and a quarter	10 00
inches by six and a quarter, in neat morocco case	6 25
nine and a half 6130. Pair of Parabolic Reflectors. Of copper, nickel-plated, thirteen inches in diameter, mounted on neat adjusting stands of mahogany, with brass fittings.	12 50
diameter, mounted on neat adjusting stands of mahogany with	50 00
brass fittings	75 00

SECTION IV.—OF REFRACTION.



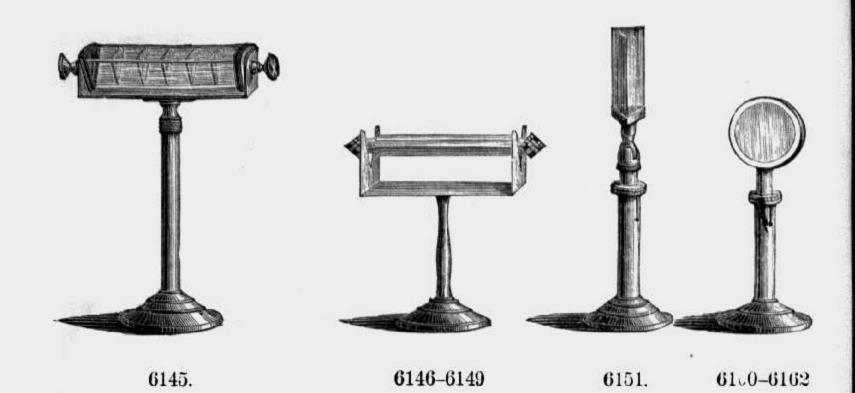
PRICE 6140. Refraction Model. To show the constancy of the proportion of the sines in all angles of incidence and refraction, consisting of a strong disc of card-board two feet in diameter, mounted upon a neat polished mahogany frame, and having two arms radiating from the centre, which represent the incident and refracted rays. A mechanism at the back moves these arms in exact accordance with the law of the sines, showing the conformity to the law at all angles. Relation of the sines is that of 1:1.5..... \$25 00 6141. Refraction Apparatus. Class Model, consisting of a circular tank, eighteen inches in diameter, with plate-glass sides and solid glass connections, fastened securely on a strong brass frame, graduated on its circumference, and furnished with a mirror which can be moved to any point in the circumference, and which reflects a ray of light from the oxyhydrogen or electric lamp directly to the centre of the circle. As the tank is filled to the centre with water, it is clear that all the essential principles of refraction, as well as - 50 00 total reflection, are readily shown..... 6142. Apparatus for the Accurate Measurement of the Refractive Indices of Bodies. For complete description, see No. 6090 100 00 R

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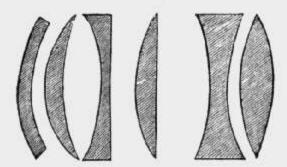
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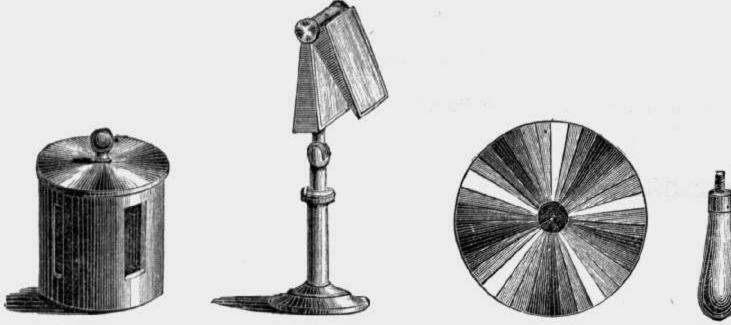
6145. Hollow Prism of Glass, eight inches long, with compartments to	be	RICE
filled with various liquids, to demonstrate their different refractions well as dispersive powers; on elevating stand of brass, fine finished	ly	00
6146. Prism of Flint Glass, five inches long from end to end, mounted on neat stand		50
6147. Prism of Flint Glass, on stand, same as No. 6146, but six inches lon		75
6148. Prism of Flint Glass, on stand, seven inches long	4	00
6149. Prism of Flint Glass, on stand, eight inches long	4	50
6150. Fine Prism, accurately ground and polished. One to one and a quater inches on a side, about three inches long, square ends	r-	00
6151. Fine Prism. Same as No. 6150, but mounted with a ball and socked joint, on neat polished brass stand	t-	00
6154. Fine Rectangular Prism. One and a quarter inches on a side, acc rately ground and polished	u-	00
6155. Fine Rectangular Prism of Flint Glass, over two inches and a quart on the side, for inversion and total reflection in projection	er	00
6157. Fine Conical Prism. Giving circular spectrum	7	50



6158 and 6159.

6158.	Demonstration Lenses. Set of six, one and seven-eighths inches in diameter	2 50
6159.	Demonstration Lenses. Set of six, two and a quarter inches in di-	≈ 50
	ameter, very superior	7 50
6160.	Lens of Crown-glass. Four and a half inches in diameter, on brass stand	7 50
6161.	Lens similar to No. 6160, and in similar mounting, but six inches in diameter.	9 00
6162.	Lens similar to No. 6160, and in similar mounting, but eight inches in diameter	12 00

SECTION V.—OF DISPERSION.



	6180.	6182.	6190.	
6178	power, perfect	m. One inch on side, very ly polished, angle of sixt	pure and of high refractive ty degrees, for use in spec-	4:
6170	roscope B. Flint Glass Prism	One and a quarter inch	ues on a side similar to No	\$12 00
	6175, but polis	hed on two sides only	Bottle form, three inches	10 00
	nign	····	Bottle form, six inches	5 00
	high	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		7 50
	form, three inc	ches in diameter	Globular or Spirit-Lamp	5 00
	of minimum de	$\operatorname{eviation}$	6177, arranged at the angle	22 50
	minimum devi	ation	78, arranged at the angle of	30 00
6182	angle	sm. On brass stand, w	rith joint to incline to any	10 00
	. Achromatic I en inches focus, u	s. One and seven-eighths inmounted	inches in diameter and ten	5 00
	brass stand		mounted on an adjustable	10 00
6187			er and twelve inches focus,	20 00
	. Achromatic Lens. brass stand	Same as No. 6187, but	mounted on an adjustable	27 50
6190	disc, twelve inc rays from the o whole to be sup	thes in diameter, with the centre. A brass bearing ported upon a metal pin	white light. A card-board e colors of the spectrum as at the centre permits the a, and revolved rapidly by	
6191	Newton's Disc. S	Similar to No. 6190, but	thirty inches in diameter,	5 00
			whirling-table, such as No.	5 00
	instead of the w	whole seven of the spectru	ng the three primary colors	3 50
6193.	of the same car	d-circles	and 6192 on opposite sides	7 00

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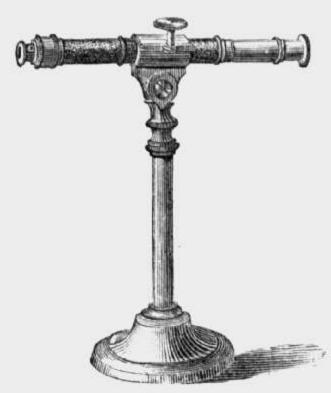
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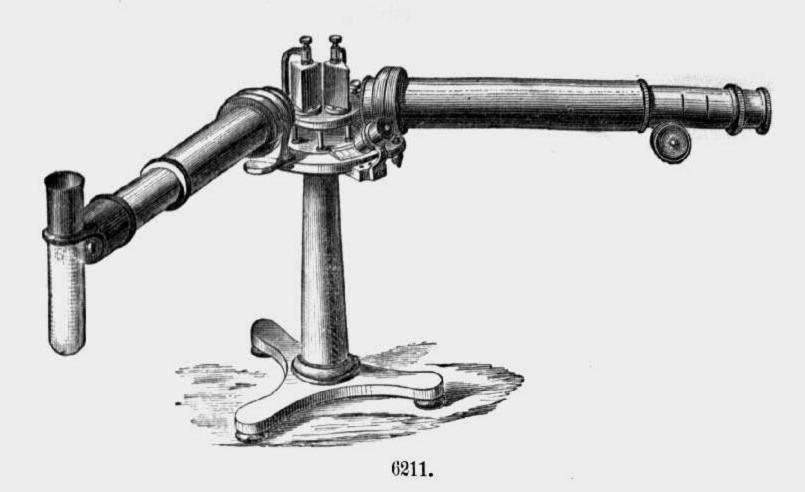
SECTION VI.—SPECTRUM ANALYSIS,

	PRICE
6200. Direct Vision Pocket Spectroscope. Three and one-half inches long, and five-eighths of an inch in diameter. Consists of a series of five prisms, on the principle of Amici, mounted in a brass tube, with an	15:00:000
adjustable slit	\$15 00
Duamina's three inches lang	
6201 Direct Vision Pocket Spectroscope. Browning's, three inches long, and seven-tenths of an inch in diameter, with five prisms and ad-	
justable slit	18 00
Justable Site	9.7
6202. Direct Vision Pocket Spectroscope. Browning's, same as No. 6201, but with achromatic lenses and neat morocco case	25 00

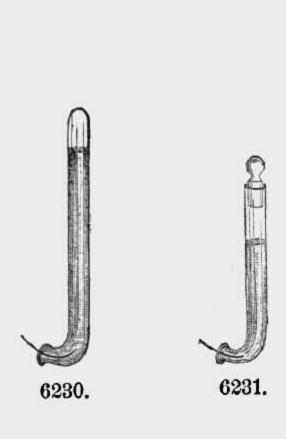


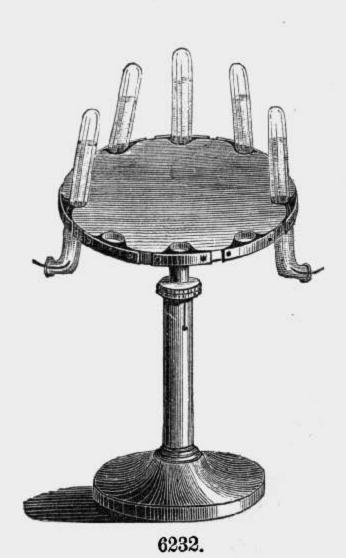
6206.

6203. Direct Vision Spectroscope. Large model, eighteen inche with five prisms, adjustable slit, and neat polished mahogan A powerful instrument, easily dividing the D. line.	es long, y case. 90 00
6204. Direct Vision Spectroscope. Same as No. 6203, but on neat with horizontal movements	100 00
6205. Direct Vision Spectroscope. Twelve inches long, and seven- inch in diameter, containing five prisms, with eye-piece, adj to different portions of the spectrum in succession. In ne	ustable
rocco case	0 m m
6206. Direct Vision Spectroscope. Same as No. 6205, but mounted estand, with horizontal movement	
6207. Direct Vision Spectroscope. Twenty inches long, and one quarter inches in diameter, containing five prisms, with n eter for measuring the position of the lines, and screw more to eye-piece, to adjust the lenses to different portions of the trum. A reflecting prism placed over a portion of the slit properties to be compared	nicrom- vement 1e spec- permits
6208. Bunsen's Laboratory Spectroscope. With one prism. Consist collimator, with adjustable slit and a prism for comparison of tra, a second collimator, with a photographed millimeter sea a telescope for examining the rays from the former two. The which is of flint-glass, is inclosed in a strong metal box mounted upon a neat stand and packed in a strong box with	of spec- ale, and prism, x. All
6209. Bunsen's Laboratory Spectroscope. Same as No. 6208, but we addition of a pair of Bunsen burners, a pair of supports platinum loops, to hold the material for examination, a platinum loops in glass tubes, a set of scales for mapping seand a colored chart of the spectra of the prominent alkal metals, compared with the solar spectrum. The instrume	tith the for the box of spectra, lies and ent, but
not the accessories, packed in a neat mahogany box with loc	k 75 00

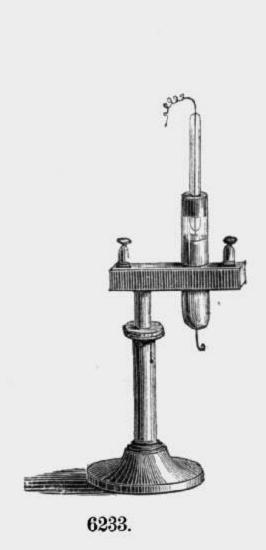


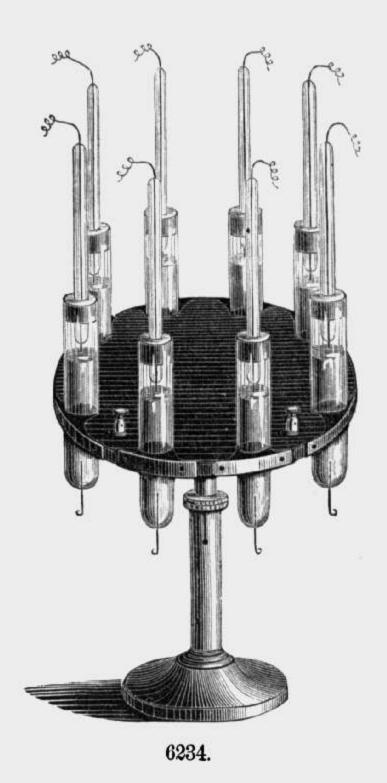
6210. Browning's Laboratory Spectroscope. With one prism of extradense glass, two telescopes (one a collimator, carrying a slit and prism	PRICE
for comparison, the other for observing the spectrum). A graduated circle and vernier for measuring the position of the lines in the spectrum. In neat case	\$ 75 00
6211. Model Spectroscope. With two prisms of extra dense glass. Two telescopes, graduated circle, vernier, and microscope for reading the divisions. In polished mahogany case	160 00
6212. Model Spectroscope. As No. 6211, but with four prisms instead of two, with micrometer movement to measure accurately the distance between any lines of the spectrum, with fittings and two eyepieces. In polished mahogany case	250 00
6213. Millimeter Scales. For mapping spectra. Each	20



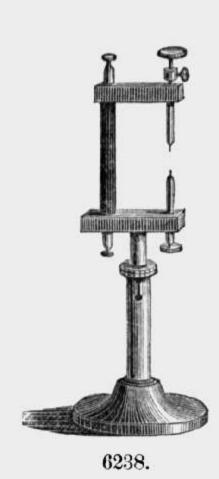


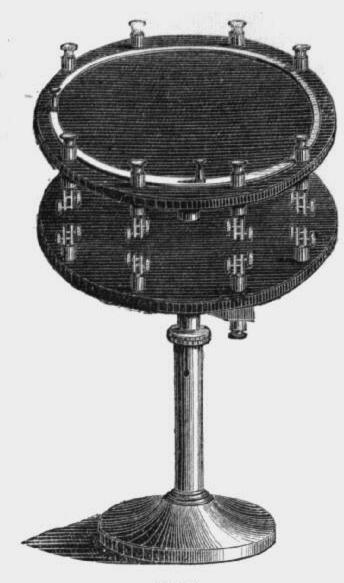
116	JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.	
6230.	Mitscherlich's Tubes Consisting of a glass tube, with a wick of pla-	PRICE
	tinum wire to give a continuous supply of material for the Bunsen burner See cut, p. 115	\$0 50
6231.	Mitscherlich Tube, with stopper	75
6232.	Stand with eight Mitscherlich's Tubes. Arranged for convenient use. Consisting of a polished brass stand and pedestal, supporting a table with openings for eight tubes. The table turns horizontally, allowing any desired tube to be brought into position. See cut	12 00





6233.	Becquerel's Apparatus. For obtaining the spectra of liquids. Single tube on neat stand, with binding-screws	7 50
6234.	Becquerel's Apparatus. Set of eight tubes, as in No. 6233, mounted in a hard-rubber platform, on a polished brass stand, with binding-screws.	50 00



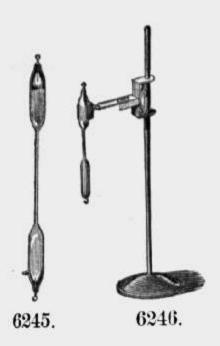


6239.

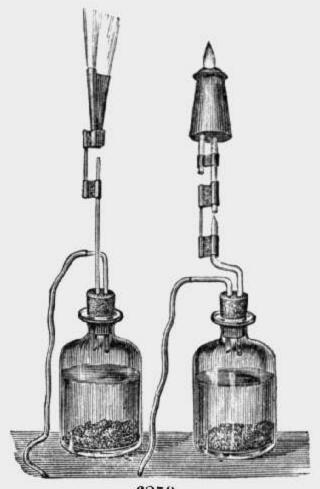
6238. Metal Holder. A pair of forceps, with clamps, in a neat brass frame insulated by hard rubber, and mounted on an adjustable brass stand	3
6239. Metal Holder. For eight metals. A pair of hard-rubber plates, with eight pairs of forceps, with attachments to permit the passage of the current through one pair only at a time. This instrument, by which any known metal can be at once brought into comparison with the specimen under examination, and the coincidences, if any noted at once, without the trouble of mapping the spectrum, has a	f 7 1
degree of utility not easily overestimated	
Instruments with any number of holders furnished. Each additional holder	4 00

6241.

6240.	order to volatilize	e the more refractory	spark of the induction metals. Series of to	en plates
	프랑인 이 회원들이 있다면 하는 것이 그렇게 되었다면 하다 하다 하다 때문에 다른 사람이 되었다.		, and mounted in neat	10 50
6241.	Improved Spark C case, with holders	Condenser. Packed s for metals, etc. V	in neat polished mery compact form	ahogany 25 00



	PRICE
6245. Plücker's Tubes. For obtaining the spectra of gases, each For list, see page 103, Nos. 5850 to 5867.	\$2 00
6246. Stand. For single Plucker's tube, without tube	2 00
6248. Set of Eight Plucker's Tubes. With brass mountings, so as to permit the charge from the induction coil to pass through any one desired, in neat box with key. A very safe and convenient arrangement	27 50
6249. Stand with Eighteen Plucker's Tubes. A cylinder covered with black velvet, with the tubes arranged around it vertically and equidistant from each other, and having connections so adjusted as to permit any desired tube to be lighted by turning the cylinder, which, for this purpose, rotates upon a vertical axis. Base and top of mahogany, with binding-screws	75 00

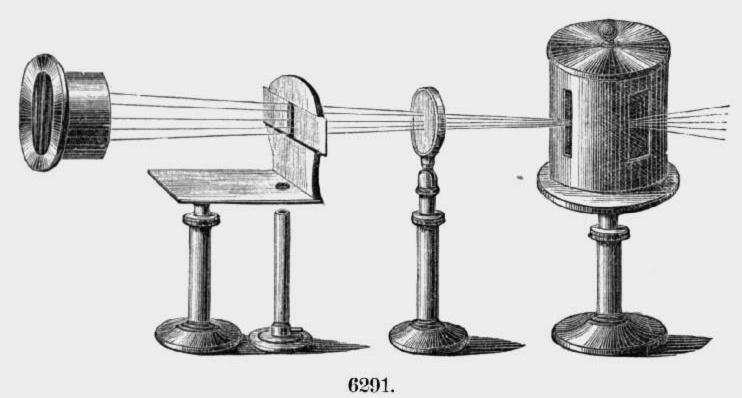


6250.

6250. Bunsen's Apparatus, to show the reversal of the sodium light..... 7 50



6275,	Sorby Micro-spectroscope. To be used as an eye-piece for the micro-scope, for determining the spectra of minute bodies, and of solutions. Packed in a neat case	PR	ICE
6276.	Sorby Micro-spectroscope. Similar to No. 6275, but with rack motion to eye-piece, and with bright point micrometer		
6277.	Wedge Cells, for examining different thicknesses of a solution. Each.	\$0	50
	Small Tubes, to hold solutions. Per doz	1	25
6279.	Specimens in Sealed Tubes, for showing the absorption bands. Each. List of specimens sent on application.		50



6290.	Spectroscope for Projection. Consisting of a brass stand carrying a slit, and of a pair of hollow prisms for bisulphide of carbon, in polished brass case on stand. Can be added to any lantern by using the condensers and the magnifiers of the lantern	50 00
6291. 8	Spectroscope for Projection. Consisting of a pair of condensers, four and a half inches in diameter, in brass cell, a brass stand with adjustable slit, achromatic magnifying lens, two inches in diameter, on brass stand, and a pair of hollow prisms for bisulphide of carbon, mounted in a polished brass case on adjustable brass stand. This instrument is furnished with a strong flange, by which the condensers, with magnifier, can be attached to the front of any lantern of ordinary construction.	85 00

	JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.	120
PRICE	Set of Materials in Sealed Bottles, prepared expressly to be used with the hydro-oxygen blow-pipe, to obtain the spectra for projection. Consisting of sodium, strontium, calcium, lithium, and rubidium;	6293.
\$3 00	REMARK.—By the aid of these preparations the spectra of these substances can be as satisfactorily demonstrated by the oxyhydrogen blow-pipe to audiences not exceeding 1000 persons, as they can be by means of the more cumbrous electric lamp. All the above spectroscopes for projection are accompanied by minute printed instructions for their use.	
	6 300. 6 301.	
10 00 7 50 3 50 1 50	Hollow Globe, with plate glass ends and clamps of brass, to contain iodine, bromine, hypo-nitrous acid, etc., for absorption spectra, each	6301. 6302.
	SECTION VII.—On the Transformation of Vibrations,	
	1. Phosphorescence. Phosphorescent Tubes, containing sulphurets of the alkaline earths.	6310
5 00	Set of four colors, in neat mahogany frame	
10 00	Phosphorescent Tubes. Same as No. 6310, but with seven tubes, giving the various tints of the spectrum	0511.
	Nos. 6310 and 6311 are excited by placing them for a few moments in the direct rays of the sun, and then removing them quickly to a dark room.	
	6312.	
	6313. 6314–15.	
0 50	Phosphorescent Geissler Tubes. Straight tubes, seven inches long, containing quantities of the sulphurets of barium, calcium, strontium, etc. each	6312.
2 50	tium, etc., each	

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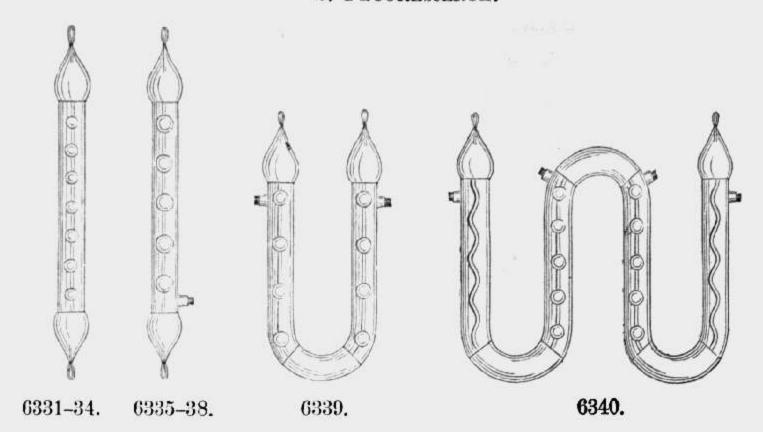
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	FLUORESCENCE.	1	21
		PR	CE
63 13.	Phosphorescent Geissler Tube, curved as in Fig. 6313	\$8	00
6314.	Phosphorescent Geissler Tube, crown-shaped, 8 inches in diameter	5	00
6315.	Phosphorescent Geissler Tube, crown-shaped, 12 inches in diameter.	7	50
6316.	Phosphorescent Geissler Tube, double-crown, 15 inches in diameter These tubes have the great advantage that they can be used at any time of day or night.	20	00

2. Fluorescence.

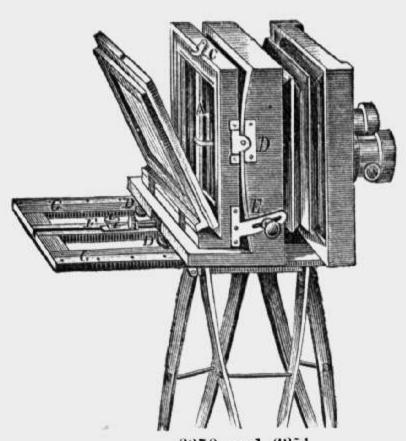


6325.	Sulphate of Quinine, in Tartaric Acid, eight-ounce bottle	1	50
	Chlorophyll, in Alcohol, eight-ounce bottle		
	Esculine in Alcohol, eight-ounce bottle		
6329.	Block of Uranium Glass. To show fluorescence when placed under an exhausted receiver upon the air-pump plate, on the passage of a strong discharge from the induction coil	2	50
6330.	Block of Uranium Glass. Same as No. 6329, but encased in a polished walnut box, with soft lining	4	00
6331,	Double Geissler Tube, 7 inches long, with balls or spirals of uranium glass, to show fluorescence	2	25
6332.	Geissler Tube. Same as No. 6331, but 12 inches long	5	00
	Geissler Tube. Same as above, but 24 inches long	7	00
6334.	Geissler Tube. Same as above, but 30 inches long	9	00
6335,	Double Geissler Tube, 7 inches long; outer tube filled with a fluorescent solution	2	25
6 336.	Geissler Tube. Same as No. 6335, but 12 inches long	5	00
6337.	Geissler Tube. Same as above, but 24 inches long	7	00
6338.	Geissler Tube. Same as above, but 30 inches long	9	00
6339.	Geissler Tube. Double tube, U form, with uranium balls or spirals on the inner tube, the outer to be filled with fluorescent solutions. Arms 9 or 10 inches long	5	00
6340.	Geissler Tube. Double. Form of double U. Inner tube with uranium balls, or spirals. The four outer to be filled with various fluorescent solutions.	12	00

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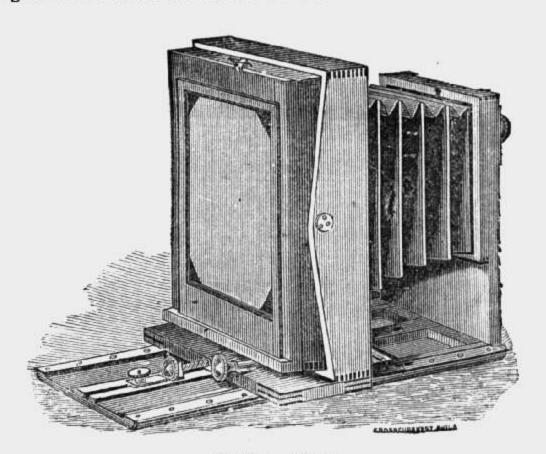
3. ACTINISM.



6350 and 6351.

6350. Stereoscopic Camera Box. For plates 5 inches by 8, with patent glass corner-holders, so arranged that the division between the two sides of the view may be removed, and, with one tube only, a picture be made covering the whole plate. By a simple contrivance, the box may be fastened upon the tripod on the side as well as the base, and thus the plate be held with its greatest length vertically, if desired. Without swing back. \$30.00

6351. Stereoscopic Camera Box. Same as No. 6350, but with patent single swing back. 35.00



6352 to 6357.

6352.	x. Plate $6\frac{1}{4}$ inches by $8\frac{1}{4}$, reversible. Of	
	abber bellows, of pyramidal form, so as and with hinged base	40 00
6 353.	Same as No. 6352, but with single	45 00

table. Suitable for plates up to 11 by 14 inches......

ACTINISM.

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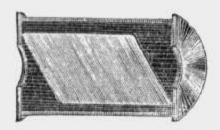
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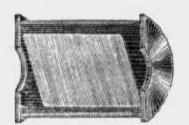
	SECTION VIII OF INTERFERENCE AND DIFFRACTION.		
		PI	RICE
	Two Mirrors, adjustable to any angle with each other, on a brass stand with clamp	\$ 25	00
6376.	Apparatus to permit the passage of a very narrow slit of light, adjustable, of brass	10	00
	Double Prism of Mons. Pouillet, mounted in brass frame on a brass stand with clamp		
6378.	Two Rectilinear Gratings, ruled on glass, mounted in a brass frame on a brass stand, so that they can be rotated to assume any angle with each other, for projection of interferences	30	00
6379.	Circular Grating. Mounted in a brass frame on a brass stand	25	00
6380.	Mica Plates. Mounted in a brass frame, on brass stand, with clamp.	5	00
6381.	Newton's Apparatus, to show interference in thin plates; consisting of a thick plate of glass, and a lens of long focus, mounted in a	10	50
6000	strong brass frame with clamps. Four inches in diameter	12	ou
	Newton's Apparatus. For reflection only. Similar to No. 6381, but having a plate of black glass	17	50
6385.	Jamin's Apparatus. To show interference in thick plates. A pair of thick plates of glass, mounted so as to be adjustable to any required		
	angle with each other, and to any requisite distance apart, on a strong brass stand, with clamp	45	00
6 386.	Set of Four Diffraction Slits. Of different shapes. Mounted in brass frame on stand, with clamp		00
6387.	Interference Bench. To hold all the above pieces of apparatus on interference and diffraction. Consisting of a graduated bar of brass, supported by a pair of posts on a frame of polished mahogany. Length of bar four feet. A telescope, with micrometer, accompanies the bench to measure the distance of the fringes. It is mounted, like the other pieces of the complete apparatus, on a brass stand, with clamp, and has a horizontal movement by means of a		
	SECTION IX.—Double Refraction and Polarization.	200	00
6400.	Rhomb of Calc-Spar. According to size and transparency\$5 00 t	to 50	00
	Rhomb of Calc-Spar. Cut so as to expose the axis	10	
	Achromatic Double Image Prism. Three-fourths inch on side		50
	Achromatic Double Image Prism. One and a quarter inch on side		00
	Achromatic Double Image Prism. Two inches on side		00
	desertate destat at qual art of option desertation desertation estate of art of		

6406.

6406. Rochon Telescope. Which serves to measure the distance of an object if its size be known, by means of a Rochon Prism of Spar... 45 00







6411-13.

6422.

6425-29.

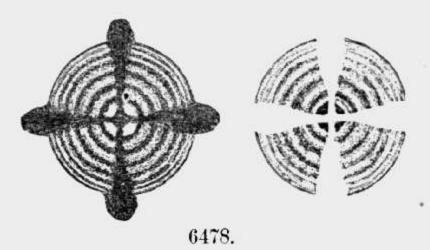
	7		
6408.	Plate of Polished Black Glass. Mounted on a support so as to be	PR \$20	OO
6409.	Bundle of Glass Plates. Carefully polished. Mounted in a brass tube, at the polarizing angle	25	
6410.	Bundle of Glass Plates. Carefully polished, and mounted in a brass tube. So arranged as to allow both the reflected and refracted rays to be employed.	30	00
6411	Pair of Tourmalines. In tongs	5	00
	Pair of Tourmaline Tongs. Finer quality	10	
	Pair of Tourmaline Tongs. Three-fourths of an inch in diameter	20	
	Pair of Tourmaline Plates. Cut parallel to the axis, and mounted in a brass frame, so as to be rotated and crossed at will, to show the extinction of the light	20	00
6415.	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 8 millimetres across the face	3	00
	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 10 millimetres across the face		00
	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 12 millimetres across the face	5	00
	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 16 millimetres across the face	10	00
	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 20 millimetres across the face	14	00
6420.	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 30 millimetres across the face	50	00
6421.	Nicol's Prism. Unmounted, 40 millimetres across the face	90	00
6422.	Brass Mountings for Nicol's Prisms, Nos. 6415-21, with cork setting and glass ends. Without prism. According to size. Each, from	\$10	00
6423.	Pair of Nicol's Prisms. 12 millimetres in diameter. Mounted in a neat brass frame, with handle, so that each prism can be rotated at pleasure. With holder for object, and lens for giving diverging rays. Very suitable for examining the rings in crystals		00
6424.	Pair of Nicol's Prisms, 16 millimetres in diameter. Mounted same as No. 6422	25	00
6425.	Foucault's Prism. For polarization of parallel rays. 12 millimetres	c	00
0.100	across the face. Mounted in brass cell		00
	Foucault's Prism. Same as No. 6424, but 16 millimetres across Foucault's Prism. Ditto, but 30 millimetres across		00
	Foucault's Prism. Ditto, but 30 millimetres across		00
	Foucault's Prism. Ditto, but 60 millimetres across	100	
	Hoffmann's New Polarizing Prism. 12 millimetres opening. Mount-	-	•••
0490.	ed in brass cell	10	50
6436.	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435, but 15 millimetres opening	15	00
100	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 20 millimetres opening	36	00
6438.	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 25 millimetres opening	50	00
6439.	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 30 millimetres opening		00
6440.	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 35 millimetres opening		00
6441.	Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 40 millimetres opening	135	00

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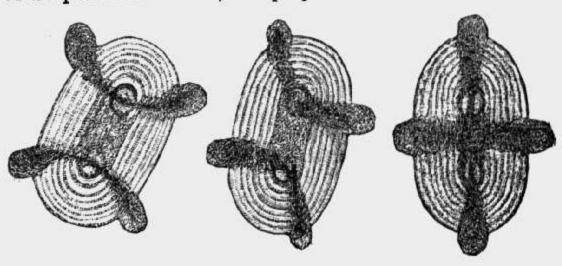
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126 JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.		
	PRICE	
RAA9 Hoffmann's Frisin. Same as 110.		-
6443 Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 50 millimetres opening	250 0	0
6444. Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 55 millimetres opening	315 0	0
6445 Hoffmann's Prism. Same as No. 6435. 60 millimetres opening	375 0	0
6460. Plate of Selenite, of uniform thickness; tints, red and green	2 5	0
6461. Plate of Selenite, of uniform thickness; tints, yellow and blue	2 5	0
6462. Plate of Selenite, of uniform of a concave lens, showing the various		
tinte of the spectrum in order	10 0	
case Plate of Mice of uniform thickness; tints, red and green	1 5	0
each Plate of Mice of uniform thickness; tints, yellow and blue	1 5	0
6465. Plate of Selenite, of uneven thickness, giving various tints	1 5	0
6466. Plate of Mica, of uneven thickness, giving various tints	1 5	0
6466. Plate of Mica, of the ven thickness, group 6467. Plate of Quartz, cut parallel to the axis; thin	3 0	0
6467. Plate of Quartz, cut parallel to the axis; thick	3 0	00
6468. Plate of Quartz, cut parallel to the axis, thick		
6469. Series of seven plates of Quartz, cut parallel to the axis, giving the tints of the spectrum	~1 (00
care. Plate of Quertz, cut parallel to the axis, and ground into the form of a		
conceve lens to show the colors due to different unicknesses in a sac		
cession of rays	10 0	
6471 Plate of Quartz (oblique), giving hyperbolas, single	3 5	
6472. Plate of Ouartz (oblique), giving hyperbolas, double	0 (00
6473. Plate of Calc-Spar, giving hyperbolas, single	3 (00
6474. Plate of Calc-Spar, giving hyperbolas, double		
6475. Plate of Quartz, giving sensitive tint	3 (00
6476. Plate of Mica, giving sensitive tint	3 (00
6477. Plate of Selenite, giving sensitive tint	3 (00
0411. Flate of Belefite, giving sensitive different control		



6478. Plate of Calc-Spar cut perpendicular to the axis, and giving the cir-2 00 cles and cross..... 3 50 6479. Plate of Sulphate of Nickel, cut perpendicular to the axis......



6490.

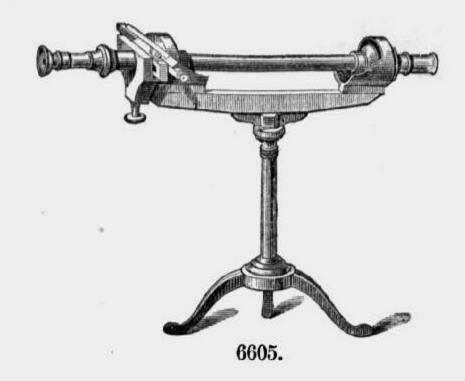
REPRACTION AND POLARIZATION.	1	21
6490. Plate of Nitre, cut perpendicular to the median line, so as to show both systems of rings. 6491. Plate of Sugar. Perpendicular to the median line. 6492. Plate of Arragonite. Perpendicular to the median line. 6493. Plate of Chromate of Potash. Perpendicular to the median line. 6494. Plate of Quartz. Cut perpendicular to the axis, left-handed. 6495. Plate of Quartz. Cut perpendicular to the axis, right-handed. 6496. Compound Plate of Quartz. One half left-handed and the other right-handed 6497. Compound Plate of Quartz, giving the spirals of Airy. 6500. Babinet's Compensating Prism. 6501. Calc-Spar. Cut perpendicular to the axis, to show phenomena of hemitropic crystals. 6502. Film of Mica, of one-quarter wave, for circular polarization, per pair 6503. Fresnel's Rhomb, for circular polarization, in brass case, per pair	\$3 2 4 2 5 5 5 10 8 10	00 50 00 50 00 00 00 00 00
6510		
6510. 6511. 6512.		
6505. Verre Trempe. Square form, 1 inch across	3 3 3	00 00 00 00 00 00 50
6511. Brass Frame, with screw-press, to show the effect of transverse strain upon a bar of glass placed in it	12	50
6512. Brass Frame, with screw-press to show the effect of the strain upon		
the structure of a block of plate-glass placed in it	12	
6515. Selenite Films of uneven thickness, figure of a star\$3 00 to		
그리즘 사람들은 그렇게 살아가면 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 그리고		
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird\$3 00 to		
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird\$3 00 to 6517. Selenite Film. As above, figure of butterfly	o 12	00
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird\$3 00 to 6517. Selenite Film. As above, figure of butterfly	o 12 o 12	00 00
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird	o 12 o 12 o 12	00 00 00
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird\$3 00 to 6517. Selenite Film. As above, figure of butterfly	o 12 o 12 o 12 o 12 3	00 00 00 00
6516. Selenite Films. Similar to No. 6515, figure of bird	o 12 o 12 o 12 o 12 3	00 00 00

REFRACTION AND POLARIZATION.

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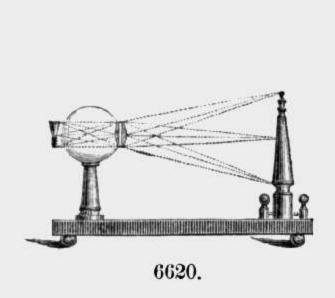
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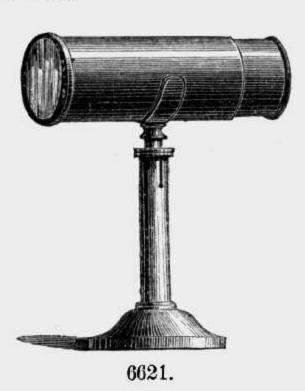
2.—On the Projection of the Phenomena of Double Refrac	TION AND
POLARIZATION.	
6550. Double Image Prisms for Projection. Consisting of a pair of double image prisms, \(\frac{3}{4}\) inch in diameter, with selenite plate, to dem strate to a large audience the phenomena of double refraction a	und
complementary colors. Mounted in brass, on plain stand	\$-0 00
6551. Double Image Prisms for Projection. Similar to No. 6550, but and a quarter inches across	40 00
6552. Double Image Prisms for Projection. Similar to No. 6550, but inches across	00 00
and refracted rays, with a Nicol's prism, 20 millimetres across	the for
6562. Polariscope for Projection. Consisting of a Foucault prism, 1½ inc	hes coss
for holding it	75 00 hes
in diameter, as a polarizer, a Nicol's prism, 14 inches in diameter as an analyzer, a lens for focusing the object, and a stage for he ing it.	old- 200 00
6564. Polariscope for Projection. Consisting of a Nicol's prism, 3 inches diameter, as a polarizer, a Nicol's prism, 2 inches in diameter, as analyzer, a lens for focusing the objects, and a stage for holding	it. 800 00
6566. Polariscope for Projection. Consisting of a Hoffmann's prism, of millimetres opening as a polarizer, a Hoffmann's prism of millimetres opening as an analyzer, a lens for focusing the object and a stage for holding it	ect, 150 00
6567. Polariscope for Projection. Consisting of a Hoffmann's prism, of millimetres opening as a polarizer, a Hoffmann's prism of millimetres opening as an analyzer, a lens for focusing the object and a stage for holding it	ect, 315 00
6568 Polariscope for Projection. Consisting of a Hoffmann's prism, of millimetres opening as a polarizer, a Hoffmann's prism of 45 limetres opening, as an analyzer, a lens for focusing the obj	f 60 mil- ect,
and a stage for holding it	hed in
3.—Polariscopes for the Study of Atmospheric Polarizati	on, &c.
6600. Polariscope of Babinet. Consisting of a plate of "verre trempe," one end of a brass tube 10 inches long, and a tourmaline plate Nicol's prism at the other	e or
6601. Polariscope of Savart. Consisting of a double plate of quartz, and tourmaline plate, in a small brass cell	
6602. Polariscope of Arago. Consisting of a double plate of quartz, ar double refracting prism, placed at opposite ends of a brass to 10 inches long	ibe,
6603. Polariscope of Senarmont. Consisting of a double compound proof right-handed and left-handed quartz, and a tourmaline or Nicoprism set in a brass tube	ism ol's



6604. Mitscherlich's Apparatus, for investigating the laws of rotary polari-	PRICE
zation	\$60 00
6605. Soleil's Saccharimeter, with four tubes, three of brass, and one of	
glass, for the fluid. Full instructions for use accompany each instrument.	130 00

SECTION X.-ON VISION.





6620. Apparatus Illustrating the Formation of Images in the Eye. Mounte on a neat mahogany frame	. 7 50
6621. Apparatus Illustrating the Cause of Long and Short Sight. Pair of brass tubes, with a ground-glass screen at one end and three lense of different foci at the other	s . 15 00
6622. Model of the Eye. Showing the different coats, lenses, &c. Three inches in diameter	. 000
6623. Model of the Eye. Showing the muscles which move it, the arteries and veins which supply it, and the various coatings, lenses, and humors of which it is composed. So constructed as to be taken it pieces and studied in detail. The globe of the eye is represented of a scale of 4 inches in diameter.	n n

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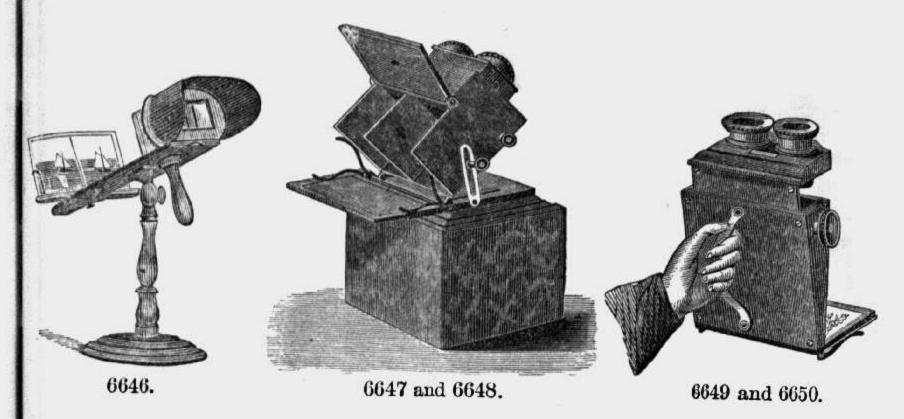
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2.—Persistence of Vision.	PRICE
6630. Anorthoscope. Consisting of two wheels of card-board, twenty inches in diameter, to be rotated on the same axis with equal velocity in opposite directions. Each of them is cut by an equal number of the same sized rays. Mounted on a neat, firm rotating stand of polished mahogany.	\$20 00
6631. Thaumatrope	5 00
6632. Photodrome. Consisting of a strong rotator, carrying three discs of devices, each thirty inches in diameter, painted on paper; and a small rotator carrying a smaller disc of card-board, with openings in it, to allow the light from a calcium, magnesium, or electric lantern to be thrown upon the first disc by flashes. Each rotator is revolved	
rapidly, producing the most curious effects upon the large disc	50 00
6633. Zoetrope, or Wheel of Life	3 50
6634. Zoetrope, or Wheel of Life. For projection by the calcium, magnesium, or electric lantern	15 00
	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW
6 635. 6639.	
6635. Automatic Rotator for Geissler's Tubes, and a set of six tubes. Selected for their especial fitness for this use. Tubes each from seven to nine inches long, in a neat box	17 50
6636. Automatic Rotator, No. 6635, without the tubes	10 00
6637. Automatic Rotator for Geissler's Tubes. Larger and more elegant model, carrying tubes from seven to twelve inches long, without tubes	20 00
6638. Automatic Rotator for Geissler's Tubes. Grand model, without tubes.	30 00
6639. Rotator for Geissler's Tubes. Of mahogany, not automatic, and carrying tubes from twelve to thirty inches long	30 00

6640. Grand Rotator for Geissler's Tubes. Of mahogany, with two or four

arms, suitable for carrying either one tube from twenty to fortyeight inches long, or four tubes each twenty inches long, as may be

3.—BINOCULAR VISION.



COAR	D-0 -1' - 6'	PI	RICE
0040.	Reflecting Stereoscope of Mr. Wheatstone	\$8	00
6646.	Refracting Stereoscope of Sir David Brewster. Neat rosewood frame, Holmes' form, on stand	7	00
6647.	Achromatic Refracting Stereoscope of Sir David Brewster. Of highly polished mahogany, in case of the same material		50
	Achromatic Refracting Stereoscope of Sir David Brewster. Of highly polished black walnut, in case of the same material	33	5.52
	Achromatic Refracting Stereoscope of Sir David Brewster, with reflector. Of highly polished mahogany	17	50
6650.	Achromatic Refracting Stereoscope of Sir David Brewster, with reflector. Of highly polished black walnut	20	

4.—ACCIDENTAL COLORS.

6655. A frame of polished mahogany, two feet square, standing vertically, on base of same material, and intended to support two pieces of heavy paper, one white, the other black. A set of ten white and brilliantly colored discs accompany the instrument, to be fastened at the middle of the former two. Full directions for use with each instrument.

5.—HARMONY AND MUTUAL INFLUENCE OF COLORS.

6656. A frame of polished mahogany, two feet square, standing vertically, intended to support in turn the following discs and squares:—

No.	1.	A square	piece of	white par	per, two	feet square
	2.	ĩ.	- "	black		"
	3.	"	4.6	gray	66	66
	4.	4.6	66	red	66	66
	5.	46	66	orange	44	6.6
	6.	"	44	yellow	"	6.6
	7.	"	44	green	66	66
	8.	"	6.6	blue	66	"
	9.	"	6.6	indigo	66	"
	10.			violet	44	"

Beside these ground tints, the following colored discs, each ten inches in diameter, are attached as desired at the centre. Black, gray, white, red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, and violet....

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SECTION XI.—Instruments for Projection.

All of the instruments described below are fitted so as to be used either with the Electric Lamp, for spectrum projection, No.5581, the lamps of Browning, Nos. 5585 and 5586; the Electric Regulators of Duboscq and Foucault, Nos. 5587 and 5588; the Magnesium Lamp, No. 6061, or the Hydro-Oxygen Lime Lamp, No. 6050, or 6051.

(Cut in Next Edition.)

Cheyney's Universal Lantern for Projection, made entirely of metal.

The frame of these lanterns consists of two strong plates of metal at right angles to each other, one the base, the other the face or front. The condensers are carried by the latter and the lamp by the former, each being securely fastened. A hood covers the light. The magnifying lenses are borne by a stout metal bar and post, attached to the front of the frame. This (which may be called the optical part of the instrument) is supported upon a stout frame by four pillars, rising from a circular metal base; and has, fastened to its under surface, two strong metal arcs. On an axis joining the centre of these the instrument rotates in a vertical plane. When used to project the light, either in a horizontal or vertical direction, the lantern-frame is securely bolted to the frame of the base by a series of strong pins. When the front of the lantern is either elevated or depressed, a pair of pins in each of the metal arcs holds it firmly in any position.

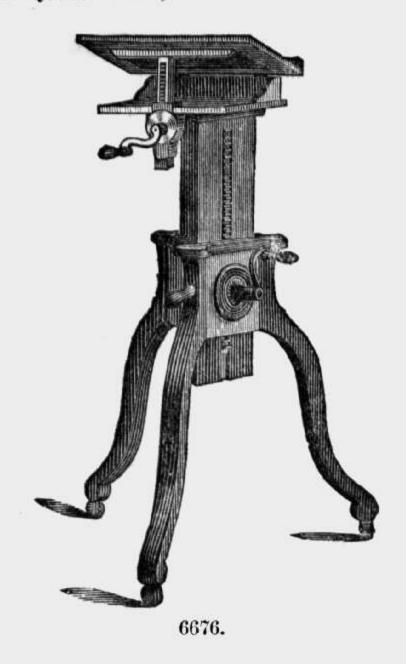
The whole instrument, above described, rotates in a horizontal plane upon a heavy circular plate of metal, and, to avoid friction, the upper of the two circular plates forming the base, has a groove cut in it, and three steel balls, placed at equal distances apart, serve as friction rollers. A clamp fixes it firmly in any desired position.

The instrument has thus complete movements in all directions, and can be used as a horizontal or vertical lantern, at will, by merely turning it on its axis. The facility with which the light can be directed downward or upward, at any angle, as well as its free movement in a horizontal direction, gives this instrument an advantage over every other form of instrument for projection; while a long experience has

shown that there is no danger of injury to the condensers in using the light immediately beneath them, if they are carefully warmed by using the light a short time in the usual position, before turning the instrument vertically. As the arrangement of lenses used in the vertical lantern is the same as in the instrument used in the ordinary way, the field is just as clear as in the latter case. A square prism set above the magnifying lens, throws the light upon the screen.

		DD	ICE
	Universal Lantern. As described above, with condensers four and a half inches in diameter, and a series of three achromatic magnifying lenses two inches in diameter, of four, seven and a half, and twelve inches respective focus. No lamps.	\$175	T-T-T-T
6661.	Universal Lantern. With two sets of condensers, one 4½ inches in diameter, the other 8 inches, and a series of four achromatic magnifying lenses, 2½ inches in diameter, and of 4, 7½, 12, and 20 inches focus, respectively. No lamps.		
6662.	Universal Lantern. No. 6660, with the following accessories: Glass tank, with brass clamps, for chemical reactions, No. 4036. Galvanic cell, No. 5461. Microscope for projection, No. 6366, pt. 2d. Spectroscope, No. 6290. Achromatic lens on stand, No. 6186. Fine square prism for inverting field, No. 6155.		
6663.	Universal Lantern, No. 6660, with the following accessories: Glass tank, with brass clamps, for chemical reactions, No. 4036. Galvanic cell, No. 5461. Microscope for projection, No. 6366, pt. 2d. Spectroscope, No. 6290. Polariscope, No. 6562. Kaleidoscope, No. 6098. Achromatic lens on stand, No. 6186. Fine square prism for inverting field, No. 6155.		
6664.	Universal Lantern. No. 6660, with the following accessories: Glass tank, with brass clamps, for chemical reactions, No. 4036 Galvanic cell, No. 5461 Microscope for projection, No. 6366, pt. 2d Spectroscope, No. 6290 Polariscope, No. 6563 Kaleidoscope, No. 6098 Achromatic lens on stand, No. 6187 Fine square prism for inverting field, No. 6155		
6666.	Universal Lantern, No. 6661, with the following accessories: Three Glass tanks, with brass clamps, for chemical reaction. Two large and one small. One Glass tank, No. 4036. Galvanic cell, No. 5461 Microscope for projection, No. 6366, pt. 2d. Spectroscope, No. 6290 Polariscope, No. 6564. Kaleidoscope, No. 6098 Achromatic lens on stand, No. 6187 Attachment for showing the Chladni figures on glass plates by projection, No. 4722.	1000	00
	Large square prism for inverting the field, No. 6155	1200	00

For the ordinary lanterns for exhibition, and for full list of scientific and other pictures, see our Catalogue, Part 3d.



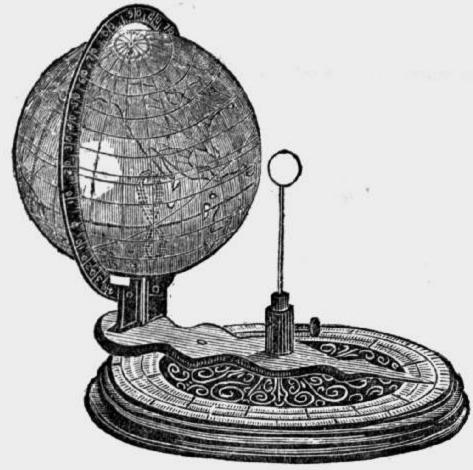
CHAPTER IX.

ASTRONOMY.

SECTION I .- GLOBES WITH SEAS REPRESENTED WHITE, WITHOUT CURRENTS.

6680. Terrestrial Globe, six inches in diameter, on semi stand	5	00
6681. Terrestrial Globe, six inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand	10	00
6682. Terrestrial Globe, ten inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand	18	00
6683. Terrestrial Globe, ten inches in diameter, on bronzed stand	20	00
6684. Terrestrial Globe, twelve inches in diameter, on semi-stand	17	00
6685. Terrestrial Globe, twelve inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand.	22	00
6686. Terrestrial Globe, twelve inches in diameter, on bronzed pedestal stand	37	50
6687. Terrestrial Globe, sixteen inches in diameter, on bronzed pedestal stand	62	50

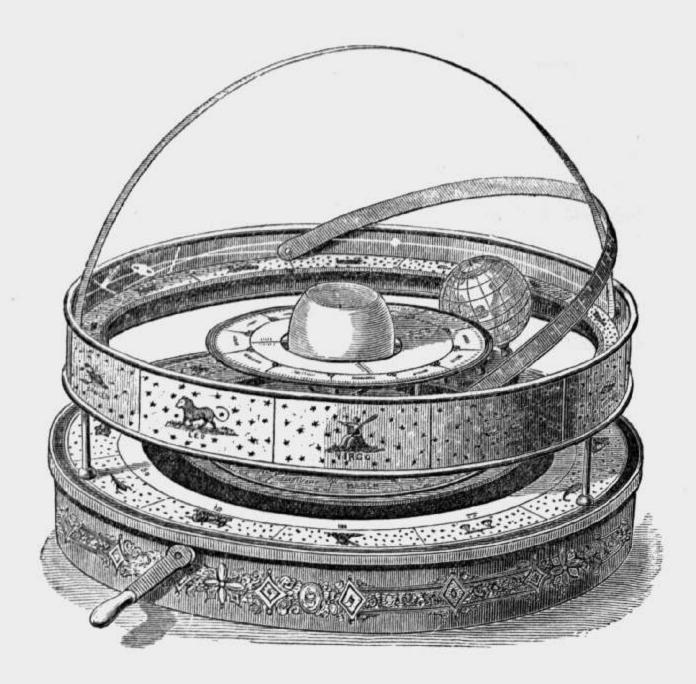
		PR	RICE
6688.	Terrestrial Globe, thirty inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand		
	with compass		00
6689.	Celestial Globe, six inches in diameter, on semi-stand	5	00
6690.	Celestial Globe, six inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand	10	00
6691.	Celestial Globe, ten inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand	18	00
	Celestial Globe, ten inches in diameter, on bronzed stand		00
	Celestial Globe, twelve inches in diameter, on full mahogany stand		00
	Celestial Globe, twelve inches in diameter, on bronzed pedestal stand.		50
	Celestial Globe, sixteen inches in diameter, on brouzed pedestal stand		50



6697

0007,	
6697. Solar Telluric Globe. Six inches in diameter, with descriptive manual of thirty pages. The arrangement of this instrument shows the cause of the seasons, of the different lengths of the day in different latitudes, etc., etc.	15 00
SECTION IIGLOBES WITH SEAS REPRESENTED BLUE AND WITH O CURRENTS.	CEANIC
6700. Terrestrial Globe. Six inches in diameter, on plain bronzed stand, with inclined axis	4 00
6701. Terrestrial Globe. Six inches in diameter, on plain bronzed stand, with full meridian and inclined axis	5 00
6702. Terrestrial Globe. Nine inches in diameter, on plain iron stand, with inclined axis.	9 00
6703. Terrestrial Globe. Nine inches in diameter, on bronzed stand, with full meridian and inclined axis	12 00
6704. Terrestrial Globe. Nine inches in diameter, on low bronzed frame, with horizon, meridian and hour circle	16 00
6705. Terrestrial Globe. Twelve inches in diameter, on plain iron stand, with inclined axis	15 00
6706. Terrestrial Globe. Twelve inches in diameter, on bronzed stand, with full meridian and inclined axis	18 00
The state of the s	

136	JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., NEW YORK AND PHILADELPHIA.	
	Terrestrial Globe. Twelve inches in diameter, on low bronzed frame,	PRICE
6708.	with horizon, meridian, hour circle and quadrant Terrestrial Globe. Twenty inches in diameter, on bronzed pedestal	\$25 00 50 00
6709.	frame, with full meridian and inclined axis	
	frame, similar to No. 6708, but more finely finished	60 00
	frame, forty-two inches high, with horizon, meridian, hour circle and quadrant	65 00
6711.	Terrestrial Globe. Twenty inches in diameter, on bronzed pedestal frame similar to No. 6710, but more finely finished	75 00
	SECTION III.—TELLURIANS AND PLANETARIUMS.	
		9.
	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	
,	6725.	
6725.	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany base and arm	15 00
6725.	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany	15 00
6725.	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany	15 00
6725.	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany base and arm.	15 00
	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany base and arm. 6726. Planetarium with Brass Gearing. Mounted on a neatly finished brass stand. The motion of the various planets around the sun is produced by a crank working upon cog-wheels connected with the bear-	
6726.	Tellurian. Showing the rotation of the earth about the sun, and of the moon about the earth, the cause of eclipses, etc. Mahogany base and arm. 6726. Planetarium with Brass Gearing. Mounted on a neatly finished brass stand. The motion of the various planets around the sun is pro-	20 00



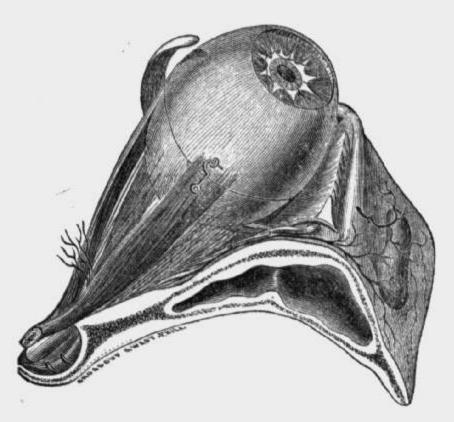
6730-31.

amaa a 11 m 11 h m1	PRICE
6730. Stellar Tellurian. The most complete of the median devised for the exact illustration of astronomical far as is practicable, every movement represented Thus the earth revolves upon its axis 365 times durand the sun, the moon performs its 13 + sie synodic revolutions, etc., etc. Base eighteen inches	henomena. So is as in nature. ing a revolution ereal and 12 + in diameter \$75 00
Boxing	2 00
6731. Stellar Tellurian. Same as No. 6730, but base th	ty six-inches in
diameter	115 00
Boxing	3 00
A full description of these instruments, showing mode of working, etc., sent on application.	he construction,
6732. Whitall's Planisphere. Showing the stars and constell any hour in the evening, for every night in the simple and satisfactory map of the heavens for the and others extant. On strong card-board. 15 inc.	ear. The most use of students
Plain	3 00
6733. Same as 6732. Colored	
6734. Whitall's Planisphere. On glass for projection in lant	

CHAPTER X.

ANATOMICAL MODELS.

SECTION I.—Auzoux's Models of the Animal Kingdom.



6761.

	PRICE
6750. Complete Model of Man. Six feet high. Showing the muscles, blood-vessels, nerves, and the viscera; so arranged that they can be separately detached and examined. Two thousand distinct objects are shown in their proper position in the human frame. Sufficient to illustrate the most complete treatise on descriptive anatomy	1500 00
6751. Complete Model of Man. Similar in all its details to No. 6750, but	
smaller, being only four feet high	560 00
6752. Incomplete Model of Man. Six feet high. Representing on one side the muscles, etc., of the superficial coats; on the other side the muscles, blood-vessels, and nerves of the deeper tissues; in other	F00.00
respects similar to the complete models, Nos. 6750 and 6751	500 00
6753. Incomplete Model of Man. Similar to No. 6752, but only four feet high	250 00
6754. Model of Woman, in the attitude and of the size of the Venus de Medici. Showing the muscles and tissues of the superficial coatings, and, on removing the front walls of the trunk, disclosing the various organs which fill the thoracic and abdominal cavities, their nerves, blood-vessels, and all the viscera. Each of these can be removed from its place and examined separately, as in an ordinary	
dissection	500 00
6755. Ovology. Development of the germ in the mammifers. Collection of more than twenty pieces, reproduced with great enlargement; showing the formation of the ovule in the ovary, its passage into the womb and its fecundation; permitting the changes to be followed at almost daily intervals from the first to the thirtieth day, that is, from the appearance of the ovule in the ovary until	
the formation of the embryo	100 00

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6756.	Egg of the Epiornis. Natural size. Four sections permit the study of the various changes from the fresh egg to the complete development of the germ		ICE OO
6757.	Cerebrum, Cerebellum, Annular Protuberance and Spinal Bulb, showing the details of the nervous system of man and the other	\$ 50	
6758.	vertebrata		00
6759.	Dura Mater. With a portion of the base of the skull, once and a half natural size, showing the whole extent, folds, sinuses, and		
6760.	Adult Heart. Divided into two halves, showing the disposition of the cavities, the muscular fibres, the arteries, nerves, the valves and		00
6761.	the openings of the blood-vessels. Complete Eye. Four inches in diameter, showing the muscles, blood-vessels, nerves, membranes, vitreous and crystalline humors, each part detachable at pleasure. Showing also the results of the most modern microscopic research upon the retina, the choroid coat	25	00
	and the iris	40	00
6762.	Complete Eye. Cut vertically, with a portion of the orbit, showing the muscles, blood-vessels, nerves, membranes, humors, disposition of the anterior and posterior chambers, the conjunctiva, the struc- ture of the eyelids, of the Meibomian glands, the tear glands and		
	conduits, etc., as well as the microscopic results on the retina, etc.	40	00
	Ear. Sixteen inches across, showing the whole intricate detail of both the external and internal ear. Each piece detachable	50	00
6764.	Ear of a bird. Greatly enlarged	25	00
6765.	Ear of a fish. Greatly enlarged	25	00
6766.	Half Head. Of large size, showing in all their delicate details the parts at the base of the brain, the divisions and ramifications of the fifth and seventh pair of nerves, the nervous ganglia, the eye, the ear, the nasal cavities, the mouth, the tongue, the pharynx and the larynx, with their muscles and blood-vessels	125	00
6767.	Larynx. Once and a half natural size, showing the cartilages, muscles, blood-vessels and nerves	7	50
6768.	Larynx. Same as preceding, but showing in addition, the tracheal artery and the division of the bronchiæ, to their last ramifications		•
6769.	Human Hand. Once and a half natural size, with the muscles, tendons, blood-vessels, nerves, the corpuscles of Pacini, and a portion of	15	00
	the skin, with its different layers	75	00
6770.	Gorilla Troglodytes. Five feet in height, showing the whole details separable, of its complete anatomy; viz., the bones, muscles, bloodvessels, nerves and viscera. Arranged just as in the complete model of man, No. 6750.	1500	00
6771.	Complete Horse. Arab type. About four feet high. Complete anatomy, showing more than 3,000 details, in 97 separate pieces. Showing on one side, the muscles, nerves, and blood-vessels, of the superficial coats, which are not movable; on the other, the muscles, nerves, and blood-vessels, removable as in dissection, from the skin to the skeleton. In the cavity of the body are all the organs and viscera with which it is filled. These are removable at will	2000	00
6772.	Incomplete Horse. Showing on one side the muscles, nerves, and blood-vessels of the outer coatings; on the other, the muscles, nerves, and blood-vessels of the deep coatings only. The organs, etc., of the cavity, complete and removable, as in No. 6771	1000	00
6773.	Jaws of the Horse. Showing the age, at the different epochs of life. Collection of 30 different types	100	

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2. CIRCULATION.

		2. CIRCULATION.		
	6798.	Heart and Blood-vessels of Human Fœtus	\$25	OO
	6799.	Heart and blood-vessels of Crocodile		00
	6800.	Heart and blood-vessels of Serpent.		00
	6801.	Heart and blood-vessels of Tortoise		00
	6802.	Heart and blood-vessels of Dugong		00
	6803.	Heart and Gills of the Carp		00
	6804.	Heart and Blood-vessels of the Oyster		00
	6805.	Heart and blood-vessels of the Gasteropods		50
		Heart and blood-vessels of the Cuttle-fish		50
		Heart and blood-vessels of the Muscle		00
		Heart and Trachea of Insect		00
			~ ~	
	eonn	3. Nerves.	-	00
	6010	Brain and Spinal Cord of Man		00
		Brain of the Cat		00
		Brain of the Rat		00
		Brain of the Goose		00
		Brain of the Viper		00
		Brain of the Tortoise		00
		Brain of the Carp		00
		Brain of the Ray		00
		Nerve System of the mollusca		50
		Nerve system of the radiata		50
		Nerve system of the arachnida		50
		Nerve system of the crab	2	50
	6821.	Nerve system of the articulata, in the state of larva, of chrysalis and	77	50
		perfect insect	•	50
	USBS (8 ±27)	4. Respiration.	0.212	12.2
		Of Birds. Showing larynx, tracheal artery and lungs, with the air sacs.		00
		Of Reptiles, lungs of the frog		00
	6824.	Of Insects, trachea and heart	20	00
		5. CRANIOLOGY.		
			-	00
	6825.	Human Head of an Idiot $\begin{cases} Skull\$15 & 00 \\ Brain & 15 & 00 \end{cases}$	30	00
	0000	Human Head, excessively large. $\left\{\begin{array}{ll} Skull\$30 & 00 \\ Brain & 30 & 00 \end{array}\right\}$	RO.	00
			00	00
	6827.	Head of Young Gorilla. $\left\{\begin{array}{ll} \text{Skull as yet without bony ridges. $25 00} \\ Brain$	40	00
	6828	Head of Adult Gorilla ridges\$25 00	40	00
	00.00	$ \text{Head of Adult Gorilla} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Skull with commencement of bony} \\ \text{ridges} \dots & \$25 & 00 \\ \text{Brain} \dots & 15 & 00 \end{array} \right\} $		
		(Skull with bony ridges, very strongly)		
	6829.	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	40	00
		(Brain		
14	6830.	Head of Female Gorilla, Young $\left\{\begin{array}{lll} \text{Skull without ridges} \$25 & 00 \\ Brain$	40	00
	6831.	Head of Female Gorilla, Old $\begin{cases} Skull \text{ without ridges. } \$25 & 00 \end{cases} \cdots $	40	00
		Head of Chimpanzee { Skull \$25 00 }	40	00
		(Skull \$25.00)	40	00
	6833.	Head of the Orang-Outang $\begin{cases} Skull\$25 & 00 \end{cases}$	40	00

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	PRICE
6834. Head of the Gibbon. { Skull \$15 00 }	\$ 30 0 0
6835. Head of the Seal. Skull. \$15 00 \ \ \text{Brain} \tag{15 00} \ \ \text{Constant Skull.}	30 00
6836. Head of the Lion. $\begin{cases} Skull $25 00 \\ Brain 15 00 \end{cases}$	40 00
6837. Head of the Panther	15 00
6838. Head of the Eear	15 00
6839. Head of the Wolf	15 00
6840. Head of the Horse	30 00
6841. Skull of the Elephant. Dividing into two parts, with jaws and tusks, and showing the numerous cellules which limit the cerebral cavity.	150 00
6842. Brain of the Elephant. Parts so made as to show the internal structure, and to be placed in their proper cavities in the skull, No. 6841.	50 0 0
6843. Head of the Kangaroo. $\{\begin{array}{ll} Skull. & \$10 & 00 \\ Brain. & 10 & 00 \\ \end{array}\}$	20 00
6844. Head of the Sea-Hog. $\{\begin{array}{l} Skull \$25 & 00 \\ Brain & 15 & 00 \\ \end{array}\} \cdots \cdots$	40 00
6845. Head of the Crocodile. $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text{Head} \$17 50 \\ \text{Brain} 7 50 \end{array}\right\} \dots$	25 00

SECTION II.-ANATOMY OF THE VEGETABLE KINGDOM.

These models are all made ten times the natural size of the object they represent. Each part can be taken off separately, and thus allows a careful and detailed examination of the sepal, the petal, the stamen, the anther, the carpel, the ovule, etc., in the different phases of flowering, growth, and germination.

6850. Wall Flower (Cheiranthus cheiri). Stem, leaves, and flowers different degrees of development, complete flower and fruit in state of maturity, showing the two carpels	ite	00
6851. Flower alone	25 0	00
6852. Silique	15 0	00
6853. Pink (Dianthus caryophyllus). Stem, leaves, stipule, bracts, with p fect flower and mature fruit		00
6854. Flower alone	25 0	00
6855. Fruit	15 0	0
and after flowering.	50 0	00
6857. Flower alone		00
6858. Pod greatly enlarged. Showing the structure of the carpellary leav with a series of ovules, in different stages of growth	es, 15 0	00
6859. Pod Approaching Maturity. Showing the pea, the envelopes, the die tyledonous mass, and the embryo	co- 15 0	00
6860. Hare-Bell (Campanula ranunculus). Complete flower		00
6861. Snap-Dragon (Antirrhinum majus). Stem, stipules, flowers, before and during flowering, ovary in mature state, dehiscent	ore 50 0	00
6862. Flower alone		00
6863. Fruit		0
6864. Chrysanthemum (Chrysanthemum coronarium). Stem, leaves, flo ers, before and during flowering, capable of division into two ma	w- ss-	
es, and receptacle with seeds	50 0	0

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SECTION III.—BOCK-STEGER'S ANATOMICAL MODELS.

These models are of very moderate price, and great excellence of works	anship
and design.	PRICE
6900. Human Heart. Enlarged size; the anterior wall is removable, thus disclosing the cavities and valves	\$8 00
6901. Human Eyeball, Enlarged Size. Can be taken to pieces, and then shows the cornea, iris, crystalline lens, vitreous humor, and the coatings, including the results of microscopic examination upon the retina	6 50
6902. Human Ear. Enlarged size, containing in separate parts the membrana tympani, the bones of the inner ear, the labyrinth, etc., etc	8 00
6903. Human Skin. Enlarged, transverse section, showing the perspiratory ducts, the hair and its follicles, sebaceous glands, etc., etc	4 00
6904. Human Teeth. Enlarged size, the anterior portion of the left maxillary bone is removed to show their development and structure	4 00
The following are all of natural size:	
6910. Human Brain. Upper portion	3 50
6911. Human Brain. Lower portion	3 50
6912. Human Brain. Perpendicular section along the median line	3 50
6913. Human Brain. Transverse section, showing the cavities	3 50
6914. Human Head, with muscles, nerves and blood-vessels of one side	6 00
	0 00
6915. Human Head, with the cavities of the skull and eye, upper and lower jaw	6 00
6916. Human Head, Perpendicular section along the median line, showing	(A. 17.5)
the brain, the cavities of the nose and mouth, larynx and pharynx.	6 00
6917. Human Lungs and Heart. Anterior view, showing the pericardium opened, the anterior portion of the left lung removed, and the rami-	4 00
fications of the bronchiæ	4 00
6918. Human Lungs and Heart. Posterior view	12 00
the heart	2 50
6920. The Larynx. Anterior view	2 50
6921. The Larynx. Posterior view	3 50
6922. Larynx, Tongue and Pharynx, the latter opened from behind	2 50
6923. Shoulder.joint, opened, with bones and ligaments	2 00
6924. Elbow-joint. Anterior view	2 00
6925. Elbow-joint. Lateral view	3 00
6926. Wrist-joint and Hand	
6927. Hip-joint	2 50
6928. Knee-joint	2 50
6929. Ankle-joint and Foot	4 00
6930. Complete set of the foregoing 25 models, securely packed, ready for	110 00
shipment	30 00
6931. The Trunk. With the viscera of the chest and abdomen	12 00
6932. Skull and Brains. Completely separable	12 00
scopy	10 00
6934. Perrin's Ophthalmoscopic Eye	27 50

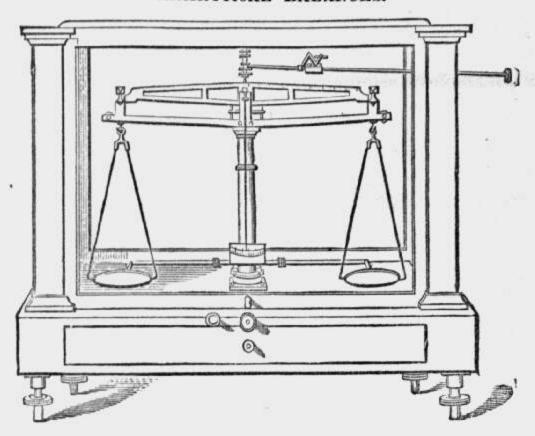
CHAPTER XI.

CHEMICAL APPARATUS.

1. TROEMNER'S BALANCES AND SCALES.

In use at all the United States Mints, at the United States Treasury, and the Naval and Hospital Departments.

ANALYTICAL BALANCES.

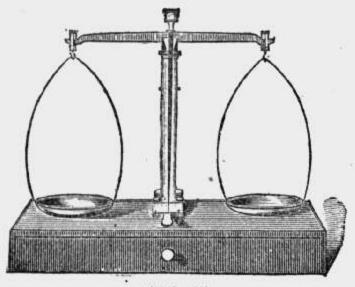


6975.

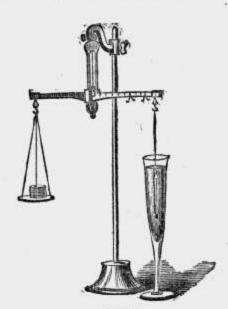
PRICE 6975. Analytical Balance, capacity 200 grammes in each pan, in fine polished glass case; beam divided in 1-10 milligrammes; sensible to 1-20 milligrammes; all agate bearings, with improved arrest for pans, and apparatus for specific gravity, &c., &c. Three inch pans. Beam 14 inches..... \$105 00 6976. Analytical Balance, in fine polished glass case, capacity 100 grammes in each pan; beam divided in half parts of milligrammes; sensible to 1-10 milligrammes; with apparatus for specific gravity, all bearings agate. 23 inch pans. 12 inch beam 86 00 6977. Analytical Balance, in fine polished glass case, capacity 2000 grains; sensible to 1-20 grain; fine steel bearings; movable 31 inch pans; 10 inch beam..... 40 00

ANALYTICAL SCALES.

For weighing Ores, Minerals, Gold and Silver Coin. Jewelry, Chemicals, &c., &c.



6978-80.



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No.	Length of Beam.	Diameter of Pan.	Capacity.	PR			
6978.	14 in.	$5\frac{1}{2}$ in.	25 oz	\$26			
6979.	10 ''	5 " 9 "	8 "	18 15			
6980.	81 "	3 "	0	10	VV		
Pans can be suspended by chains if desired.							
6981.	Specific Gravity Scale. Price, complete	Constructed after th	e plan of Dr. Mohr.	20	00		
	2. Apparatus for	THE MANUFACTURE	of gases, &c.				
7000.	Apparatus for the manufactural ash and binoxide of manufacture a quart capacity, we a ground joint (thus of screw arrangement); and ling to a strong wash bot with connector, lead the	nganese. Consisting ith lead pipe of large lispensing with the l passing at the other tle, for washing. Six	of a copper bottle of calibre, fitted to it by objectionable gallows end by a screw coup- feet of rubber tubing,	12			
7001.	Copper Retort of No. 7000)		4	50		
7002.	Copper Retort and Lead Pi	ipe of No. 7000		6	00		
7003.	Wash Bottle of No. 7000			4	00		
7004.	Apparatus for the manufacture ash. Consisting of a significant gallon or more, with finding pipe 1½ inch in diameter of gas	trong iron basin-sha eeding arrangement . For the manufact	ped vessel, holding a cover, and iron exit ure of large quantities	25	00		
7 006.	Apparatus for the manufac	ture of Hydrogen.	Glass jar, holding one	7	00		
7007.	Dobereiner's Lamp. Same and holder for platinum			9	00		
7008.	Dobereiner's Lamp. Small			5	00		
7 009.	Attachment to No. 7006, f sisting of a brass jet 11			_			
	length			2	50		
7010.	Apparatus for the manufa- tank with floating cisted inches deep, with false leading to a strong wash	ern seven inches in cottom to hold the z	diameter and thirteen inc. Copper exit pipe	20	00		
7011.	With wash-bottle			24	00		
	Automatic Apparatus for tities. Consisting of a lacistern of copper eleven deep, with false bottom per exit pipe leading to	the manufacture o H leavy copper tank with inches in diameter a to hold the zinc. Spo	ydrogen in large quan- th handles, a floating and twenty-six inches nge-absorber, and cop-	40	90		
7013.	No. 7012, with wash-bottle				00		
	India-Rubber Bag, oval, k gen, with stop-cock, 1 g	est quality, for stori	ing oxygen or hydro-		50		
7019.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, b with stop-cock, 2 gallon	est quality, for storing	g oxygen or hydrogen,		50		
7020.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, be with stop-cock, 3 gallon	est quality, for storing	g oxygen or hydrogen,	5	50		
	8						

	CHEMICAL APPARATUS.	147
7021.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, best quality, for storing oxygen or hydrogen,	PRICE
	with stop-cock, 5 gallons	\$ 6 50
1022.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, best quality, for storing oxygen or hydrogen, with stop-cock, 6 gallons	7 50
7023.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, best quality, for storing oxygen or hydrogen.	1 00
7004	with stop-cock, 8 gallons.	9 50
7024.	India-Rubber Bag, oval, best quality, for storing oxygen or hydrogen, with stop-cock, 10 gallons	11 50
7025.	Mouth-piece attachment	75
7026.	Bubble-tube attachment	1 00
7028.	India-Rubber Bag, 24 inches by 30, with stop-cock	13 00
	India-Rubber Bag, 30 inches by 40, with stop-cock	16 00
	India-Rubber Bag, 30 inches by 40, very superior, with stop-cock	25 00
7031.	Hydrogen Balloons of French rubber. Each	50
	Hydrogen Balloons of French rubber, large size. Each	1 50
7 033.	Hydrogen Balloons of Gold-beaters' skin. Each	2 50
7034.	Hydrogen Balloons of Collodion. Each	1 00
7 040.	Gasometers. Pair of copper, neatly japanned, with floating bells 10 inches by 30. Mounted on base with castors, with the balance-	
7232 73	weights enclosed in tubes at each side	115 00
7041.	Gasometers. Pair of galvanized iron, on strong oak frame, with guides, balance-weights, and outlet stop;cock. The floating bells are 30 inches in diameter by 40 inches high, and the top is strengthened by a wooden cover to allow of adding weights if desired, and is also surmounted by a cylindrical extension to contain sand in the ab-	
7042	sence of weights. Per pair	125 00
	by 72 inches high, for storing large quantities of gas. Each	100 00
7045.	Hydro-oxygen Blow-Pipe. For deflagrating metals. Very strongly made, and substantially mounted	20 00
****	3. MISCELLANEOUS CHEMICAL APPARATUS.	
7044.	Phosphorus Cup. On stand to place under receiver in obtaining	2 00
7045	nitrogen	3 50
		2 00
	Eudiometer. Ure's, straight	3 50
	Eudiometer. Hoffmann's, V form on stand	7 00
	Eudiometer. Hoffmann's, V form on stand, large model	15 00
	Atomizing Tubes. Each	25
	Arsenical Test Apparatus. Marsh's. Complete and mounted	4 25
	Arsenical Test Apparatus. Fresenius'	5 00
	Arsenical Test Apparatus. Mitscherlich's	3 00
	Apparatus for the Manufacture of Carbonic Acid. Consisting of a gallon receiver with closed top, containing an inverted bell-glass,	
	and lead dish, and furnished with stop-cock	7 00
7055.	Morton's Apparatus for Monochromatic Light. Complete	12 00
	Glass Beakers, common form, in nests of 4; up to 4 oz	35
	Glass Beakers, common form, in nests of 6; up to 16 oz	80
	Glass Beakers, common form, in nests of 9; up to 48 oz	2 00
	Glass Beakers, common form, in nests of 12; up to 140 oz	4 00
7079.	Glass Beakers, tall form, set of 8	3 50

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		PRICE \$0.25
7080.	Blow-Pipe, jewelers' form	75
7081.	Blow-Pipe, with bulb	2 00
7082.	Blow-Pipe, Berzelius'	3 00
7083.	Blow-Pipe, Plattner's, most perfect form	3 00
7084.	Blow-Pipe, Berzelius', nickel-plated	4 00
7085.	Blow-Pipe, Plattner's, nickel-plated	75
7086,	Bolt Heads, pint size	1 25
7087.	Bolt Heads, quart size	2 00
	Liebig's Condenser, of glass, mounted	4 50
	Liebig's Condenser, of japanned tin	6 00
	Liebig's Condenser, of brass	2 00
	Cork-Borers, set of 3 of brass	
7101.	Cork-Borers, set of 6 of brass	3 50 c 50
7102.	Cork-Borers, set of 12 of brass,	6 50
	Crucibles, Hessian, per nest of 5, from \(\frac{1}{8}\) oz. to 8 oz. \(\cdots\)	25
	Crucibles, Hessian, per nest of 5, from 2 oz. to 1 qt	75
	Crucibles, Plumbago, 4 oz	25
	Crucibles, Plumbago, 6 oz	30
	Crucibles, Plumbago, 8 oz	35
	Crucibles, Plumbago, 12 oz	40
	Crucibles, Berlin porcelain with cover, ‡ oz	25
	Crucibles, Berlin porcelain with cover, 11 oz	40
	Crucibles, Berlin porcelain with cover, 2 oz	50
	Crucibles, Berlin porcelain with cover, 4 oz	60
	Crucibles (Beaufay's), clay free from iron, 2 oz	10
	Crucibles (Beaufay's), clay free from iron, 4 oz	15
	Crucibles (Beaufay's), clay free from iron, 6 oz	20
7116.	Crucibles (Beaufay's), clay free from iron, 12 oz	25
7117.	Crucible Tongs, large	1 75
7118.	Crucible Tongs, small, steel	1 25
	Deflagrating Spoons, 14 inches long	25
7131.	Deflagrating Spoons, 20 inches long	40
	Drying Oven, with Kemp's regulator	11 00
7133.	Dropping Tubes, each	25
	Eolipile of Glass, for ether	25
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